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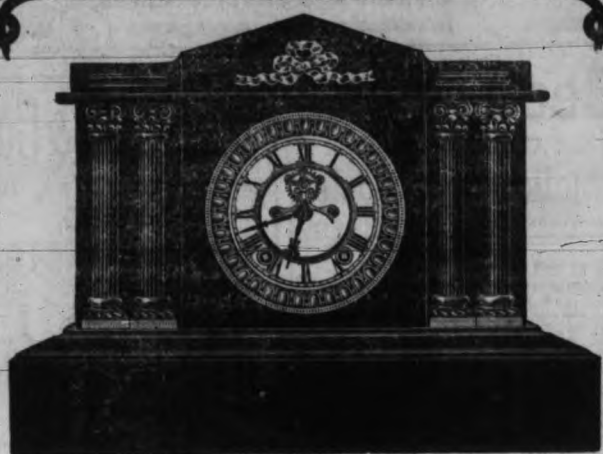
Victoria Daily Times.

W. H. JONES
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COAL AND WOOD
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VOL. 38.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1904.

NO. 137.



THIS HANDSOME CLOCK \$15.00

In black enameled iron with gold trimmings, making it a pretty ornament for any room. It has an eight-day movement, striking the hours and half hours on a rich deep toned gong. We guarantee it a very accurate timekeeper, a clock which will prove serviceable for a lifetime. This is only one of the many lines of high-grade clocks we carry for your selection.

Challoner & Mitchell,
OPTICIANS AND JEWELERS. 47-49 GOVERNMENT ST.

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**CANADA
CREAM CHEESE**
Rich Delicious
**HUDSON'S BAY
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SATURDAY'S BARGAIN Pure Canadian LARD 30c. 3 LB. TINS

Dixie H. Ross & Co.,
The Independent Cash Grocers.

'Melrose' Varnish Stains

Five sizes from 15c to \$1.10 per tin. Stains and varnishes at one operation; for furniture and woodwork.

J. W. Mellor & Co., Ltd., 78 Fort Street.

SEED POTATOES

Early Rose, Burbank Seedlings
Beauty of Hebron, Flower Balls,
FROM SELECTED HAND PICKED STOCK.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St. Tel. 413.

MACHINIST ARRESTED.

Charged With Making Threats Against
Life of President of Copper
Company.

(Associated Press.)

New York, April 9.—James W. Goodman, a machinist, was arrested here today charged with making threats against the life of Wm. C. Greene, president of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company. When Goodman was arraigned in the police court, Mr. Greene testified that Goodman laid in wait outside his (Greene's) house today, and that

Goodman rubbed against him and he felt a revolver in the man's pocket. Mr. Greene said Goodman followed him to his office, and was there arrested. According to the police, the revolver was found in Goodman's pockets.

BANKER DEAD.

(Associated Press.)

Philadelphia, Pa., April 9.—E. W. Clark, head of the banking house of E. W. Clark & Co., one of the oldest financiers of this city, died today, aged 77 years. Mr. Clark was identified with a Rochester traction enterprise.

OFFICIAL RETURNS OF JAP CASUALTIES

LOSSES SUSTAINED IN PORT ARTHUR FIGHTS

Fourteen Killed and Nine Died of Wounds
—Of Ninety-One Wounded Forty
Have Recovered.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, April 9.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg says some of the enemy's ships appeared before Port Arthur last night, but retired when discovered by the electric searchlights.

JAPANESE LOSSES.

Return of Casualties in Attacks on Port Arthur.

New York, April 9.—A London dis-

patch from the Yalu river, but the authorities make no display of nervousness, manifesting the utmost confidence in the plan of campaign marked out by General Kouropatkin.

NEW CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Additional Mounted Men Called Out For Active Service.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The war office has ordered the formation of a Caucasian cavalry brigade for active service. It will be formed of volunteers from the Caucasian highlanders who are exempt from military service. Viceroy Alexieff has prohibited, under pain of severe punishment, the sale of spirits to soldiers operating in his vicin-

OCCUPATION OF FRONTIER.

Japs Now in Possession, the Russians Having Retired Across the Yalu River.

Seoul, April 9.—Noon.—The Japanese minister, M. Hayashi, today officially communicated to the Korean foreign office the fact of the retirement of the Russian troops across the Yalu river and the Japanese occupation of the frontier, which resulted in an exchange of mutual congratulations. M. Hayashi also requested the Korean

TWO MEN KILLED IN RAILWAY WRECK

FREIGHT TRAINS IN COLLISION NEAR GUELPH

Nearly Four Thousand Settlers Are Due
Next Month—Arrest of Cal-
gary Lawyer.

(Associated Press.)

Montreal, April 9.—Grand Trunk railway officials, in a statement issued today, says that two freight trains collided about two and half miles east of Guelph, Ont., on a curve and in a cut during very foggy weather at an early hour this morning. Fireman Thomas Snowdon, Stratford, and brakeman Harvey Hall, Toronto, were killed, while Engineer Paton and Fireman Pysson, of Sarnia,

tions wired by Inspector Chamberlain from Guelph.

Building permits issued this year aggregate over \$1,000,000, double those of a year ago at this time.

Election Delayed.

The house of bishops of Rupert's Land met yesterday and decided to adjourn until October 6th for the election of a successor of the late Bishop Machray. The synod meets on April 20th to select two names for the upper house.

THE BRITANNIA MINE.

Development on Extensive Scale Will Be Carried Out—Contract For Concentrating Plant.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, April 9.—Development on a large scale is to be proceeded with at once on the Britannia mine, Howe Sound, in which many Victoria people are interested. An extraordinary general meeting of the company was held here today, at which Geo. H. Robinson, formerly A. Heine's chief engineer, and Henry W. Stern, capitalist, of New York, were present.

A contract will be awarded for the building of a mine tramway, three and a half miles, the longest in the world, also for a 300-ton per day concentrating plant, besides large wharves and ore bunkers. Shipments will at first be made to Crofton smelter while the company erects its own smelters at Britannia beach. It is the intention to so develop that within six months from date 1,000 tons a day will be taken out. About \$2,000,000 will be spent this year.

The company is to be reincorporated under the laws of the State of Maine, so that it may be dealt with in the New York exchange.

DEATH OF EX-QUEEN ISABELLA OF SPAIN

Grandmother of King Alfonso Passed
Away at Paris—Abdicated the
Throne in 1870.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, April 9.—Ex-Queen Isabella, of Spain, grandmother of King Alfonso, died here at 9.45 o'clock this morning of influenza with complications.

The Infantas Isabella, Eulalie and Marie, daughters of the late Queen, were at the bedside when she died.

Former Queen Isabella of Spain, it was reported from Paris on April 6th, was suffering from a severe attack of influenza, which caused great anxiety on account of her advanced age. The Princess Isabella, her daughter, started from Madrid the same day for Paris on account of the condition of her mother, and it was announced that in case the former Queen grew worse, King Alfonso would abandon his visit to Catalonia and start immediately for Paris.

King Alfonso left Barcelona yesterday for Genoa intending to return to Barcelona Saturday. The three daughters of the former Queen, the Infantas Isabella, Eulalie and Marie, were at the bedside yesterday.

Queen Isabella was the eldest daughter of Ferdinand VII. of Spain, and was born in Madrid October 10th, 1830. In 1846 she was married to Don Francis D'Assi, who died at Epinay, France, on April 17th, 1902. Queen Isabella and her husband were expelled from Spain as a result of the revolution of 1868. She formally abdicated the throne in Paris on June 25th, 1870, in favor of her son, the late King Alfonso XII., father of the present King.

A year ago last February Isabella expressed a wish to visit her grandson, King Alfonso, but the Queen mother, it was reported, informed her that Isabella was to Madrid she would not be received at court nor be allowed to live at the palace, stating her reason that she wished to keep Alfonso as far as possible in ignorance of his grandmother's past life.

BOUNDARY OUTPUT.

Shipments From Mines For Week
Amounted to Over Fifteen Thou-
sand Tons.

(Special to the Times.)

Phoenix, April 9.—Ore shipments from the mines of the Boundary district for the past week ran over 15,480 tons. The following mines contributed the total: Granby mines, 11,274 tons; Mother Lode, 3,552; Emma mine, 495; Oro Donoro, 60 tons. Total for the week, 15,480 tons. Total for the year to date, 232,634 tons. This week the Granby smelter treated 10,460 tons of ore, making a total of 176,880 tons for 1904.

THIBET EXPEDITION.

Denial of Report That Britain and Russia Have Reached an Agreement.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The foreign office here denies the report circulated by the St. James's Gazette, of London, that Great Britain and Russia had reached an agreement severing the Tibetan expedition. The exchanges of communications concerning Tibet, which took place in London last fall, was without definite result.

LEVEE BREAKS.

Part of Town of Luxora, Ark., Is Being Flooded.

Memphis, Tenn., April 9.—Engineers in Memphis received a report today that the protection levee in front of Luxora, Arkansas, has given way, and the business part of the town is being flooded.

TRAPS ARE TO BE BUILT AT ONCE

CONSTRUCTION WORK BEGINS NEXT MONTH

Spring Salmon Caught Will Be Placed
In Cold Storage in This
City.

"We will have traps and we will operate them in the straits this year," said C. F. Todd, of the firm of J. H. Todd & Sons, to a Times reporter yesterday afternoon.

Arrangements are not yet entirely completed, but construction work will actively commence next month.

"We have been applying to Ottawa for the last seven or eight years for the privilege of putting in traps in the straits, and now that the Dominion government has decided to legalize this method of fishing, we are of course going ahead this year. Traps are very expensive, and it would be unwise to go to the enormous outlay in connection with installing canneries here until it is found whether they will be successful or not. We expect the catch of spring salmon will be treated in the cold storage plants in Victoria. A business will thus be created that you can readily see will be immensely profitable to the city. The sockeye fish will at present, of course, have to be shipped to the Fraser river canneries."

Mr. Todd does not look forward to a large catch of salmon this year. Indeed, on the Fraser, preparations are for only a third pack. This is one reason why canners have to exercise economy in making arrangements for the coming season. Another year, however, better results will, it is hoped, accrue, and canneries will then be operated at and near Victoria.

The supplying of fresh spring-salmon for the local market in quantity that will insure to Victorians a plentifulness of this kind of diet the whole year around will be of great value. The spring salmon is the best fish caught, and there is invariably a scarcity of it in this city, except during the season a few weeks hence. This unfortunate state of affairs has long been deplored, but until now there seemed no way of remedying the trouble. And not only will the local market be benefited by this connection, but the fresh fish business will be developed, and the whole coast, wherever there is a demand, will be supplied.

One of the difficulties in shipping fish in the past from Victoria has been that there has never been enough of it to forward anywhere in carload lots. Instances of small steamers or sailing vessels bringing to Victoria shipments of half-ton and other fish are frequent, and it is hoped from now on a ready market will be available.

Thanks of the city and district, said Mr. Todd, are due to Senator Templeman, Geo. Riley, M. P., and Ralph Smith, M. P., for their earnest efforts in bringing this matter before the Dominion government and in securing the necessary permission for the use of traps in these waters.

TURKEY AND BULGARIA.

Terms of Convention Which Has Been Signed at Constantinople.

(Associated Press.)

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 9.—The Turkish-Bulgarian convention, signed at Constantinople yesterday, provides for amnesty to all Bulgarians compromised in the Macedonian rising of 1903, excepting persons guilty of using dynamite, the repatriation of refugees, the removal of frontier restrictions of Bulgarian trade and travel, and the application of the Austro-Bulgarian reform scheme to Macedonia.

Bulgaria undertakes to suppress revolutionary movements in her territory, and to prevent the smuggling of arms and explosives across the frontier.

OTTAWA NOTES.

J. E. Duval Will Investigate Railway Accidents For the Dominion Government.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, April 9.—J. E. Duval, car service agent of the Canada Atlantic railway, has been appointed to investigate railway accidents for the Dominion government. He will be under charge of the railway commission. This is a new position, and it was kept open for some time to get a suitable man. Mr. Duval is well qualified for the position.

New Commissioner.

James Buchanan Kennedy, New Westminster, has been appointed commissioner for New Westminster pilotage district, B. C.

Nursery Stock.

An order-in-council has been passed permitting nursery stock to come into Vancouver from April 15th to May 1st.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

Accused Said to Have Confessed That Shooting Was Accidental.

(Associated Press.)

Randolph, Mass., April 9.—Harris E. Dexter was arrested today on an indictment charging him with killing his younger brother, Parker E. Dexter, Dexter, who is 14 years old, is said to have confessed that he accidentally shot his brother while playing with a revolver.



A JAPANESE WARSHIP'S COMPANY.

patch announces that official returns of the Japanese casualties in the various attacks on Port Arthur show the losses were: Killed, 14, and 9 died of wounds; and 91 wounded, 40 of whom have recovered.

DEFENCE OF NEWCHWANG.

Ten Thousand Reserves Ordered to Reinforce the Position—Russian Force in Manchuria.

Newchwang, April 7, via Chefoo, April 9.—Gen. Kouropatkin's visit to Newchwang has inspired boundless confidence. The commander-in-chief ordered 10,000 reserves to reinforce this position, in view of the expected Japanese attack, while an additional force of 15,000 men is ready to concentrate upon this place at short notice if necessary. It is estimated now that there are 400,000 Russian troops in Manchuria.

Gen. Wogack has taken over the command at Newchwang from Gen. Kondratiev. The preparations for the defence of the town are complete.

JAPS LANDING.

Second Army Is Now Debarking in Korea.

Paris, April 9.—The second army, according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Temps, is now landing in Korea.

Extensive army manoeuvres, the corresponding adds, are being organized for Finland (Russia), where a large force of reserves is cantoned.

MISSED THE OPPORTUNITY.

Russians No Longer Anticipate a Landing on Liao Tung Gulf.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The best informed military circles no longer anticipate a Japanese landing at the head of the Liao Tung gulf. They believe the Japanese have missed their opportunity, the Russians being now too strong. A Russian officer, who accompanied the Japanese armies during the war with China, said: "I witnessed the Japanese landing at Wei-Hai-Wei. It was excellently performed, but there was no army to offer resistance, the Chinese having fled. It required four days to disembark 21,000 men. If the Japanese attempt to land anywhere within striking distance of Newchwang we can easily concentrate a force to oppose them faster than they can disembark."

The opinion now is that the Japanese will try a flanking movement from Teku Sham, west of Antung, at the head of the Gulf of Korea, in connection with

government to instruct its prefects along the railroad line to facilitate the engaging of coolies with the object of expediting the completion of the Seoul-Fusan railroad.

A Korean official telegram received today announced that the prefect of Kyong Syong, in the South Tumen district, who was overawed by the Russians and subsequently arrested by the Japanese on the supposition that he was a spy, has been released owing to the intervention of M. Hayashi, in his behalf, with the Japanese military authorities.

TOGO'S FLEET.

Brother of Commander Takahiro Says Its Efficiency Has Not Been Diminished.

Nagasaki, April 9.—M. Hirose, brother of Commander Takahiro, the naval officer, who heroically lost his life in the engagement of Port Arthur of March 25th, when Vice-Admiral Togo made his second attempt to bottle up the port, held a reception on board the battleship Yamashita at Chemulpo on April 2nd, which was attended by the foreign naval officers then in port. M. Hirose said in a speech that the efficiency of the Japanese fleet had not been diminished as a result of its operations, and that not even a torpedo boat had been lost. In conclusion the speaker referred to the heroic example set by his brother.

MOBILIZING RESERVES.

Sailors in European Russia Have Been Called Out.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The naval mobilization was gazetted this morning. It refers only to officers and men of the reserve in European Russia, and not to ships. The mobilization is due to the necessity for providing full crews for the Black Sea and Baltic fleets, which will go into commission at the opening of navigation. It is an open secret now that several thousands of sailors belonging to these fleets, which had been laid up for the winter, were sent to Vladivostok or Port Arthur to supply places of fine-experienced men as well as the places of those wounded or otherwise incapacitated. The men now called out will also be used to furnish an adequate reserve when the European fleets go into commission.

BRITAIN'S TRADE.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 9.—The board of trade returns for March shows an increase in imports of \$8,579,000, and a decrease in exports of \$1,840,550.

Straw Hat Polish
ALL COLORS, 15 CENTS.
Make your old hat look like a new one for

15 Cents.

Campbell's Prescription Store
Cor. Fort and Douglas Streets.

**WARMLY RECEIVED
IN ALL QUARTERS**

**PRESS COMMENTS OF
ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY**

King Edward Again Hailed as a Successful Diplomat—The Development of Egypt.

London, April 8.—The Anglo-French colonial treaty which was signed in the foreign office in London to-day, comprises three separate instruments. The first deals with Egypt and Morocco, the second with New Guinea, and the third with the New Hebrides and Madagascar.

By the terms of the treaty the present political situation in Morocco and Egypt remains unchanged and a full agreement is reached regarding Egyptian finances. The treaty recognizes the right of France to guard the tranquillity of Morocco, while France will not impede the action of Great Britain in Egypt. Great Britain agrees to the convention of 1888 for the neutrality of the Suez canal. The freedom of trade in Egypt and Morocco is guaranteed for thirty years, and if the convention shall not be denounced before the expiration of that time, it is to remain in force for four years more. In order to assure the freedom of the Straits of Gibraltar, it is agreed that no fortifications shall be erected on the Moroccan coast between Melilla and the mouth of the Sebou river. The two governments promise mutual assistance for the execution of these arrangements.

In Newfoundland, France, foregoes exclusive fishing rights on the French shore, though retaining her right to fish. The bait bill of 1896 is modified so as to give Newfoundlanders the right to sell to the French fishermen. Indemnities will be given the owners and employees of the French establishments on the French shore in exchange for the abandoned fishing rights.

France obtains three concessions regarding territory in West Africa. Under the terms of the first there is to be a territorial redoubtment on the Zambesi, giving France access to the portion of the river navigable to ocean-going ships. Under the second France secures the islands, and under the third there is to be a readjustment of the frontier line between the River Niger and Lake Chad, giving France a route through the fertile country.

In the case of Siam, the two countries confirm the declaration of 1896, determining its precise meaning with regard to pre-existing differences. With regard to the New Hebrides the governments agree to appoint a commission which will decide the land disputes between the inhabitants. Concerning Madagascar, Great Britain withdraws the protests made at various periods against the French economic regime there.

Press Comments.
London, April 9.—The government has long been a stranger to such a chorus of universal approval and congratulations as that exhibited editorially this morning in all the London newspapers because of the happy conclusion of the Anglo-French negotiations for a colonial treaty. This approval is none the less wholehearted because it recognizes that France has obtained substantial concessions while surrendering little of real value. King Edward is again hailed as a successful diplomat, and the greater portion of the thanks is accorded him for having insisted on the rapprochement, and to President Loubet for having received the overtures in a corresponding spirit. Lord Lansdowne and M. Delcasse are equally complimented for their services to the cause of peace between the two countries.

The Daily Telegraph says: "It is most satisfactory to find that a diplomatic incident which will be recalled for centuries, it is no exaggeration to say that every barrier in the way of lasting peace between France and Great Britain has been removed, and if either party had made infinitely greater sacrifices they would have been cheap indeed in view of the incalculable value of the accord obtained."

The foregoing notation represents the general spirit of the editorial comments. An exception, however, is found in the Morning Post, which expresses amazement at the moderation of the British government and deplores the lack of diplomatic skill which Premier Balfour and Lord Lansdowne have displayed, adding: "Never in my recollection has Great Britain given away so much for nothing." The Morning Post thinks much better terms might have been obtained in exchange for what is a virtual recognition of the French rights to a protectorate over Morocco, and claiming that the Newfoundland settlement unduly favors France.

Much satisfaction is expressed over the settlement, which liberates the accumulated funds of nearly six millions in the case of the Egyptian debt, which can now be expended upon railways and other public works needed for the development of Egypt.

The Switzerland state council has unanimously passed a bill making the glorification of anarchists' crimes punishable by imprisonment.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

United States Senator Says Further Legislation is Necessary to Prevent an Invasion.

Washington, April 8.—Mr. Patterson addressed the Senate to-day on the denunciation of the Chinese exclusion treaty of 1894 by the Chinese government, making it of no effect from December 31st next. He announced his conviction that "unless additional legislation is had before Congress adjourns every barrier against Chinese immigration that has been built will be removed on the 31st of December next, and the ports of the country thrown open to the unrestricted coming of the Chinese hordes whose invasion of the United States was arrested twenty-eight years ago." He traced the prospective trouble to the failure of Congress in its vote of 1903 to duplicate the act of 1902, continuing in force for ten years the exclusion act of 1882.

"For the first time in this Chinese legislation," he said, "the validity of the exclusion laws was made to depend upon the terms of treaties with China." He said that the treaty of 1894 was the only treaty that absolutely prohibited the coming of the Chinese to this country. He admitted that the treaty of 1880 provided for Chinese exclusion, but called attention to the fact that under that agreement the United States could only "suspend, regulate and limit" Chinese immigration.

Quoting further from the language of that treaty, he said: "It is by this treaty that all existing legislation must be measured. Whenever its provisions are found to be inconsistent with the treaty provisions, that legislation is a nullity."

In conclusion Mr. Patterson said: "The legislation that must be compared with this treaty of 1880 is the act of 1902. The acts of 1882 and 1892 each suspended immigration for ten years, but the act of 1902 absolutely prohibits it, and is therefore not in conformity with the treaty of 1880, and necessarily falls to the ground."

THE SPRING FEELING.

Weariness, Lassitude and a Desire to Avoid Exertion.

There are few people who have not experienced what is aptly termed the spring feeling. Languor and weariness, loss of appetite, touches of indigestion, pimples and irritation of the skin. They all come with the spring. All these ills are banished by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They enrich the blood, brace up the nerves, and charm away all spring weariness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best tonic medicine in the world. They make new, rich, red blood; strengthen men and women and make the roses of health bloom on pale cheeks. Here is proof: Miss Catherine Johnson, Gardner Mines, N. B., says: "I was very much run down, and so weak that I would frequently have to lie down. My appetite was poor and food distasteful. I often suffered from headaches, and the least exertion left me completely used up. I used a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and since then I have felt like a new person. I do not know of any medicine equal to these pills."

In this climate a tonic is an absolute necessity in spring, and health will be gained and money saved by using only Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Don't take a substitute or something else said to be "just as good." If in doubt send to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50.

A bushel of wheat, by actual count, has been found to contain 860,720 grains.

The Law

Of health has no uniform guardians of its peace. If it had there would be arrests innumerable in every restaurant every day of the year. Both in the quantity and quality of the food they eat and in the manner of its consumption men and women sin each day against the laws of health.

Those who will not heed Nature's warnings cannot escape her punishments, and dyspepsia or stomach "trouble" is the inevitable penalty of careless eating.

There is no other medicine for diseases of the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition which can compare with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures these diseases perfectly and permanently, and enables the building up of the whole body into vigorous health.

I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carney, Esq., of Taylorstown, Louisiana, Co. Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I thought I would try a bottle of it. I am glad I did. I don't know what I would have done had I not known of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

**THE ANNUAL BALL
WAS A GREAT SUCCESS**

Large Number of Dancers Were Present at Enjoyable Assembly of the J. B. A. A.

Assembly hall was crowded with members of the J. B. A. A. and their friends last evening, the occasion being the annual ball of that association. As usual the function was a brilliant success, every detail essential to the enjoyment of those present having been foreseen by the committees in charge of the preparations. Music, floor and decorations were perfect.

The latter, which were put in place by several energetic club members, have already been described in these columns. Blue and white, the colors of the association, were to be seen on every side, but the principal attraction was the handsome four-armed shell suspended from the centre of the ceiling, and half covered with festoons of evergreen and flags. Other features were the blue and white electric flag, which glowed just above the main entrance to the hall, a miscellaneous collection of cups and trophies won by the association since its organization and the words "J. B. A. A. Champions, 1903," in electricity on the supper room wall.

With their usual thoughtfulness the management had placed a refreshment stand convenient for the dancers. This was largely patronized, lemonade, claret cup and other light drinks being much in demand. The cosy corners, of which there were four, were also made use of to a considerable extent, tired dancers finding them most desirable resting places.

About 9.15 o'clock the first dance was started. This was an extra, and was participated in by almost all present. This was followed by a set of lancers, and from this on until nearly midnight dancing was continued without intermission. Almost every selection was enjoyed, which is sufficient proof of the appreciation of the excellent manner in which each number of the choice programme arranged was rendered.

Shortly before 12 o'clock there was a short cessation of dancing and a general adjournment to the supper room. This apartment had been prettily adorned with tastefully arranged hunting, cedar sprigs and flowers, and presented an exceedingly striking appearance. Although there was an exceptionally large attendance, ample accommodation had been provided for all. The supper, which had been modestly supplied by the members and their lady friends, was most creditable. After this dancing was continued until early this morning. The programme was not completed until about 2 o'clock, when the rendering of "God Save the King" gave the signal for a general dispersal. A special car service had been provided for the convenience of those attending.

Great credit is due the following committee, which had charge of the arrangements: Decorations—T. Watson, chairman, with about twenty others. Music—J. H. Lawson, J. C. Bridgman, W. C. Morosby and W. T. Williams. Advertising—J. C. Bridgman, D. Leeming, W. T. Williams and J. A. Lawson.

Printing and Programme—J. H. Lawson, J. C. Bridgman, F. W. Thomas and T. A. Ker. Sale of tickets—J. C. Bridgman, N. Hardie, J. A. Lawson and T. A. Ker. Floor—J. H. Lawson, Thomas Watson, T. A. Ker and Phil. Austen.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.

Musical Victoria's Farewell Tribute to Geo. J. Burnett.

Arrangements are now well in hand for the complimentary farewell concert to be tendered to George J. Burnett, one of Victoria's popular and able musicians. Mr. Burnett's fame is not confined to this and neighboring cities. He is favorably known at the great musical centres in the old country by reason of his success in the line of composition. His removal from Victoria certainly will be a very distinct loss to this city from a musical point of view.

Mr. Burnett has always been ready to help in every good cause, and there is scarcely a church organization in the city which is not indebted to him for assistance rendered in regard to musical work, and it is safe to say that the various bodies and individuals who have thus benefited from Mr. Burnett's assistance will show their appreciation of such in the most practical way possible by attending the farewell concert in Institute hall on Tuesday, the 19th inst. Mrs. Burnett, who has always been willing to help in the musical affairs of the city with her fine soprano voice, thus making Victoria doubly the loser by their removal. Tickets for this concert are in the hands of the principal musicians of the city, some of the stores, members of St. Andrew's church choir, and Ladies' Aid societies, and others, and it is hoped that all who desire to attend the concert will purchase their tickets early to avoid disappointment. Further particulars regarding programme, etc., will be published later. The very best talent the city possesses both amateur and professional, will take part.

CHEERED KING ALFONSO.

Demonstration in Barcelona When Spanish King Left the Theatre.

Barcelona, April 8.—There was some disturbance here last night. While King Alfonso was leaving the theatre, after the gala performance, a party of Republicans returning from a meeting attempted to make a demonstration against Premier Maura, hooting and whistling. The crowd resented the action of the Republicans, and raised counter cries of "Long live the King." "Long live Spain." A free fight which followed was ultimately quelled by the gendarmes.

The Japanese worship of knowledge is almost incredible. In one recent year the people gave voluntarily to the public school fund \$154,000, more than three and a half millions of acres of land, 14,000 books, and 16,000 pieces of apparatus. On the average they supplement the local taxes for education by one-fifth of their amount, besides what is paid in fees.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

PRINCETON.

Andrew Lee, a Norwegian, about 50 years of age died suddenly on March 31st in the cabin of R. Dickson on One-Mile creek, near Princeton. He had recently returned from Hedley, where he had been working and apparently well enough left for home in company with Mr. Dickson on the morning of his fatal day. The unbroken winter's snow made travel very difficult, and he turned aside from the table with his head resting in his hands his friend spoke, but received no answer—Lee had crossed the Great Divide without a struggle or a tremor. It is supposed heart failure resulting from over exertion caused death. An inquest was not considered necessary.

NELSON.

"This year between 20,000 and 25,000 fruit trees will be set out in the vicinity of Nelson," said a gentleman who keeps in close touch with the horticultural interests in the vicinity, to a News reporter. Continuing, he said: "I believe there are already 20,000 fruit trees in the district, which are from two to six years old. When these 45,000 trees set to bearing they should produce ample fruit for local requirements. As fine fruit can be raised anywhere in the Dominion can be raised in the valley of the west arm of Kootenay lake, along the Kootenay river, and along Kootenay lake. Trees will continue to be planted until the valley is a vast orchard, and then there will be so much fruit that it will be shipped west to the coast and east to Manitoba and the Territories. As such that is hard to beat. The farming and fruit growing interests are growing rapidly, and this section will soon be noted for what it will raise. I think there are between 200 and 300 farmers and fruit growers in Nelson district. This year a great many will put in good sized patches, and I expect that fruits and vegetables will be very plentiful in a few months. Each year there will be an increase in the quantity produced."

SANDON.

The richest strike ever made in Sardon's old stand-by, the Payne, was encountered in the deep workings of No. 8 tunnel a few days ago. While drifting on the vein a glittering mass of rich ore, permeated with ruby silver and grey copper, was broken into by the drill. The new discovery is going on to ascertain its extent. Samples taken from the vein assay as high as 840 ounces of silver to the ton, the highest values ever obtained in that famous mine. At present the rich showing is exposed for about two feet in the face, and has all the indications of a descending vein. Should it turn out to be a rich ore, it will be a great find. There are still millions in the Payne. The discovery of the rich ore body at depth will give the Sardon district incalculable value to investors. The ore encountered around here was generally believed to be too rich to descend to any depth of consequence. This idea is now fast disappearing. Deep development has been carried on at several of the properties, and in each case the ore bodies show up as large as above, and in some cases richer by far. That it should be so at the Payne will cause no surprise on the part of the extensive ore bodies that have been mined there, but the assay values give pleasant food for thought. The ordinary grade of ore taken out heretofore went from 100 to 120 ounces of silver and from 60 to 80 per cent lead to the ton. Ore is now being sacked from the new find and a shipment will be made of once. Four traplines have also been driven in different parts of No. 8 lead and each are in ore.

TO CURE FEVER CHILLS
And such complaints as "Shivers" and ague we recommend Nervine very highly. Twenty drops of Nervine-faken in hot water with a little sugar three times daily not only stops the chills, but knocks out the disease completely. Nervine has a direct action on fever chills and removes the conditions causing them. In stomach and bowel troubles Nervine never fails. It's pleasant to the taste, quick to relieve and always cures permanently. Get a 25c. bottle to-day.

Three men were killed and one fatally injured in an explosion at the Pinchess Gas-Compressing Co.'s plant, southwest Washington.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

At a meeting of Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia coal operators at Cleveland, the price of lake coal and steamboat fuel has been cut fifteen cents a ton as compared with last year.

CYRUS H. BOWES
CHEMIST.

35 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Build up with FERROL (The Iron-Oil Food). In convalescence from Typhoid, Pneumonia, La Grippe and all wasting disease there is nothing that will restore the wasted strength like FERROL. It is a perfect emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus, and is so easily digested and pleasant to take.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK
FERROL (the Iron-Oil Food) \$1.00

Housekeepers try
**LIGHTENING
RENOVATOR**
25c. makes 5 gallons of cleaning fluid.
We always have FERROL in stock.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.
BOYS WANTED. Apply B. A. Paint Co.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Superior house parlor maid and Equatorial road, with modern improvements. Agency, 1 Richardson street.

WANTED—Two experienced nurses, with best references. Agency, 1 Richardson street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Chimney sweeping, no mess, from 50c. chimney chimneys cured. Tel. A95, or 4 Broughton street.

WANTED—Restaurant partnership in good business. Apply E. C. office.

WANTED—We have continual inquiries for making cover designs, sketches, etc., for the best catalogue work produced in the West. Send your ideas, and outline sketches will be furnished without charge. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., Victoria, B. C.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos for samples. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street, Victoria.

I BUY AND SELL all kinds of household furniture. I have a 100-egg incubator, almost new, cheap for cash. At the Old Country Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street, Victoria.

WANTED—Tools, furniture, clothing, lamps, candlesticks, etc. Best prices paid at the 1 X L Second-Hand Store, No. 8 Store street, next to E. & N. station.

WANTED—Photo-Engraving work from all parts of the province; satisfaction guaranteed; send for samples. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—TO LET.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A small house, in good locality, by a steady tenant. Address C. W. 2, Times Office.

TO LET.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—A small well furnished cottage. Apply 32 Quadra street.

TO LET—Furnished kitchen and bed-sitting room, 2 blocks from post office. "Comfort," Times Office.

FULLY FURNISHED 4 roomed cottage to let, \$15 a month; references required. Apply E. M. Johnson, 6 Broughton street. Telephone No. 74.

TO LET—Nice sunny rooms to let. 144 Fort street.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS TO LET—Single or en suite; cheapest in city; across from Dominion Hotel, 120 Yates street.

TO LET—Desirable cottage, Oak Bay Ave., 310. Heisterman & Co.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

BOARD AND ROOMS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

ROOM AND BOARD—Also table board. 73 Blenheim street, between Johnson and Pandora; 3 minutes' walk from Government.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS
Procured in all countries.
Searches of the records carefully made and reports given. Call or write for information.

ROWLAND BRITTON
Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney, Room 3, Fairfield Block, Granville street (Near Post Office).

Plumbing and Sewer Connections
Estimates furnished for all classes of work. Jobbing promptly attended to by first-class workmen.

A. J. MALLETT,
TEL. A800. 97 YATES ST.

Pau Beygrau
52 Fort Street

House Painting And Paperhanging

WALL PAPER
NO OLD STOCK.

Lawn Grass Seed
SPECIAL ENGLISH MIXTURES.
For Dry Land 30c. per lb.
For Shady Land 35c. per lb.

Johnston's Seed Store
CITY MARKET.

THE NEW FOOD
Just Arrived To-day.

Orange Meat, 15c per Pkg.

Carne's Economy Grocery,
COR. YATES AND BROAD STREETS.

Seed Peas
And All kinds of field seeds.
McDowell & Rosie
93 JOHNSON ST. TEL. 457.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—House, corner Head street and Esplanade; road, with modern improvements. Inquire on premises, or 61 First street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Under a chattel mortgage, one glass front landau, at Bray's Stables, Tuesday, the 12th day of April, 1904, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. It may be seen at any time before the sale. Hinkson Siddall, agent, 14 Chancery Lane.

FOR SALE—Ladies' wheel. Apply Wheel, this office.

FOR SALE—Petroleum incubator and brooder; just new. "Petroleum," Times Office.

FOR SALE—One phaeton, two light wagon and four carts; cheap for cash. W. A. Robertson & Son, 55 Discovery street.

LOST AND FOUND.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOUND—A sum of money, on Thursday. Apply T. Collins, Headquarters, Fire Dept.

LOST—On Monday last, cheque for \$47.00; number known, payment stopped. Reward on returning it to 43 Work street.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
THOMAS CATTERALL—16 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 828.

CONTRACTORS.
ESTIMATES GIVEN on moving buildings; work carefully done at reasonable prices. Johnson & Co., 111 North Pembroke st.

CARPENTERS, DICKSON & HOWES,
131 to 135 Johnson street, Grimsby's Block, manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

CLEANING WORKS.
GENTS' CLOTHES cleaned, pressed, repaired or altered, at 130 Yates street, opposite Dominion Hotel. All work guaranteed. James Dugan.

PRACTICAL CLEANING AND PRESSING WORKS—Lace Curtains and Blankets a specialty. Paul's, 105 Douglas street. Phone 1012.

CEMENT WORK.
SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nicholas & Renouf.

EDUCATIONAL.
KENNEDY—Voice specialist. Lessons in tone production, style, repertoire. Consultation at 12 Caledonia avenue.

SHORTLAND SCHOOL—13 Broad street.
Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. R. A. Macmillan, principal.

ART SCHOOL—53 Douglas street, cor. of Fort.
For all subjects, including wood carving and mechanical drawing. Martindale, master. Private lessons given.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—J. Devereux, 1 Richardson street.

ENGRAVERS.
TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing as effective as illustrations. From 25 words, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

FISHING.
FISHING SEASON IS NOW ON, and fishermen going to Shalvagan will save time by getting off at the 25-Mile Post, where Julius Barron will be found with plenty of boats right on the fishing grounds.

HALF TONES.
OUR HALF-TONE CUTS in copper are unexcelled by the biggest Eastern firms. Send a trial order to the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street.

MACHINISTS.
L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street. Tel. 930.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.
A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 120.

POTTERY WARE.
SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRECLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC. B. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STREETS, VICTORIA.

UNDERTAKING.
W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 498. Residence telephone, 611.

ZINC ETCHINGS.
SPECIAL DESIGNS for firm names executed by us in zinc. Just the thing to use in your advertisements, maps, plans, etc. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

TONSorial.
MRS. LUIS RUSSELL receives and visits ladies for scalp treatments and face massage with electricity, at 11 Mac street.

Kingham & Co.
VICTORIA AGENTS FOR THE WESTERN FUEL CO., NANAIMO, B.C.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL
Lump or Back \$0.50 per ton
Delivered to any part within the city limits.
OFFICE, 54 BROAD ST.
TELEPHONE 647.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
BEST HOUSEHOLD COAL.
HALL & WALKER,
100 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Mikado
LIGHT MEALS AND AFTERNOON TEAS.
Open from 9 a. m. till 8 p. m.
44 FORT STREET.

Thomas & Grant
Merchant Tailors
REMOVED TO THE
BRUNSWICK BLOCK,
Douglas Street
See their fine selection of goods before purchasing. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

Dallas Hotel
ROOM AND BOARD
At reasonable rates during winter months.
Rooms En Suite or Single
Heated with steam throughout.

Sweet Peas
ALL THE NEWEST AND BEST Varieties.
JAY'S SEED STORE,
13 BROAD ST. PHONE 1024.

PIANOFORTE
MISS FOX
TEACHER OF THE PIANOFORTE,
36 Mason Street,
NEAR PANDORA.

Chrysolina

THE GREAT CERM KILLER

Sold in highly concentrated form and will bear dilution to the extent of one hundred to one. Used on cattle, horses, dogs, etc., etc.

Sold Retail by all Druggists and Grocers.

R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Published by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, April 9.—5 a. m.—The barometer remains high from Vancouver Island eastward to Manitoba, and fine and comparatively warm weather prevails throughout the Pacific slope, except in the vicinity of Port Simpson, where considerable rain has fallen. An easterly gale is reported at Cape Flattery; elsewhere on the coast the winds are light to moderate. Fine weather is also general in the Territories and Manitoba.

Forecasts.

For 26 hours ending 5 p. m. Sunday. Victoria and vicinity—Moderate to fresh easterly and northerly winds, fine and warm during the day.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, continued fine and warmer.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.22; temperature, 45; minimum, 43; wind, calm; weather, clear.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.22; temperature, 40; minimum, 39; wind, calm; rain, .02; weather, clear.
Kamloops—Barometer, 30.18; temperature, 40; minimum, 40; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.
Barkerville—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, 34; minimum, 34; wind, 4 miles S.; weather, cloudy.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 60; minimum, 58; wind, 4 miles N.W.; weather, clear.
Port Simpson—Barometer, 29.94; temperature, 40; minimum, 38; wind, 4 miles N.E.; rain, 1.24; weather, rain.
Edmonton—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 34; minimum, 34; wind, 4 miles S.W.; weather, cloudy.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Princess Beatrice from Seattle—Mr. May, Mrs. Dever and daughter, A. Ingalls, J. A. M. Howard, R. Russell, J. T. Holden, M. Cohen, Miss Basher, Gordon Hussey, Mrs. C. E. Taylor, Mr. Mitzler, Chas. Garrett, M. E. Vancila, Jas. Chisholm, Miss K. Gunn, Miss Saunders, Mrs. Hastings, J. J. Brinistool, Mr. Kendall, C. E. Blackwell, W. H. Brinkley, G. A. Bunting.
Per steamer Whatcom from the Sound—L. P. Johnson, Miss Raymond, K. J. Middleton and wife, T. Fredericks, H. Turnbull, Capt. McDonald, P. B. Morton, Jas. Garvey, H. Kuhnke, C. L. White, O. Penstocker and wife, C. Scully and wife, Miss Scully, M. Meyer, D. D. Smith, E. Wheeler, E. Molander, E. W. Clark, Mrs. Foster.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Ironquod from Nanaimo—Miss Edwards, Mrs. Hanzentrant, Mrs. Jurel, Mrs. E. Brown, Master Brown, G. J. Booth, Miss Alladale, E. Monk, Master Monk, J. Graham, W. Walker, R. Carstairs, H. M. Lamb, J. E. Wilson, R. C. Wilson, J. Thomas, J. Francis, C. Lomas.
Per steamer Ironquod from Nanaimo—Vic Ph. Brew Co., J. Cotford, Geo. Hampton, Wm. Wilson, D. H. Ross & Co., Scott & Peden, Mrs. C. F. Walker, F. R. Stewart, Fell & Co., Fred Norris, Brown & Cooper, Gower & Wriglesworth, Johns Bros., Windsor Grocer, R. Carstairs, Fred Carls, Jr.

Per steamer Princess Beatrice from Seattle—Albion I. Wks. B. & A. Scott & Peden, C. S. Baxter, B. & M. Co., Jno. Coughlin, B. G. Prior & Co., Vic. Machy Depot, Wm. Bonness, F. R. S. & Co., G. E. M. & Co., S. J. Pitts, S. L. & Co.

ORDINARY CORN SALVES CONTAIN ACIDS.

But the old reliable Putnam's Corn Extractor is entirely vegetable in composition and does not eat or burn the flesh. It gradually lifts the corn, causes no pain, and cures permanently. Price, 25c. at all druggists. Use only "Putnam's."

One Dealer in Ten

will try for the sake of a larger profit—to make customers believe that other Soaps are "as good as"

Baby's Own Soap

Such statements, and others of like nature, help to make his business quiet while others are thriving. The public know better.

Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
MONTREAL.

COMMUNICATIONS.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND TAXES.

To the Editor:—The board of school trustees have put forward in your columns a statement of the grounds on which they appeal to the ratepayers for increased school accommodation.

In referring to the North Ward school they say: "But, in order to accommodate the increasing number of pupils," etc. Now, sir, if we refer to the annual reports of public schools we find the total number of pupils attending this school last year was 504, against 527 of the previous year, a decrease of 23. Why should the school board go out of its way to impose this fictitious plea upon the public? It does not produce confidence in any other statement they may make. Then, again, this reduced number comprises 40 over the age of 14, of whom 8 were over 16, an increase of three over the previous year. Are these facts sufficient grounds for a demand for another \$40,000?

The new school for Victoria West is a simple question of ward politics. No candidate for the aldermanic board, or for the school board, need show his face or seek votes in Victoria West that is not prepared to pledge himself to support, come what may, this particular issue. But when you happen to huddle a trustee onto that same platform who is no longer seeking their suffrages, he will tell you candidly that Victoria West, with its reduced school attendance, has no stronger claim to consideration than Rock Bay, Hillside, Spring Ridge, or Kingston street. The arguments that apply to one, apply to all, and \$30,000 is only the thin edge of a \$150,000 wedge.

With proper management all these schools will answer their purpose until the ratepayers settle the real question at issue—the scope or limit of free education at their expense.

A most influential meeting was recently held in London to consider this very question, and the consensus of opinion was in favor of reducing the present age of 15 to 14 as the limit of free education in the public schools, though there was a strong feeling in favor of 12 as the better age. The question is not merely the reduction of the burden on the taxpayers, but is in the true interest of the pupils themselves.

From 12 to 15 a boy is at the best period of his existence for the commencement of the real business of life; he is more teachable, more willing to learn, more amenable to the discipline of his surroundings than he will be two or three years later. What he learns he learns better and becomes more proficient, more useful, and commands a better value at any stated age (say 21) than is possible if he enters the same career at say 18.

His schooling between the ages of 16 and 18 is, in the large majority of cases, of little or any increased value to himself in after life, or to anybody else. It is so many years thrown away; for so many years he has been a public charge, and a hindrance to his juniors, whom he has forced to the wall. It is therefore a matter of public policy that the accommodation and tuition of the young should cease to be a charge upon the rates and taxes after the age of 14.

If for any personal advantage some desire to continue their educational training, they should have every possible facility placed at their disposal, provided they are prepared to pay their share of the cost for the personal advancement they seek.

Now if this principle commends itself to the property owners of Victoria, the High school should at once be made more self-supporting, to the immediate relief of the taxpayers, and the four graded schools should then be relieved of all over-crowding or congestion by the elimination of some 200 now attending these schools over 14 years of age, thus those remaining would be surrounded by more healthful conditions, be better taught and the results attained by the expenditure of public funds should be greatly improved.

The trustees are at present an irresponsible body, they have the power to drag down the taxpayers to any extent they choose on the score of ordinary expenses; as witness an increase of \$5,500 in salaries with a decrease of 39 in the number of pupils attending the schools; and, again, an extra of \$8,000 illegally incurred on a \$30,000 contract to the High school, which out of the current revenues of the city. It is surely time the property owners, in self-defence, put a summary stop to the possibility of these things.

The only remedy seems to be to refuse absolutely all further demands of the trustees until they shall have made the High school self-sustaining, as provided in the act, and shall have reduced the limits of age to which accommodation and tuition are provided at the taxpayers' expense to 14, as in Germany, London and in the majority of the United States, etc.

THOS. C. SORBY.

Victoria, April 8th, 1904.

THE SCHOOL LOAN.

To the Editor:—As one altogether sympathetic with the most liberal facilities for educational purposes, I regret that I cannot support the loan by-law for \$40,000 which the school trustees are putting forward. As I understand the question, \$30,000 of this loan is to build a school-house at Victoria West and \$10,000 is for the extension of the Central school building. Against both of these expenditures I beg to offer a most respectful protest. In the first place, the statistical report of Superintendent Eaton shows that about 100 children less are attending Victoria West than a year ago. The decrease is accounted for by the provision made at the Work Point Barracks and the Esquimalt provincial school for the children outside the city. The congestion having been relieved, it would appear to be a sheer extravagance to expend money in a new school in that district until at least there could be shown symptoms of overcrowding. The sentimental desire of the Victoria West representatives to please their constituents ought not to make the city with a loan indebtedness of \$30,000 five years before there is a real and positive requirement. The argument has been used that a portion of the building is old, which is true, but it is neither unsound nor unsanitary, and is well preserved, painted and repaired. There appears to be no disposition on the part of the provincial government to pull down a much older wooden school building in the same neighborhood. I refer to Craigflower road school.

I object, further, to the enlargement of the Central school. It is not absurd to centralize in this way? The population is growing and will continue to grow towards Oak Bay.

Will You Help a Sick Friend?

Get My Book For Him Now

Which Shall I Send?
Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed).
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Send me no money. Only tell me which book to send. You certainly know of some one who is sick—some sufferer who will be grateful for the help my book offers.

And that book tells of a way to help. Tells of a way so certain that I, as a physician, offer that help on trial. The book tells how for 30 years in hospitals and at bedside I searched for a way to cure deep-seated and difficult diseases. It tells the scientific experiment I traced out to find the causes that bring on chronic diseases.

I found invariably that where there was a weakness, the inside nerves were weak. Where there was a lack of vitality, the vital nerves lacked power. Where weak organs were found, I always found weak nerves. Not the nerves commonly thought of, but the vital organs' nerves. The inside—the invisible nerves. This was a revelation. Then my real success began. Then I combined ingredients that would strengthen, that would vitalize, these nerves.

This prescription I called a restorative. It is known the world over now as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. After that I did not fail to cure one case in each hundred. In the extremely difficult cases, my failures for five years were one in each forty treated. I found cancer incurable. Cancer is for surgery, not medicine.

Then how to get this prescription to sick ones everywhere was my thought. I must announce it in the public press. But, thought I, will they realize the real truth of my discovery, the real power of Dr. Shoop's Restorative? Then a way came to me—like an inspiration. "I will offer it to the sick on trial. Then they will know I am sincere—that my prescription is unusual."

I wrote a reliable druggist in each city and village in America. They agreed to cooperate with me. Now by any sick one, Dr. Shoop's Restorative can be taken at my risk. For a full month I will let you use it entirely at my risk.

Send no money. Just write me for the book you need. When I send it I will tell you of a druggist near by who will permit the month's trial. Use the Restorative a month. Then decide. If you say to the druggist, "It did not help me," that will relieve you of any expense whatever. He will bill the cost to me. This is my way of clearing your mind of all doubt as to what Dr. Shoop's Restorative can do.

No matter how prejudiced, you cannot dispute this absolute security I offer. You cannot credit an offer like this if you are at all sick. If you have a weakness, write me. If you can't do things like you used to do them, tell me about it. Write in confidence. As a physician I will tell you a way to help.

Get my book now—today. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 18, Racine, Wis. Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At druggists.

junction, and if a four roomed ward school at a cost of, say, \$3,000 was erected, the congestion would be at once relieved. Or if it be determined to launch out upon a more ambitious scale an eight or ten roomed brick building in the northern section of the city would be far more judicious, as conserving, not only the present, but the future scholastic requirements of the city.

I shall be glad to have chairman Jay's explanation of the proposed expenditure, as at present I am strongly persuaded that the expenditure is ill-advised; in the one case as being premature, and in the other as being of a patchwork character.

J. H. T.

ORIENTAL TRADE.

To the Editor:—I notice a long letter in this morning's Colonist re trade with the Orient, as exploited by Mr. Tafts, who says in one year he sent \$200,000 of goods to one firm, and in a casual way, while touring Japan, he secured orders to the value of \$400,000. Surely such an enterprise should not need backers here in this city, especially as I understand he only wants to capitalize for \$10,000. He was in the Orient for about twelve months, and his commissions, if reckoned at the modest 2 1/2 per cent, would amount to \$11,500. Here per cent is a soft soap for men of money. I think the Board of Trade should be asked to look into "such" propositions and report to the general public, so that such enterprises should not go begging or be transferred to other centres. "Oh, Victoria, where is thy enterprise?"

GEE UP.

THE HARDEST PAIN TO ENDURE

Is the pain of a tender corn, but experience proves that corns are cured quickly by Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, which acts in twenty-four hours. Putnam's never burns or causes sores. The only painless cure is Putnam's. Use no other.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., April, 1904.
(Issued by the tidal survey branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

Date.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.
1	10:28.8	1.0	10:30.2	1.7	10:31.6	2.4	10:33.0	3.1
2	10:27.2	1.0	10:28.6	1.7	10:29.9	2.4	10:31.3	3.1
3	10:25.6	1.0	10:27.0	1.7	10:28.3	2.4	10:29.7	3.1
4	10:24.0	1.0	10:25.4	1.7	10:26.7	2.4	10:28.1	3.1
5	10:22.4	1.0	10:23.8	1.7	10:25.1	2.4	10:26.5	3.1
6	10:20.8	1.0	10:22.2	1.7	10:23.5	2.4	10:24.9	3.1
7	10:19.2	1.0	10:20.6	1.7	10:21.9	2.4	10:23.3	3.1
8	10:17.6	1.0	10:19.0	1.7	10:20.3	2.4	10:21.7	3.1
9	10:16.0	1.0	10:17.4	1.7	10:18.7	2.4	10:20.1	3.1
10	10:14.4	1.0	10:15.8	1.7	10:17.1	2.4	10:18.5	3.1
11	10:12.8	1.0	10:14.2	1.7	10:15.5	2.4	10:16.9	3.1
12	10:11.2	1.0	10:12.6	1.7	10:13.9	2.4	10:15.3	3.1
13	10:09.6	1.0	10:11.0	1.7	10:12.3	2.4	10:13.7	3.1
14	10:08.0	1.0	10:09.4	1.7	10:10.7	2.4	10:12.1	3.1
15	10:06.4	1.0	10:07.8	1.7	10:09.1	2.4	10:10.5	3.1
16	10:04.8	1.0	10:06.2	1.7	10:07.5	2.4	10:08.9	3.1
17	10:03.2	1.0	10:04.6	1.7	10:05.9	2.4	10:07.3	3.1
18	10:01.6	1.0	10:03.0	1.7	10:04.3	2.4	10:05.7	3.1
19	9:59.9	1.0	9:59.9	1.7	9:59.9	2.4	9:59.9	3.1
20	9:58.3	1.0	9:58.3	1.7	9:58.3	2.4	9:58.3	3.1
21	9:56.7	1.0	9:56.7	1.7	9:56.7	2.4	9:56.7	3.1
22	9:55.1	1.0	9:55.1	1.7	9:55.1	2.4	9:55.1	3.1
23	9:53.5	1.0	9:53.5	1.7	9:53.5	2.4	9:53.5	3.1
24	9:51.9	1.0	9:51.9	1.7	9:51.9	2.4	9:51.9	3.1
25	9:50.3	1.0	9:50.3	1.7	9:50.3	2.4	9:50.3	3.1
26	9:48.7	1.0	9:48.7	1.7	9:48.7	2.4	9:48.7	3.1
27	9:47.1	1.0	9:47.1	1.7	9:47.1	2.4	9:47.1	3.1
28	9:45.5	1.0	9:45.5	1.7	9:45.5	2.4	9:45.5	3.1
29	9:43.9	1.0	9:43.9	1.7	9:43.9	2.4	9:43.9	3.1
30	9:42.3	1.0	9:42.3	1.7	9:42.3	2.4	9:42.3	3.1

Zero of above heights corresponds to 11 feet in the fairway of Victoria harbor. The time used is Pacific standard for the 120 Meridian, which is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot. For time of high water add 14 minutes to H. W. at Victoria.

Esquimalt (at Dry Dock)—From observations during six months, May to October, compared with simultaneous observations continued at Victoria by Mr. F. N. Denton.

The thousands of people who write to me, saying that

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic cured them of chronic coughs, cannot all be mistaken. There must be some truth in it.

Try a bottle for that cough of yours.

Prices: S. C. Wells & Co., 310 25c. 50c. 81c. LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., April 6th, 1904.

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Blouses and Wrappers

50c Up Latest Styles Lowest Prices Highest Quality 50c Up

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APRIL 11 & 12 MATINEE TUESDAY AT 3:30 P. M.



Millar Bros. & Hunt's Consolidation

Special Novelty Attraction. Startling Mechanical Display. Wonderful Trained Animals. Prices, 10c., 20c., 30c., No higher

VICTORIA THEATRE

SATURDAY, APRIL 9TH

Jules Murry Presents

Rose Coghlan,

The Greatest Thing in the World

Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c.; gallery, 25c. Seats on sale Thursday at Walt's Music Store, Government street.

APRIL 15—THE SILVER SLIPPER.

The Edison Theatre

James H. Erickson, Prop. and Mgr.

SPECIAL FASTER WEEK PROGRAMME.

Equilibrists Extraordinary.

2—The Ahrens—2

An Act Without an Equal.

First Appearance of

Mr. Walter Kellogg

Illustrated Song, "The Face in the Fire."

The Original Comedian and Singer,

Sou Flower

Who Loves to Talk About the Girls.

Return Engagement of

Leater and Leater

In the Comedy Sketch "Bibi! Bibi! Bibi!"

Long list of new and comic Moving Pictures.

NOTICE—Matinees Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 2:45; Saturday, 2:30 p.m. sharp.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Tuesday, April 12th

GRAND DOUBLE

WRESTLING TOURNAMENT

TOM DAVIES, OF NANAIMO, B. C.,

NICK SPENJO, OF GREECE.

For \$200 a side.

Also Mile, La Vina and Little Lady Hector.

Prices, 50c., 75c., \$1.00; ringside, \$1.50.

Seats now on sale at Walt's Music Store, Government street.

REGIMENTAL BAND

Drill Hall Concert

BASKETBALL

Nanaimo vs. Victoria West.

(Intermediates).

TO-NIGHT

NOTICE.

Victoria Liberal Ass'n.

Members are requested to attend the regular business meeting, to be held on

MONDAY EVENING NEXT,

THE 11th INST., AT 8 O'CLOCK, IN

PIONEER HALL,

To nominate officers and discuss such other business as may be brought forward. Full attendance desired.

A. B. FRASER, JR., Secretary.

The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday) by the

Times Printing & Publishing Co., LIMITED.

JOHN NELSON, Managing Director.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor the Times," Victoria, B. C.

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 9 o'clock a. m.; if received later than that hour will be changed the following day.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Barnes's Clear Stand, 22 Government St.

Knight's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.

Victoria News Co., Ltd., 80 Yates St.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't St.

E. N. Hudson & Co., 89 Government St.

A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.

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H. W. Walker, grocer, Esquimalt road.

W. Wilby, 51 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria West post office.

Rope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.

R. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria W.

George J. Cook, 80 Fort St.

J. J. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

Orders taken at Geo. Macdonald's for delivery of Daily Times.

The TIMES is also on sale at the following places:

Seattle-Lowman, 616 First Ave. (opposite Pioneer Square).

Vancouver-Galloway & Co.

New Westminster-McCormick & Co.

Kamloops-Smith Bros.

Dawson & White Horse-Bennett News Co.

Rosedale-St. W. Simpson.

Nanaimo-E. Finlay & Co.

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

This is presidential year in the United States. The Republicans, the Democrats and the Prohibitionists are preparing for the conflict which will take place in a few months. It is generally conceded that President Roosevelt will be the nominee of the Republican party. The President is a strong man in a political sense, and it is doubtful whether there will be serious opposition to his selection. So sure are his friends of the result of the coming convention that they have practically lost interest in the event. They are speculating about the possibilities for the year 1908, when it is hinted Roosevelt will have had his ambitions satisfied and will support his friend Root.

Nor is there much doubt as to the result in the country. The Republican party will be a unit in its support of the choice of the convention, it has gained the confidence of the people in its foreign and domestic policy, the popular fancy just now turns to foreign expansion. It believes in the United States taking its place in the great national procession, and when a proud, powerful and aggressive people set their faces in such a direction they might as well be permitted to have their way.

Another fact in favor of Roosevelt is that he is a man of character. Notwithstanding certain social developments which are far from creditable to the people of the United States, although their laws, federal and state, are not as precise in their definitions of offences as nations of stricter views hold to be essential, although the administration of the laws appears to be loose to the point of scandal, yet the nation has its ideals—ideals established probably in days when the populace held what are now regarded as extremely narrow views. The President's life and character is in harmony with the national ideals, and he will undoubtedly obtain the support of the great majority of the independent classes whose votes decide elections.

The Democratic party is in a distressful state. It is divided apparently past all hope of immediate reconciliation. There are Bryanites of extreme views, Cleveland men of moderate leanings, and Hearst supporters without any opinions in particular except a disposition to make denigrative appeals to class antipathies and prejudices. Of the character of the proprietor of the string of notorious newspapers which extends across the continent we know but little of an authentic nature on this side of the border. We have read the New York Post's summary, and it is by no means of a complimentary character. The Post is one of the most reliable, trustworthy and careful journals in the United States, and when it speaks of a man in such caustic and scornful terms, it must have good ground for condemnation. To a disinterested spectator it must appear that Mr. Hearst is taking advantage of the demoralized condition of the party he honors with the support of his journals to force himself to a nomination. And a most strenuous candidate he is. If it be true that he is to receive the support of Mr. Bryan, the probability is that he will attain the summit of his ambition. He possesses unbounded means, which is one of the most important factors in any political situation in the United States, or indeed in almost any country. Mr. Hearst is warming up the political atmosphere in good style already. The opposition to his candidature is just as fierce in some quarters as are his assaults upon those who have the courage to oppose him. The plan of campaign of the newspaper plutocrat is to create the impression that the trusts are fighting him. He is the friend of the laboring man and the outcast. He is devoting his wealth and applying his influence to the improvement of the condition of the wage-earner. Naturally the enemies of Mr. Hearst question the sincerity of his motives. They strike without regard to the rules whenever they see an opening. A speech delivered in Congress in 1897 has been freely quoted in the hope of putting Mr. Hearst out of business.

Probably upon this was founded the expressed opinion of such papers as the New York Post. This speech might be appreciated in Congress. It might adorn the columns of the Congressional Record. But it would hardly do to give it verbatim in a family newspaper. Grove L. Johnson was the orator of the day, and he spoke of Hearst as a "debatee, a duffer, in dress, an Anglomaniac in language and manners, but we thought he was honest. We knew him to be licentious in his tastes, regal in his dispositions, unfit to associate with pure women or decent men, but we thought Our Willie was honest." Then the speaker produced evidence which he thought proved the dishonesty of the man he was attacking.

But the aspiring newspaper man and politician had his friends in Congress. His case was not permitted to go by default. His assailant was described as "the fugitive criminal in the assembly," as "the professed reformed forger," as "the escaped forger." "Every human reptile that formerly revelled in the corruption with which his (Mr. Hearst's) efforts interfered hates him as it hates sunlight, and spouts venom at him whenever it gets into a place of comparative safety. In their rage for revenge the vicious ones whom he has assailed are not restrained by any consideration of conscience or veracity." These are the opening shots of the campaign. They preface an interesting fight, not only for the nomination, but for the presidency. It is a fortunate thing for the world, possibly, that the chances are against Mr. Hearst attaining the height of his ambition. The weight of great responsibility is said to have a sobering effect upon character. But it might be a hazardous thing to attempt to convert the presidential chair into an instrument for the reclamation of the wayward. There are many warnings against such a course written in history.

There will be a temperance presidential candidate in the field as usual. He will not get many votes nor advance the cause particularly, but there is a principle that must be maintained, even if the advocates of it are sometimes made to appear somewhat ridiculous.

AN EDITOR'S WOES.

Boycotting originated in Ireland, but we must look to the interior of British Columbia for an example of the art in its most complete development, according to the Ymir Mirror. Our contemporary has had some trouble with the labor unions. We do not know what the offense of the editor was, but he appears to be suffering the consequences of his hardihood in defying one of the powers of the twentieth century. His advertising patronage has disappeared from his columns almost entirely, due to the boycott, he says, but probably a depression in business has assisted his enemies. The size of the paper has decreased by three-quarters. If the subscription list has fallen correspondingly, there should soon be room for another paper of the orthodox and acceptable type. But the editor is game. He does not flinch from the face of his enemies nor shrink from saying the thing he will. He keeps dropping hot shot into the stronghold of the enemy, which only replies by striving to starve him out. The last issue of the Mirror indicates a serious state of affairs. It also establishes the fact that the boycott is a demoralizing instrument of attack. The paper says:

"The boycott against the editor of the Mirror and his family still continues, and has worked so effectively up to date that it is being extended to others—in fact, there is so little business being done in the town that the storekeepers and saloon men have started in boycotting one another in the hope of securing what little trade remains. In the words of Secretary Campbell, of the Citizens' Association, 'the town is on the bum, and everything is coming in from the departmental stores.' The condition of business is desperate, and he suggests a desperate remedy. 'We'll have to kill a few more to make things lively.' In view of the fact that there was a murder in Ymir last week, the sentiment is significant; it fairly illustrates the trend of public feeling in the camp at present. The most serious crime—even that of murder—is treated with a levity which must bring contempt for law and order."

EDISON AS A FLYER.

Edison, the inventor and electrician, says the successful flying machine will never be invented until a new motive power is discovered. The energy necessary to the propulsion of the gauzy things which alone will float through the air is confined in too bulky material at present. Perhaps the Wizard in talking this is hinting that he has some new astonishment for the world concealed in his mind. Might we venture to remind him that his great, light and convenient storage battery, the essence of energy in the smallest bulk, the factor that was about to revolutionize the automobile and put the horse out of business forever, has not yet been put upon the market. If it has the event was not advertised so freely as was the fact that the battery had been invented. The most reliable agents, such as gasoline. The world would, we are sure, be greatly disappointed if Thomas were to cast the garments of modesty in which he has so becomingly arrayed himself and don the robes of self-laudation after the manner of one Nikola Tesla, who has talked a

great deal and accomplished very little of practical value, so far as the world is aware. The automobile is at present a toy or plaything for the rich man or the comparatively well-to-do. If it could be so improved as to be of commercial value as an agent for the transportation of goods, or if it could even be brought within the reach of all as the bicycle has been, the world would have reason to give thanks that another man had been endowed with inventive genius. But if Thomas A. Edison permits his mind to go hankering after strange things like flying machines, he might as well bid farewell to his career of usefulness.

One reader of the Times, with an ingenuity that is more than human, couples two paragraphs published in last night's Times, and dealing with entirely different subjects, as a reflection upon the spirit of Americans exhibiting dogs at the exhibition of the Victoria Kennel Club. As a matter of fact, the remarks in the article referring directly and distinctly to the spirit in which decisions of judges are usually received by dog men, and were intended to be general, not personal to Mr. Ripplinger or any other man. They were not even aimed at the exhibitors this year. There was just as much dissatisfaction expressed last year, and indeed exhibitors confess that such criticism is common at all shows. It is perfectly apparent that the competition for honors in the dog world would be but a spiritless and uninteresting affair if it were confined to local exhibitors. If it were apparent that the Sound men were not getting fair play here, and they refused to compete, the kennel club show would be robbed of a great part of its interest. Mr. Davidson is a judge of experience. We will warrant he is of the opinion that the position of the distributor of awards at a beauty or a baby show is sometimes more trouble than that of a "sane adjudicator." As to the reference to Seattle's pets, the writer had in mind the assault on a wayfarer at Point-Ellice-Beige, and coupled it with the annual civic clean-up now going on across the straits.

There appears to be a general impression, says Mr. Kilburn Scott, in the March number of Page's Magazine, that it is only possible to separate metals by electrical means when those metals are magnetic. The usual plan is to move the metal in a finely-divided form past a series of electro-magnets. As a matter of fact, however, it is possible to separate any metals, whether they are magnetic or not, by merely moving magnets past the materials in rapid succession, so that currents are induced in the mineral particles. No one can move copper, for example, merely by approaching it with a magnet, but if a series of magnets of differing polarities pass it in quick succession, then the copper will tend by reason of the currents which will be induced in it. In other words, when a rapidly alternating current is generated in a piece of metal, that metal would rather pass off in the direction of the magnet than have the electrical currents flow through it. Sir Hiram Maxim appears to have been an early worker in this matter, and it is a field in which there would appear to be very great scope.

IF BILL WAS THERE.

W. D. N. in Chicago Tribune.
If Bill was there—
There where the Jap and Russ
Are rubbin' such a fuss
The cables would be strainin' hot
At tellin' of the fights they fought.
For Bill—he's got the whole thing planned.
How each one ought to make a stand,
And just how either could begin
And, with no trick at all, could win.
There would be trouble in the air,
If Bill was there.

If Bill was there—
He'd take his submarines
And rapid-fire machines
And tow 'em slowly, after dark,
Tight up to where he's put a mark
Near that there town—its name, 's'ee!
Runs out some fifteen miles to sea—
And then, you bet, there'd somethin' drop.
He'd fight below 'em and on top,
And some one sure would get a scare
If Bill was there.

If Bill was there—
He's stuck a dozen pins
To mark the out and in
Of how he'd march a million men
Across the land and back again
And put the foemen in the ditch.
Whose men? What side? He don't care
Which!

He says sometimes he fairly aches
To see how both sides make mistakes.
There would be fightin' everywhere
If Bill was there.

If Bill was there—
But he's at Miller's store—
His and a dozen more.
Of our town's keenest strategists,
With scribbly pencils in their fists,
Concoctin' battles and campaigns
That take in all the seas and plains.
If either one the Russ or Jap—
Is lookin' for a likely chap
To run the war with tact and skill,
They'll send for Bill.

ADMIRAL TOGO.

M. A. P.

A retired English naval officer, who, when a lad, was on board the training ship Worcester at the same time as the prominent Japanese Admiral Togo, sends me the following reminiscences: Togo was constantly the victim of all manner of chaff from the young Britishers on board, who called him "One-go-two-go-three-go." Disliked at first, perhaps because he was unlike his mates, he grew in popularity on account of his remarkably alert mind and agile body, until at length he became a general favorite with officers and boys. He stood all chaff with a certain amount of bravado, unless it touched his resemblance to the Chinese. To one fellow sailor who dubbed him a Chinaman, he said with emphasis: "You



Diamond Rings.

If you want a good Diamond Ring at a moderate price, call and examine our beautiful assortment of Diamonds, set singly, or with Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, etc. Now is the time to buy, as our prices have not been advanced since the late rise, and, our stock being large, we are giving our customers the benefit of last year's prices.

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General Hardware

GARDEN TOOLS, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN HOSE, BARROWS, GALVANIZED POULTRY NETTING, ETC., IRON, STEEL, PIPE AND FITTINGS, ETC.,

Telephone 3. P. O. Box 423. Wharf St., VICTORIA, B. C.

Hungarian Flour, \$1.35

11th--2 Days' Sale--12th

Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas St.

wait; when I am 'the admiral I hang you on the yard-arm."

MAIN THING DON'T WORRY.

Ottawa Journal.

Amongst 829 patients admitted last year to the insane asylums of Ontario the cause of insanity in 133 of these was directly traced to worry.

Ontario statistics classify and sub-divide this worry into sub-heads, under religious, business, love, domestic troubles, and other causes of mental discomfort, but the plain word worry in each case expresses the cause of the mental unbalancing of the patient.

The next active agent in making men insane was intemperance, whose victims number 45. The fact that the largest single contributing cause to Ontario's insanity was worry shows the evil of troubling over adverse conditions that cannot be bettered. Some men find it possible to keep a mental poise and an absofness from worry even in the most distressing combination of circumstances, and it is these men that most frequently surmount and overcome their difficulties.

We cause of seventeen cases of insanity in Ontario last year is given as overwork. We do not believe it.

Men have, and earnest men will, very occasionally kill themselves by overwork, but that a man may be driven insane by over-application is very much open to question. It is worry that kills, not work.

Those seventeen cases of overwork insanity should be transferred to the worry column.

JOHN BULL PROTECTING HIMSELF.

Hartford, Conn., Courant.

Great Britain has now completed a treaty of arbitration with Spain. The three principal Mediterranean powers—Italy, France and Spain—are thus under special agreement not to quarrel with Great Britain beyond the limits of a law suit if it can possibly be avoided. These three treaties of arbitration, if backed up by sympathetic diplomacy on the part of Great Britain, are they undoubtedly will be, are likely to be strong elements of peace in western and southern Europe. They undoubtedly strengthen the position of Great Britain in the Mediterranean Sea.

ROUGH ON THE WIFE.

Chicago Journal.

They were on their way home, when a lady on the opposite side of the street slipped and fell. He rushed across, raised his hat, and offered to assist her. His wife followed him along slowly, a queer gleam in her eye. "It's all right—it's all right!" he whispered. "Yes, I know it is!" she exclaimed hotly. "Here an unknown woman hurts her toe, and you plough across the street to eat her up with kindness. The other day, when I fell downstairs you stood and laughed and wanted to know if I was practicing for a circus."

LIFE ON AN AUTOMOBILE.

New York Globe.

The wearing of a large red hat and a red coat nearly cost the life of a fair Parisienne and her escort recently. Steering along the Boulevard Macdonald the chauffeur saw a herd of cattle approaching. He sounded his horn and sped on rapidly, expecting to see the animals scatter.

Instead, angered at the brilliant red display, the cattle lowered their heads, attacked the auto, and tossed the machine on to the sidewalk.

The couple escaped in a doorway, but the infuriated beasts demolished the machine.

MADE HER MAD.

Toronto Star.

The cable has killed the Dowager Empress Tai Ann yesterday, but she'd show him if she could get her motherly hands into his whiskers.

CALM BEFORE THE STORM.

Washington Star.

Korea is "the land of the morning calm." But its history is getting on toward a very exciting afternoon and evening.

It's True

There is smartness about our suits that appeal to men. "Get one and your friends will ask you where you got it." We are making a leader of a

\$30 Scotch Tweed

Cooper & Linklater

Fine Tailors

47 FORT, FACING BROAD.

MR. MINOR'S REPLY.

To the Editor:—In replying to Mr. Ripplinger's challenge, issued April 8th, will state I am open to show my bitch Zola Montez under any recognized English setter judge, and will accommodate Mr. Ripplinger with a bet of any part of \$1,000. I do not propose going to any unnecessary expense, but am always willing to show my dogs at our shows, and if at any time my bitch meets Ellorsee or Pera in their classes I will bet Mr. Ripplinger to his heart's content. An erroneous statement was published regarding Ellorsee and Pera's wins. The records show that on Dec. 6th, 1902, at Philadelphia, Ellorsee got 2nd open; Judge, J. Freeman Lloyd. Sept. 19th, 1903, at Toronto, Pera, 2nd; Geo. Hager, Judge. April 11th, 1903, at Buffalo, Pera, 2nd; Major Taylor, Judge. April 18th, 1903, at Atlantic City, Ellorsee, 2nd, Pera, 3rd. March 21st, 1903, at Coshocton, Pera, 2nd; Major Taylor, Judge. March 28th, 1903, at Urberville, Pera, 2nd; Major Taylor, Judge. These records were taken from Field and Fancy. The fact is I have defeated the Seattle dogs for four consecutive years, always winning the special for best dog or bitch in the show, and under the leading English setter judges of America. The English Setter Club of America, which is composed of the principal English setter breeders of the East, published their standard in Field and Stream, and at the end gave a list of recommended judges, and Mr. John Davidson's name appears first on the list. Mr. Davidson has the distinction of having judged the first dog show ever held in America, and has been judging bench shows and field trials ever since, and his reputation as a setter judge is irreproachable. The challenge reminds me of an anecdote I once heard. An Irishman had bred a litter of puppies, and on seeing the dam with her eyes open was scared to death and went for Mike again, and told him that a miracle had been performed, the dead had been brought back to life and the blind had been made to see. Mike looked grave and said: "We have performed the miracle." Pat said: "How?" Mike said: "We actually had to beat the brains out of those puppies to make them see."

C. W. MINOR.

HEART RELIEF IN HALF AN HOUR.

A lady in New York State, writing of her cure by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, says: "I feel like one brought back from the dead, so great was my suffering from heart trouble and so almost miraculous my recovery through the agency of this powerful treatment. I owe my life to it." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—19.

Denmark, which produces an immense quantity of butter, has an average of one cow to every two inhabitants.

SPENCER'S

Western Canada's Big Store.

Everything for Men and Boys in the

Clothing, Furnishing, and Shoe Departm'ts

Men's Spring Suits, To-night \$7.75

Values, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00. Sizes 37, 38, 39 only.

A Word About Our Regular Stock of High Class Suits

Suits of equal style and quality will cost you from one-quarter to one-third elsewhere. This statement would be withheld if facts did not justify every word.

You can prove our claim by examination.

Pure English Worsted Suits

Single or double-breasted. Our special price, \$10.00.

Fancy Stripe Worsted Effects

For young men who want a smart suit, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

Halifax Tweed Suits

Our special suit for hard wear, \$5.00.

Boys' Norfolk Suits

\$2.75, \$3.50 and \$4.50. Special value.

Men's New Dollar Shirts

At a dollar these shirts are simply wonders. All new patterns.

Women's Shirt Waists

Every style possesses some feature of fashion that enhances its beauty. Prices, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Furniture

Many people who have not been in the habit of doing their furniture buying here are surprised to see such a fine collection of high grade furniture.

Visit this department to-night (second and third floors.)

If you have an entire house to furnish you can save hundreds of dollars. If you have only one room to equip or a single piece of furniture to buy we can save you at least 25 per cent.

A Few Suggestions

Bedroom Sets

\$16.50, \$19.50, \$23.75, \$29.75 up to \$100.00.

Sideboards

\$17.50, \$18.75, \$22.50, \$24.75, \$32.50, \$38.75.

All special value.

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BUILDING LOTS.
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ALL PARTS OF CITY.
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House-Cleaning Helps

Magic Crystals

A wonderful Carpet Cleaner, 25c. pkg. will make 5 gallons.

German Gloss Furniture Polish

25c. bottle will make your furniture look like new.

Red Cross Cleaning Compound

Will remove grease, oil spots, tar, gum, etc.; 25c. a bottle.

Also Sponges, Chamels, Ammonia and many other Helps for House-cleaning.

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CHEMISTS,

6, E. Cor. Fort and Douglas

QUAINT CRITICISMS.

The world has long since heard of the old lady who said that she didn't like the play "Hamlet" because it was all made up of quotations." Mr. Clement Shorter mentions a similar Shakespearean criticism on the part of a flighty society lady who let down "King Lear" with the remark—"An unfortunate family, these Learns." An equally interesting contribution to the annals of criticism is the dictum of the churchwarden who, having read Swift's "Voyage to Lilliput," declared—"I don't believe a word of it, and it's shameful to think that a dean of the church should try to palm off such lies." Best of all, however, is Mr. Carnegie's pronouncement on Homer. The steel manufacturing millionaire conscientiously perused a good translation of the

poet's works, and closed it with the profound remark—"Homer was a very unpractical man." Mr. Carnegie is a Scotsman, and probably he has heard of the Scotch minister who, when he prayed, was always careful to explain the terms he used lest Heaven might fail to comprehend them. "Oh, Lord," he used to exclaim, "give us receptivity, that is, the power to understand." This particular prayer should commend itself to Mr. Carnegie—Dublin Independent.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 9.—The British sugar refiners are protecting themselves against a possible duty on sugar in the forthcoming budget.

Bowes' Straw Hat Cleaner

By mail on receipt of price.
Prepare for Sunshine Now
Its use will save you expense.

Cyrus H. Bowes,
CHEMIST,
98 Government St., Near Yates St.,
VICTORIA, B. C.
Two Phones, 425 and 450.

City News in Brief.

Medical batteries at \$4 and \$6. Hinton Electric Co., Government street.

"Made in Canada," the latest and best cereal food, is orange meat. With six packages, is given six silver-plated tea spoons, at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra street.

The usual Y. M. C. A. men's meeting will be held to-morrow afternoon. Rev. R. Hughes, who will be in the city, is expected to give the address. C. Forrester will assist with a solo.

J. H. Mason has disposed of his pretty cottage on Craigflower road to W. T. Spredborough, a recent arrival in the city. The property realized a very fair figure. The sale was effected by Messrs. Grant & Conyers.

Fire, Life, Marine Accident Agency, The Liverpool and London & Globe (Fire) Insurance Company, The Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Company, The St. Paul (Marine) Insurance Company, Lloyd's Underwriters, London; Atlantic S. S. Tickets, Office Wellington Hall, Geipel & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 83.

Mrs. Marion B. Baxter, deputy supreme commander Ladies' of the Macabees, is expected to be present at the meeting of Queen Alexandra Hiv next Monday evening at the Alexandra College, Government street. The members of the hive are requested to meet promptly at 7.30 for the transaction of business, and an invitation is extended to the members of Victoria Hive No. 1 and Baxter Hive to be present at 8.30 o'clock, when an open session will be held.

Millar Bros. and Hunt's Consolidated, billed to appear at the A. O. U. W. hall Monday and Tuesday, April 11th and 12th, is an exceptional novel performance. The drama is a surprising display. The trained dogs, monkeys and African baboons, constituting Prof. Hunt's collection, have been trained to a degree of perfection never approached by any animal educator. The war in the Far East is depicted in a most vivid manner. Warships are seen in action. A Russian ship is blown up by a Japanese torpedo. It is an object lesson of surpassing excellence, and most startlingly realistic. The diorama is not the common moving photograph display, but a novelty and a splendid mechanical and color exhibition. A special matinee will be given for the ladies and children on Tuesday at 3.30 p. m.

Typewriters from \$30 up. See our window. Hinton Electric Co.

Three Hot Drinks: Tomato Bracer, Cham Cocktails, K. P. O. Wine. Try them.

New Gloves For the Ladies

We have just opened up a swell line of Ladies' Spring Gloves from the best makers.

This store has always excelled in the glove business, because of the high merit of the gloves carried. We fit and guarantee every glove we sell.

Prices: \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75.

Finch & Finch
Successors to Geo. R. Jackson,
57 Government St.

GREATSNAP

We are offering the biggest bargain in a home in Victoria at the present time. If you want to get a good home, call and get particulars at once, as it is being offered at a price that will

SELL IT.

Fire and Life Insurance Agents.
Good List of Houses to Let.
Money to Loan.

Grant & Conyers
Successors to P. C. MacGregor & Co.,
NO. 2 VIEW STREET.

Good dry cordwood at Johns Bros., 259 Douglas street.

Do you want a typewriter? We have them from \$30 up. Hinton Electric Co., Government street.

For Skagway and way ports. Fast steamer Dolphin, sailing April 14th. Office, No. 100 Government street.

When wash greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder), will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

At the Metropolitan Methodist church to-morrow Rev. R. Hughes, of Nanaimo, will preach both morning and evening.

Ten coupons of orange meat, a beautiful silver-plated sugar shell is given away at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra. Tel. 106.

"Corona" photos on white silk texture mounts, in ovals, squares, circles or panels. In style and finish the very latest and best for \$4 per doz. cash. This special offer is for April only. The Skene Lowe studio, Government street.

The old Colonist block on Government street, extending through to Langley street, has been purchased by T. N. Hibben & Co. The price paid is reported to be about \$45,000. The building is an excellent brick block of three stories. Hibben & Co. it is said, do not intend to occupy the new premises for some little time.

Rev. J. Grundy, of the Church of England Chinese mission, delivered an intensely interesting lecture on "China: the Land and its People" in Temperance hall, Cedar Hill, last Thursday evening. There was a large attendance, and the speaker's remarks were followed with the utmost attention. The chair was occupied by Canon Newton, Ph. D., who at the close moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was heartily carried.

Joseph Dwyer passed away yesterday evening at the family residence, No. 40 Pandora street. Deceased was 84 years of age, and a native of Tipperary, Ireland. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, wife of Provincial Police Constable Johnson; a sister residing at Niagara Falls, and a brother living at Pittsburgh, Pa. The funeral has been arranged to take place from the family residence at 9 o'clock on Monday morning, and later from the Roman Catholic Cathedral.

George J. Burnett, who has already won an enviable reputation as a composer, has contributed four more numbers to the musical world. They are as follows: Vocal duet to Charles Wesley's words, "Love Divine," for mezzo soprano and bass organ composition, "Lilies," (Love's Dream); piano solo, "Romance"; alto solo, words by Spitta, "Happy Home." These will be forwarded to the publisher at once. Mr. Burnett will officiate for the last time at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on April 24th. He will leave for Vancouver, his new field, a couple of days later.

Miss Leslie, a returned missionary from China, addressed a large gathering at Bishopsclose yesterday afternoon. She gave a very interesting account of the difficulties encountered in her work in the province of Fuh-Kien. For the first ten years' work there were no converts, but success had finally crowned the efforts put forth, and now there were thousands professing Christianity. Presently many cases followed those who became Christians, but while some remained, the majority of the converts remained by the new faith accepted by them. Miss Leslie left last night for Vancouver. She will visit New Zealand before returning to her work in China.

The Fernwood Young Men's Association held a most successful concert in their hall, North Chatham street, on Thursday evening. A. Gilson acted as chairman, and the following excellent programme was rendered: Instrumental solo, Miss Coles; vocal solo, Miss Howell; reading, V. Heather; vocal solo, Miss Bredford; recitation, E. E. Westcott; vocal solo, J. H. Griffiths; recitation, Miss Heather; vocal solo, Miss Grace King; recitation, A. Sample; vocal solo, J. H. Griffiths; recitation, R. C. Wilson. Besides these some of the members gave a short exhibition of what is done each evening in the club. It included tumbling, parallel bar work and big punching. After this the floor was cleared and dancing indulged in to a late hour.

The programme at the Edison this week has attracted large audiences who were delighted with the entertainment provided at this little theatre. To-night the Ahrens, quillbrists; Son Flower, the comedian, and Lester and Lester, in a sketch, appear for the last time. There is also a list of excellent moving pictures. Next week's programme will include Hughes and Kenton, London's favorite comedians and specialty artists; W. Kellogg, who will sing the illustrated song, "The Story the Violets Told"; the great Barrington, versatile ventriloquist; and the Bennett sisters, clever and petit singers and dancers. The performance will conclude with moving pictures. Matinees on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday at 2.45 p. m., and Saturday at 2.30 p. m.

Ice cream at Victoria coffee parlors, Broad street. Open from 7.30 a. m. to 12 p. m.

We have several odd typewriters at prices from \$20. These are snaps. Hinton Electric Co.

Steamer Whatcom sails to-night at 11.30 o'clock instead of 7.30 for Seattle and other Puget Sound points.

A meeting of the Victoria Poultry Association will be held on April 12th at 132 Government street, at 8 p. m.

"Wall papering." You doubtless are thinking of doing something in this line, if so do not fail to see our range of inexpensive wall hangings. Weiler Bros.

The city superintendent regrets that he will be unable for the present to issue any permits for admission to the primary divisions of the Central school until some arrangement is made for additional accommodation.

The auction sale by W. T. Hardacre at 8 Carr street, corner Avalon road, on Monday next, promises to furnish a rare opportunity for excellent values in elegant and costly furniture, carpets, rugs, etc.

Eggs are still 20 cents per dozen; fine juicy oranges, 2 dozen for 25 cents; kippered salmon, 16 cents lb.; Thomas' "perfect cleanser" soap, from Bristol, at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra streets, Tel. 106.

The new pastor of Emmanuel Baptist church, who arrived last week, has made a most favorable impression upon all the members of his congregation who have met him. To-morrow he will preach his introductory sermon.

Davies Bros., auctioneers, call attention to the first lot of flowers and palms ever offered for sale by public auction, which is to take place at the Invervaish nursery on Monday, the 11th April, at 2 p. m., No. 9 Park road.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. F. Carter, of Williams Head, mourn the loss by death of their infant son, aged ten months, who passed away yesterday morning after a short illness. The funeral will take place on Sunday, at 2.30 p. m., from the residence of Mrs. Kettle, No. 33 Henry street. Rev. Mr. King will conduct the services.

The United States cutter Grant after leaving here early in the week, continued her tests of the wireless telegraphic apparatus installed at different points on the Sound and on San Juan Island. In every instance the tests proved very successful. The effectiveness of the system for long distances, has been tried during the last few days by the Grant, but of these particulars have not yet been learned.

The yacht Imp, owned by L. A. McQuade, jr., was omitted in the list of yachts that will compete in the regatta in July. The Imp is being thoroughly renovated, having received a new cockpit. Capt. McQuade expects to secure the services of Capt. Pearce, and with the seamanship of such as Stewart, McMeekin, Nesbitt and Ketch, he fully expects to make a good showing among the clippers of the fleet.

The marriage of Mr. A. F. Gwin, well known in mining circles in this province, and Miss Sadie White, of Wichita, Kansas, took place on Monday at Tacoma. The ceremony was performed at the home of Mr. W. C. Spicer, treasurer of the Yukon Copper Company. Mr. Gwin and his bride have arrived in this city, and have taken up their residence here at 62 Collinson street. He will give attention to West Coast properties, with which he is connected, making Victoria his headquarters.

An afternoon tea and concert was given yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Ministering Circle of King's Daughters at the residence of Mrs. Stuart Robertson. The room had been decorated for the occasion, and a pleasant time was spent by all present. The feature of the entertainment was a musical contest, which was won by Mrs. Hanington. Mrs. Dr. Watt secured second prize, and the booty fell to Mrs. Berkeley. Musical selections were rendered by Mrs. Green and the Misses Leverton and Fell.

There are two notices of motion on the city hall bulletin board under the signature of Ald. Vincent. One is that the question submitted to the council at its last regular meeting in the form of a motion asking the government if a mortgage had been executed by the Victoria & Sidney railway, and also in regard to the inspection of the roadbed, be reconsidered. The other motion provides that the Mayor be authorized to cause the corporate seal to be affixed to the contracts for supplying street sprinklers to the corporation, awarded to John Weston and T. M. Brayshaw respectively.

There will doubtless be a considerable exodus of fishermen from the city to-morrow, to-day's weather prospects being such as to bring joy to the heart of the apprehensive devotees of the rod. Reports of fishing have been received from up the line, and some exceptionally good catches at Somenos lake are said to have been made. Several contingents will sail out to Sooke and Shawnigan to-morrow, so that it will readily be seen that a large proportion of the passengers for up the line will be fishermen. The E. & N. railway double daily service will be operated, trains leaving the station at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m.

W. Scowcroft has received a telegram from Mr. McInosh, secretary of the Congregational Mission Society with headquarters at Montreal, stating that Rev. Mr. Carson has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Congregational church of this city in succession to Rev. R. B. Blyth. He will be here about the middle of May. It will be remembered by Times readers, that the directorate of the local church were negotiating with Rev. Mr. Hindley, of Spokane, but that gentleman has decided to remain in his present field. Rev. Mr. Carson is highly recommended by Mr. McInosh, secretary of the board, Rev. Mr. Blyth and the principal of the Congregational College at Montreal, where he signally distinguished himself.

Chas. Moore, of Nebraska, died this morning at St. Joseph's hospital. His remains were removed to the parlors of W. J. Hanna to be prepared for shipment to his old home.

H. Stadthagen informed a Times representative yesterday that he had sold the remains of the wreck of the steamer Chatham to Mr. Devlin, of the Gorge road, for the sum of \$75. The lumber of the wreck is to be used for cannery purposes. The original price paid was \$25.

London correspondence under date of March 25th says: "Paymaster Gerald A. B. Wyllys, from the Bascawen, training ship at Portland, has been appointed to the surveying ship Egretta at Esquimaux. Mr. Wyllys has been nearly four years in the department, and has held his present rank since October last."

Excitement is running high in basketball circles today, as the game for the provincial championship is to be played this evening in connection with the drill hall concert promises to be one of the hardest fought games of the season. Both teams are in the pink of condition, having trained hard and diligently for to-night's game.

A large gang of workmen, under the supervision of Thomas Catterall, builder, will start on Monday morning to transform the upper floors over the office of the Dominion Express Co., corner of Broad and Port streets, the whole of which will be occupied by Dr. H. M. Robertson, medical health officer. The work must be pushed rapidly to completion, as the time is limited.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter how long standing. Cases—ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and relief. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist hasn't it in stock send 50c (Canadian stamps accepted) to the Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine, the celebrated cure.



NOTICE OF A PLEA.

In delivering sentence on Byron P. Martin and J. J. Reitzger at Vancouver a few days ago, Magistrate Alexander pointed out the seriousness of the offence, especially of Martin having exacted money from the captain for supplying the trial on Wednesday that he had received money from the captain, stating that the receipt was given simply upon the request of the skipper, the magistrate told the receipt signed by Martin himself as evidence that he had received the money. As he had received \$200, according to that document, Magistrate Alexander considered Martin should at least be fined that amount.

Notice of an appeal to be taken to a higher court has been given by the defence.

MARINE NOTES.

The United States revenue cutter Daniel Manning has left San Francisco in search of the schooner Kallias, wrecked on the West Coast of this island.

An advance of 5 per cent. reinsurance has been placed on the wrecked British ship Langua, the being those who are yet willing to gamble on the vessel's chances of arriving.

The sternwheel steamer "Mount Royal" was launched from the Star ways in the upper harbor this morning, and will at once prepare for service on the Skeena and Naas.

Steamer Princess May will sail for Skagway this evening.

Nature Sounds A Warning Call

To Everyone in Poor Health—Now Is the Time to Get Strong, Build Up, and Increase Your Weight—Use Ferrozone the Great Food Tonic.

Most of us make the mistake of neglecting the first message that comes from our tired body demanding more strength and less nervous strain.

When any organ of the body becomes feeble, when the brain weakens and the nerves rebel against work, it's time to take Ferrozone and build up. The purpose of Ferrozone is to stimulate appetite, improve digestion, convert food into nourishment and supply the kind of blood and building material that fortifies the nervous system and strengthens the whole body.

Ferrozone is not an unnatural stimulant, but a food medicine combining the most strengthening elements known to science. Unlike sickly cod liver oil mixtures and bitters, Ferrozone is prepared in tablet form, convenient to take and always of uniform strength. Its health giving properties are at once felt, and it is sure to help you quickly. Striking proof of its merits is found in the letter of Mr. N. W. Burke, a well known lawyer in Meriden, who says: "When I first took Ferrozone I was in a nervous run-down condition, almost sick enough to give up work. I lacked strength and felt as if I could not get down to work. Ferrozone at once gave me a good appetite and drove away the nervous apprehensive feelings that formerly made my life miserable. As I continued the use of Ferrozone I grew stronger and am glad to say it has brought me back to perfect health. I know that Ferrozone is an excellent tonic for business men, and people inclined to a sedentary life. I can recommend it to you."

Ferrozone is endorsed by prominent men of every walk of life, because it never fails to bring the good health that sick folks are looking for. You must be sure to get Ferrozone and flatly refuse any substitute. Price, 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, all druggists, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U. S. A.

Important News From the Front

There are stirring times throughout our "Great House Furnishing Establishment" at the present time; everybody is on the move, and there is a general advance all along the line of battle. Our stock is being cut into, and our increasing sales show that we have a decided advantage in our line of business, and that our patrons are greatly enthused with our unsurpassed range of complete house furnishings.

Will Be Brought Into Line Next Week.

The following goods have recently been landed and will make a fine showing for next week's selling:

Jap Rugs These rugs are cheap now, but the continuation of the "war" will double the price within the next year. "Buy now." We have them in all sizes, and a range of excellent designs.	Special Values in Carpets Very Handsome Axminster at \$1.50 yard Superior Line of Brussels at \$1.35 yard Extra Good Quality Brussels at \$1.50 yard Special Line of Tapestries from 50c. yard (We make a modest charge for making and laying our carpets.)	New Curtains We have gained a reputation for honest values in our curtain offerings. This season's range is exceptionally good, comprising almost every style that it is possible to get.
Japanese Mattings We have a splendid line of the "wearing kind," made of the selected straw on strong cotton warp. From 25c. per yard. We cannot guarantee that mattings will be offered at the present quotations three months hence. Our spring purchase is exceptionally large and the best value we have shown.	New Embroidered Swiss Muslin Curtains From \$3.00 pair.	New Swiss Lace Curtains This is a snap line at \$4.50 and \$5.50 per pair (Full Size).
Tapestry Carpet Squares Unique in Quality, Style and Coloring. Size 1.5x3.0. Price \$5.00 Size 2x3. Price \$5.50 Size 3x1.0. Price \$6.00 Size 10x12. Price \$14.00 Size 12x12. Price \$17.00 Size 12x14. Price \$20.00	Ingrain Carpetings Splendid for bedroom use, easily swept and kept clean. 36 inches wide at 45c., 55c., 75c., \$1.00, etc. per yard. (Extra for making and laying.)	White and Fancy Goods 36-inch White Muslins at 55c. per yard 48-inch Madras Muslins at 50c. per yard 36-inch Silkworms at 44c. per yard 41-inch Pilled Muslins at 50c. per yard
	Plain Felt Surrounds Used for covering up your old floors as a surround to carpet squares or rugs. 48 inches wide at \$1.00 per yard in a range of good useful colors.	Scotch Lace Curtains In Ivory and White Combinations at \$4.75 and \$5.50 per pair

WEILER BROS

Honest Values. Dependable Goods. Unsurpassed Assortment.

Discount for Cash, Reasonable Terms, Instalment Plan.

Saturday Specials!

Neck, Fren & Co.'s Fancy Mixed Biscuits, 2 pounds for 25c.
Fancy Creamery Butter, 2 pounds for 55c.
California Seedless Oranges, 2 dozen for 25c.
We have a fresh supply of Tomatoes, Asparagus, Rhubarb, Peas, Radishes, Parsley and Celery from California.
The Saunders' Grocery Co., Ltd.
Phone 28. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.
The "West End" Grocery Co., Ltd.
Phone 88. 42 Government Street.

FOR SALE Business Property GOVERNMENT ST. Producing 12 per cent. (gross) per annum. Fire Insurance Written. Money to Loan. Stores and Dwellings to Let. P. R. Brown, Ltd., 30 BROAD STREET.	Very Cheap 5-Roomed Cottage Stable (4 stalls), large lot, fruit trees, sewer connection, close to Bedford Hill Park; \$525.00 cash, and balance, \$550.00, on mortgage at 7 per cent. SWINERTON & ODDY, 102 GOVERNMENT ST.
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Anna Held's Songs As sung at the recent performance of Mam'selle Napoleon Now on sale at the Up-to-Date Music Store. FLETCHER BROS. 10 GOVERNMENT ST.	Just in DEARIE, as sung by Anna Held. THE "LA MODE" GIRL, as sung by Anna Held. MISS CHRISTIANITY INTERMEZZO, by Lorraine. KEEP A-HOPPING, HONEY, TWO-STEP. LACES AND GRACES NOVELTY. AT THE POST MARCH. TAKE ME BACK TO OLD VIRGINIA. BECAUSE YOU WERE AN OLD SWEETHEART OF MINE. And All Late Music at M. W. Waitt & Co., LIMITED, 44 GOVERNMENT ST.
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Whipped Cream Goods Fresh Every Day at CLAY'S CREAM TUFFS, CHOCOLATE ECCLAIRS, CHARLOTTE RUSSES, CREAM ROLLS, ETC. One of our Trifles and Tippy Cakes will be much appreciated at your dinner table. Try us. Tel. 101. 39 FORT STREET.	Str. Boscowitz WILL SAIL FOR Naas and Way Ports, Including Kitamaa, on Tuesday, April 12th. JOHN BARNLEY & CO., Agents.
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Saturday Bargains in Jams

Finest California Jam, 1 lb. size ... 20 cent.
Finest English and Scotch Jam, 1 lb. size ... 20 cents
Finest Local and Canadian Jams, 5 lb. size...40 cents
Finest Apples in Gallon Tins ... 25 cents

MOWAT & WALLACE,

THE YATES STREET GROCERS.



THE HUNT.

The Victoria Hunt Club's regular run is being held this afternoon from the residence of Dr. Powell, Okden, Barkley avenue. A start was made at 3 o'clock towards Foul Bay.

HOCKEY.

LEAGUE GAME TO-DAY.

A match is being played this afternoon between the Victoria and H. E. teams at the Oak Bay grounds. This is one of the league games, and if the locals succeed in gaining the victory they will become possessors of the coveted Thorpe cup.

BASKET-BALL.

TO-NIGHT'S GAME.

To-night's game between the Victoria West and Nanaimo teams for the provincial intermediate championship promises to be as interesting as any of the league games played here this season. Both teams have unbroken records, and needless to say are determined to come out of this struggle victorious. As is generally known, the V. W. A. A. boys have already captured the recent championship, having won seven league games straight. The local City five equals the local aggregation in their standing, having also gone through the winter without having once met with a reverse. The game commences promptly at 8 o'clock. Victoria West line up as follows: Guards, A. and D. Stevenson, centre, Hutchison; forwards, Hancock and Bloomfield.

A CLOSE CONTEST.

A game was played last evening between the Y. M. C. A. seniors and "business men" at the annex hall, corner of Broad and Pandora streets. The result was a victory for the former by a score of 13 to 10 points. The match was very closely contested and was witnessed by a large number of interested spectators.

The first part of the game was undoubtedly in favor of the business men, and before the ball had been in play two minutes the first goal had been scored. This was followed almost immediately by another and the ball was put in the basket a third time almost directly after.

This put the seniors on their mettle, and no further scoring was done for some time. Attempts were made on each basket, but without success. Knott and Martindale, the "business men" guards, held down their checks in admirable style. It wasn't until after the expiration of 10 minutes' hard playing that the seniors managed to score.

From this on the game was most evenly contested. For the remainder of the first half the "business men" were unable to add to their account, while the seniors managed to put the score on an even basis before the whistle blew.

When the ball was thrown up in the second half, a change was noticeable in the line-up of the senior five. Loveridge went guard and J. Lorimer took a place on the forward division. This alteration appeared to bring the desired result, as the seniors placed the ball in the basket several times before their opponents got down to work.

Just before the finish the "business men" had matters all their own way. The ball was placed nearly into the basket several times, and the probability is that the score would have been evened had the game continued for five minutes longer.

The "business men" showed improvement in their general play, shooting more accurately and putting up a faster combination. Undoubtedly, however, the backbone of the team are the guards, Messrs. Knott and Martindale. As usual, the seniors put up a first-class exhibition. Their team play was good, although they appeared to be somewhat off-balance in shooting.

BASEBALL.

THE PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

The Pacific Coast League is still the only league playing at present, its season being now in the third week. A very good idea of the strength of the various teams can now be had by comparing the standing of the clubs in the percentage columns. Los Angeles, as expected, leads, having lost 4 games and won 9; Oakland and Tacoma are very close for second and third places, Seattle is a good fourth. San Francisco follows, with Portland a very poor last, having won but two games out of thirteen played. Tacoma, so far, has been the surprise party of the league, as it was figured to be the weakest team on paper; while Portland, which was touted as the possible pennant winner, has played the most miserable kind of ball. However, the season is still early, and no doubt many changes in the standing of the teams will take place before the end of the long race.

SEASON'S PROSPECTS.

The prospects for many good teams visiting this city during the coming season is most promising, many applications for games having already come in. Everett, which has always had a team that could

Pleasant and Palatable, but Effective

We are prone to think of medicine as something necessary but nasty. For increasing the weight, enriching the blood and building up the system it is necessary, but means "pasty." Send for latest sample of THE FERROL CO., Limited, Toronto.

give the local five a hard fight, will have a very strong nine who have won for games during next month. Bellingham, formerly Whiteman, will also place a very strong nine in the field, and expects to play here several times during the season. The University of Washington, Newman's Manuel Lopez team, of Seattle, the Rainier team, also of Seattle, Sedro Woolley, Mount Vernon, Hopland, Aberdeen, Olympia, Centralia and several other towns will have strong nines which will be seen here some time this summer. It is quite likely that the University of California will send its team north this spring, and if they make the trip Victoria will be in their

WRESTLING.

INTERESTING TOURNEY.

Yesterday A. Papadakis, manager for the Greek wrestler, N. Spenjios, called at the Times and deposited \$25 as a guarantee of good faith in the match arranged to take place between Spenjios and T. Davies on

Tuesday evening at the Victoria theatre. The conditions of this contest are that the wrestler obtaining three out of five falls is entitled to the victory. Both men will be allowed to select their favorite style of wrestling for one fall, and, providing each obtains a fall, the one who secured a victory in the quickest time will be allowed to select the style of the third bout. Judging by the two contestants, it is altogether likely that the styles adopted will be Greco-Roman and catch-as-catch-can. The former will no doubt be chosen by Spenjios, who held the championship of Greece at that style for five years, and the latter by T. Davies, whose cleverness at this method of wrestling has won many friends for him among local enthusiasts.

AGRICULTURAL.

Complaints are received from time to time at the dairy division, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, regarding the appearance of mould on the parchment paper linings of butter packages. In some cases it is said to have penetrated the butter for some distance. Mould is a minute and low form of plant life. It grows from seeds.



N. SPENJIOS.

Who Will Meet Tom Davies in the Wrestling Match at the Victoria Theatre on Tuesday Evening.

literary. The Yale College team is also contemplating a trip West, while the Stanford University nine is also a possibility. At any rate, judging from the number of applicants for games there will be no shortage of visiting teams.

LOCAL LINE-UP.

The line-up of the local team is not as yet complete, arrangements for a coach being still under way. Emerson and Earle, so far, are the only outside players with whom arrangements to come here have been made. The latter player is said by both Emerson and Earle to be a splendid all-around man, as he can play any place on the infield as well as catch. He is also a good hitter and very fast on the bases. In fact, Chase says in his letter: "You won't miss me if you have Earle." A good catcher will also be secured. Emerson has recommended a catcher, and if none who can act as captain and coach can be obtained it is most likely that Emerson's protégé will get the position.

With the catcher's and pitcher's places well fortified, the team will be very strong



LITTLE LADY HECTOR.

Miss La Vidia and Little Lady Hector Are to Wrest at the Victoria Theatre on Tuesday Night.

and able to hold its own with anything in the Northwest. Regular practices are being held now, and by the end of the present month the team will be in shape to meet all comers.

THE UNIFORMS.

The uniforms for this season will be of the same color as those used last year, red, with red and white striped stockings and jerseys. Work on the grounds has been under way for the past week, and by the time the bell rings for the first game the park will be, if anything, even in finer condition than it was last season. Victoria has the reputation of having the finest grounds on the Coast, and it goes without saying that the players are extremely proud of the splendid field they have to play on. The tramway company promise a better service this summer, several new cars having been secured for the run to Oak Bay. It is also most likely that an additional part of Fort Street will be double tracked before the season opens.

WRESTLING.

INTERESTING TOURNEY.

Yesterday A. Papadakis, manager for the Greek wrestler, N. Spenjios, called at the Times and deposited \$25 as a guarantee of good faith in the match arranged to take place between Spenjios and T. Davies on

which are called spores, and which develop only in the presence of moisture and where they have a supply of suitable food. Mould will grow readily on damp wood; hence the necessity for keeping the interior of a creamery, and especially the refrigerating room, as dry as possible.

Poorly constructed refrigerators are apt to be damp, because the warm air gets in from outside carries moisture with it, which is deposited on the cooler surfaces of the walls, floors and packages. Frequent and prolonged opening of the doors also causes dampness.

It would be a good thing for the creamery owners, as well as for the trade generally, if it were compulsory to have all creameries thoroughly disinfected every spring before operations begin. The spores of mould, and other germs which cause bad flavors, are destroyed if the work is properly done. It is a comparatively simple and inexpensive operation if the following plan is adopted.

Method of Disinfection.

Wash the whole interior of the creamery, including walls, ceilings, floors, posts, shelving, etc., with a solution of one part bi-chloride of mercury to one thousand parts of water. Apply with a brush, and scrub well wherever applied. The bi-chloride of mercury (corrosive sublimate) may be procured in tablet form of the right strength to make the above solution by adding one tablet to every pint of water used. This substance is a deadly poison and must be handled with every care and precaution. Formula may also be used, either as a spray or by being allowed to evaporate from a sheet of cotton suspended in the room, when the doors, windows and other openings are tightly closed. It requires about five ounces of pure formula to disinfect 1,000 cubic feet.

Prevention of Mould.

As a preventive of mould on butter, the following practice is highly recommended: Soak the parchment paper linings immediately before using in a saturated brine to which has been added three ounces of pure formalin to three gallons of brine. Place the paper in the boxes without drying. Keep the brine in a special covered vessel. Boil the brine every week and add fresh formalin in the same proportion as at first. This treatment has been found effective in the government creameries in the Northwest Territories, where there was a great deal of trouble with mould at one time, and has given good satisfaction wherever it has been properly carried out.

Care of Paper and Boxes.

Probably much of the mould on butter is due to the infection of the parchment paper as it lies about the creamery without any protection and not always in a dry place. The spores do not develop on the dry paper, but as soon as it comes in contact with the butter there is sufficient moisture to encourage the growth of the mould. To parchment paper and empty packages should be kept in a thoroughly dry, clean place.

Quality of Parchment Paper.

Only the very best pure vegetable parchment paper should be used. Inferior paper encourages the growth of mould and does not protect the butter. Much of the paper used is too light in weight. A ream of 500 sheets measuring 50x12 1/2 inches should weigh at least 40 pounds, and the same number of sheets 38x12 1/2 inches should weigh not less than 30 pounds, with other sizes in proportion.

NEWS OF DECK AND DOCKYARD.

Although the tourist travel can hardly be said to have begun, a day never passes but what sees many strangers out to Esquimalt. They come from all parts, and generally are greatly interested in the dock and navy yards. Into the latter, however, they are not allowed to wander promiscuously. They can only enter through the big brick wall during working hours in the yard, and then must always be escorted by one of the marines in the guard room, close to the entry gate. When there are none of these available, the visitor has to content himself with a view only of the dock yard.

A vast amount of work continues to be done on Signal Hill, but so far as the public is concerned nothing can be seen except the frequent upheaval of rock from the blasting operation in progress.

H. M. S. Shearwater is in dry dock. She went in on Thursday, and expects to be on the stocks a week receiving a cleaning and painting. Her next orders, it is thought, will be to prepare for patrol in Behring Sea during the coming sealing season.

A. W. Grundy, assistant naval store officer, at Esquimalt, left on Thursday night for Bermuda.

H. M. S. Bonaventure is to-day expected back from Vancouver, whither she went a week ago to receive on their arrival from England some 15 superannuated crew members. The ship will probably be docked for a cleaning and painting some time next week.

H. M. S. Grafton was at Collingwood on her way to Esquimalt. She should arrive here, as previously stated, on the 25th inst.

Compared with cruises some years ago, ships of His Majesty's navy now spend but little time in southern waters. And there is said to be a reason for this. Great Britain's interests on the southern coast in one respect have been limited. She gets her coal now through contract agents. Her stores are all located at Esquimalt. The Coghlin accommodation has been cut off. Land privileges have been curtailed, that is to say, armed forces are not permitted to land except under special circumstances, and the main business of the British warship on the South American coast at present is to afford a kind of protection to British residents ashore in event of war. The reason assigned for these changes is stated to be largely political. Other powers are understood to have raised informal objections to some of the privileges enjoyed by Great Britain, and the matter, being impressed on the Imperial authorities, especially by Chili, courtjealous extended to the powers of the world by the "South American" republics. Were placed on a more international basis.

H. M. S. Flora will go out on Monday for the first time since she struck on Denman Island. She will be out for a couple of days. Advantage will be taken of the opportunity thus afforded to adjust compasses. On Wednesday she will leave for Comox, and will there complete her target practice interrupted by the accident. She will be away until the end of the month.

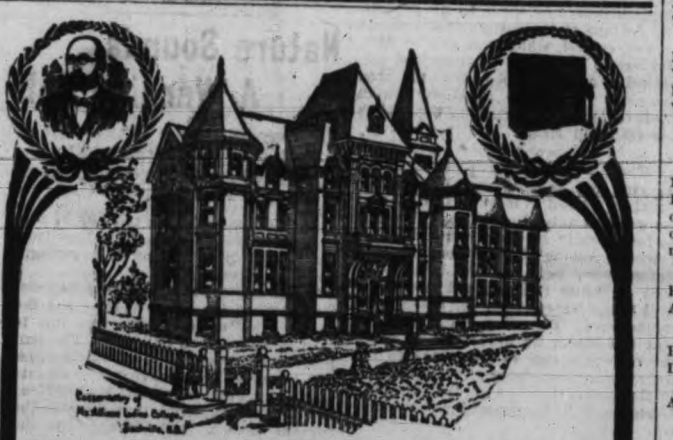
In connection with the torpedo practice frequently indulged in by the ships on this station it is perhaps not generally known that the torpedoes used are charged in the navy yard at Esquimalt, where all the required apparatus is on hand for the purpose. The Whitehead torpedo is the one most commonly used, which, instead of having a war head on it as would be required in case of hostilities, is provided on the end with a dummy. When the torpedoes are to be

charged they are taken to the wharf at the navy yard, where the air pressure is secured from a pipe connected with a pumping station.

The Whitehead torpedo has been the object of peculiar interest to all concerned with naval war, not only because it has met with greater success than its competitors, but also because its mechanism was kept a profound secret. In external appearance it looks like a huge cigar, about fourteen feet long, and provided at the tail-end with two screws, which revolve in opposite directions. These screws are driven by an air-engine contained in the body of the torpedo, the air being stored under high pressure in a reservoir. When the torpedo is launched into the water from the launching tube, the valve connecting the reservoir with the cylinders of the engine is opened by a trigger, which is caught and drawn back by a catch in the launching tube, so that from that moment the engines begin to work and the torpedo starts on its run. The motive power, therefore, is not supplied by the ejecting apparatus, but is self-contained; and the torpedo will continue to run until its store of compressed air is exhausted, unless it meets with an obstacle and explodes. It may be adjusted to travel at any distance under the surface, from five to fifteen feet, but in practice it is usually submerged to a depth of ten feet. In order to keep it at this depth, horizontal rudders are supplied, and the "secret" of the Whitehead torpedo, which is no longer a secret, relates to the control of these rudders. It consists of a hydrostatic arrangement whereby, if the torpedo alters its distance from the surface, motion is transmitted to an air-engine, which in turn moves the rudders, and so causes the torpedo to dip or to rise until the desired level is again attained. The special feature of this air-engine is that the air pressure is constantly acting on both sides of the piston, so that no more power is expended than is required to preserve a balance. A speed through the water of from 27 to 30 knots can be obtained with this torpedo for a run of several hundred yards.

As each torpedo costs some £300 or more, it is obvious that torpedo practice would be a most expensive matter unless some arrangements could be made to ensure that the unexploded torpedoes to be recovered. For this purpose there is a device which causes the torpedo to come to the surface when it has run its course, or before then, if desired, and a ship's boat is sent out to tow it back again; but in actual warfare there would be great danger to friend as well as to foe, if a torpedo which had missed its mark were allowed to float aimlessly on the surface, and to meet this case the "sinking valve" may be brought into action. This valve opens automatically when the torpedo has run its course; the water rushes in, and the torpedo sinks to the bottom.

One of the principal defects of this form of torpedo is that when it is launched into the sea from above water-level, it is sometimes suddenly deflected from the course when it strikes the water, in some cases even turning completely round and running back in the opposite direction. To remedy this defect, an ingenious adaptation of the gyroscope has been made in recent years to this torpedo. With the old form of Whitehead without gyroscope great care has to be taken in launching, and deflection has to be allowed for according to the speed of the vessel from which the torpedo is ejected. Launching may also be done from torpedo-tubes beneath the surface, and it is the opinion of many naval authorities now that battleships should use only this method; but this is not on account of the possible deflection of the torpedo when launched from above water-level, but owing to the danger to which a battleship exposes herself in action if she



New Scale Williams Piano

In Foremost

Educational Institutions in Canada

After careful and exhaustive tests in all points of excellence, the New Scale Williams Piano has been adopted as the standard of piano perfection by the Rev. Dr. B. C. Borden, Principal of Mount Allison Ladies College, Sackville, N.B. The following letter from the Reverend Dr. Borden explains the reason for his selection of the New Scale Williams Piano.

The Williams Piano Co., Oshawa, Ont. Gentlemen,—We have had one of your New Scale Williams Pianos in use for three months, and have found it highly satisfactory. In the best evidence I can give of our appreciation of your instrument I enclose herewith a testimonial from Mr. Dices an order for ten new pianos. Yours truly, B. C. BORDEN.

Mount Allison Ladies College is so well and favorably known as one of the largest and perhaps most influential institution of its kind in this country (illustration of the Conservatory only shown above), that the choice of the New Scale Williams fittingly illustrates the foremost position that instrument is taking in the piano world to-day. Its high quality and intrinsic merit, coupled with the many improvements and advantages it possesses over all others, have won for it the praise of the best judges everywhere as unequalled in tone, quality or any of the other requisites of a thoroughly artistic instrument.

The Williams Piano Co., Oshawa, publish three interesting booklets on the history and construction of a piano. These can be procured free by mail on request, or from the Agents for this celebrated piano for this territory.

The Williams Piano Co., Oshawa, Ont.

Fletcher Bros., 95 Government Street, Victoria.

NATURE'S CURE

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Catarrh and Bronchitis, CATARRHOZONE, PLEASANT, PROMPT, EFFECTIVE.

CATARRHOZONE DRY AIR TREATMENT IS THE ONLY SAFE, PROMPT AND SURE CURE FOR THOSE DISEASES.

Each breath of medicated air you breathe through a Catarrhozone Inhaler is at once sent through every air cell and every air passage of the breathing organs, saturating the Bronchial tubes and lungs with little drops of healing; quickly curing the disease that is lodged in the air cells. So quickly does it cure these diseased parts that it seems like magic.

STOMACH MEDICINES AND ATOMIZERS ARE WORSE THAN USELESS—AS ANY DOCTOR WILL TELL YOU—AS THEY FAIL TO REACH THE AFFECTED PARTS.

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IT IS SURE TO CURE.

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Stops the drooping and hawking and restores the throat, air passages and lungs to a healthy condition. No one should suffer discomfort from throat irritation when Catarrhozone will cure in a short time.

Price, 25c. and \$1.00 at all druggists or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., or Hartford, Conn.

has loaded torpedoes in any place exposed to the enemy's fire. After the naval fight at Santiago in the Spanish-American war, the American board of examination on wrecks declared that "loaded torpedoes above water-level are a serious menace to the vessels carrying them."

Church Services To-Morrow

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Services: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and litany, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7 p. m. Preachers, morning, the Lord Bishop; evening, Rev. W. Hough Allen. The music set for the day follows:

Morning.
Voluntary—Berceuse Spinney
Venite Farran
Psalm for 10th Morning, Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum Oakeley
Jubilate Troutbeck
Litany
Hymns 140, 134 and 282
Voluntary—Silver Trumpets Viviani

Evening.
Voluntary—Elevation in A Batiste
Proclamation Hymn 131
Psalm for 10th Evening, Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Smart in F
Nunc Dimittis Smart in F
Anthem—I Am He That Liveth Sliper
Treble Solo, Master A. Rausch; Bass Solo, H. Moxon.
Hymns 135 and 490
Vesper Hymn Middleton
Recessional Hymn 137
Voluntary—Triumphal March Sullivan

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.
Services will be held at the usual hours, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to these services. The musical selections follow:

Morning.
Hymns 1, 360, 122 and 320
Anthem—Sweet the Moments W. F. Budd
Evening.
Hymns 70, 302, 377 and 537
Duet—The Lord Arose C. H. Gabriel
Mrs. Gregson and Mrs. Maynard.
Anthem—Vesper Hymn W. F. Budd

CHURCH OF OUR LORD (R. E.)
Morning and evening prayer at 11 and 7, with sermons by Rev. H. J. Wood. Sunday school at 3 o'clock. On Friday Bishop Griggs' Bible class at his residence, 4 p. m., and a short address that evening conducted in the church by the rector, beginning at 7:45.

VICTORIA WEST METHODIST.
The pastor, Rev. S. S. Osterhout, Ph. D., will preach both morning and evening. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered after the evening service. Sabbath school at 2:30. Strangers always welcome.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST.
The pastor, Rev. J. P. Westman, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Evening subject, "Nothing Too Good for Man." The address will be followed by a reception service. Suitable music furnished by the choir. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30.

CALVARY BAPTIST.
Morning service at 11 o'clock; pastor's theme, "My God Will Hear Me." Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Evening service at 7 o'clock; pastor's theme, "The Open Vision."

CONGREGATIONAL.
The usual services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The preacher for the day being Rev. George Dean. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E.

meets at 8:15 p. m., after the evening service.

PSYCHIC RESEARCH SOCIETY.
A spiritual meeting will be held in Knights of Pythias hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets, on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Spiritual readings toward the close. All are cordially welcome.

CHRISTADELPHIANS.
A. O. U. W. hall, room 1, up-stairs, at 7 p. m. Subject, "Gospel of the 1st Century Versus Gospel of the 20th Century."

PERSONAL EXPERIENCE.
A London schoolmaster, having requested each of his class of lads to bring in three items of information about the Thames that they could prove to be facts, received from one bright boy the following:

"I have lived near it. I have sailed over it. I have fallen into it. These are facts."

A dispatch received at the India office, London, said that General Macdonald's infantry, while reconnoitering near Kalaspanga, encountered three hundred Thibetans, who opened fire, but there were no casualties.

Mrs. Sullivan

Could Not Walk or Raise Her Hands to Her Head.

The following letter from Mrs. S. W. Sullivan, Oshawa, Ont., proves conclusively that Paine's Celery Compound cures rheumatism and nervousness:

"Early last autumn I was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that I could not raise my hands to my head, and often could not walk owing to pains and stiffness of joints. At night I rarely sleep owing to nervousness and feelings of exhaustion. I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound, and soon found myself greatly relieved, and after use of first bottle my pains and nervous feelings were banished. In order to make the cure complete, I used the second bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and now I am as strong as ever before. I sleep well, appetite is always good, and my digestive vigor all that I could wish for."

Paine's Celery Compound

The Spring Life Giver Cured Her.

If you are sick and desire free medical advice, wire to "Consulting Physician," The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 209 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q.

A SECRET OF THE SEA

By MRS. C. N. WILLIAMSON.

Author of "Lady Mary of the Dark House," "His Grace," "Queen Sweetheart," "Behind a Veil," "Fortune's Sport," "A Woman in Grey," "The Barn Stormers," &c.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTER.
 Sir Peter Markham is yachting in the Mediterranean with his daughter Eve, and his private secretary Dick Knight, a clever fellow, but with no prospects. The girl, understanding the reticence of the young man, induces him to make love to her. Her father hears the confession, "or which the girl takes the responsibility. The father, who made his money in South Africa, however, discourages the idea, as Knight is neither rich nor a genius. It is arranged that the private secretary shall leave at Tangier. In the meantime, the yacht comes across a strange craft. There appears to be no one on board, and Sir Peter and the secretary, with volunteers from their crew, resolve to board this mysterious vessel. Dick leads the way. The yacht proves to be a small, fast, and some of the cabins had lately been in the occupation of a woman. There is a gold repeater watch with diamond monogram, and some other belongings apparently of a wealthy gentleman. But there are no signs of a crew, or indeed, of departures from this spell-bound ship. At last, however, attention is directed to a big packing case. This case, for the time being, affords no clue, but the mystery is deepened by the discovery of a large iron cage, broken open. Sir Peter Markham, who has been strangely moved, becomes terrified. He explains the reason. On the yacht he has found trace of a lady after whom his daughter Eve was named, to whom he was attached in early life, and who disappeared on the day fixed for their wedding. The trace is a portrait in a watch on a man's dressing-table. Knight undertakes to pursue investigation. Under table of saloon he sees a cork of a champagne bottle, and on the cork is a red spot. Were the passengers and crew poisoned? The red spot was a spot of blood. Knight continues his search, and turning the handle of the women's cabin, is dumb-founded to hear a sly, rustling sound on the other side.

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued).

Eve did not reply; but her father knew her silence was not a sign that she suikid, because, when he abruptly changed the subject, and talked about Tangier and Lord Waverley, she answered pleasantly, even laughing at one or two rather far-fetched jokes.

"How will she behave to Waverley, though?" Sir Peter asked himself, with some uneasiness, when the girl had left him. But he need not have been anxious. It was getting on towards 8 o'clock and dinner time when the Lily Maid reached Tangier, having been delayed more than twelve hours by the accident with the derelict. A telegram had been sent that morning to Lord Waverley from Gibraltar, however, and soon after the Lily Maid let go her anchor, Sir Peter knocked at the door of his daughter's state-room.

"Eve, are you ready?" he asked.
 "Lady Drayton and Waverley are coming out to us in a boat with another full of luggage, and they'll be on board in six or eight minutes."
 "I'm ready," said the girl, and opened the door.

It had been in Sir Peter's mind that she might have chosen to punish him by looking her worst for Dick Knight's rival, but she was exquisitely dressed. Perhaps she had been even prettier in her simple white frock the night before, but she was "smarter" now. Her hair was done differently, piled on top of her little head, instead of being coiled at the nape of the neck, as before, and altogether she seemed less the child and more the woman.

"You shall have some big engraved turquoises to wear with that blue gown to-morrow, if you like," said Sir Peter, "a belt and a necklace. We'll find beauties at Tangier. Waverley shall help us choose. He should be a good judge of that kind of thing." He slipped his hand under the girl's white arm, though she shrank from him slightly, and led her up on deck to the gangway, which was already being let down. "Here they are," he exclaimed. "See, they're waiting to us. H'm! Lady Drayton seems to be bringing two maids. One of them she must have picked up out here in the East, judging by the costume. Well, I suppose we can make room for her somehow."

As he spoke the four brown-faced Moorish women brought the first boat to the foot of the gangway. In it sat a pretty, petite woman in exceedingly fashionable half-mourning, and a very handsome fair young man, who rose up and waved his Panama hat to Eve and her father. Close behind was another boat containing a couple of Louis Vuitton's most elaborate boxes, a leather portmanteau, two or three bags, a valise, a French maid, and a statue-like form shrouded in the white "haïk" and veil of a Moorish or Arab woman of the middle class. As Eve bent over the rail to see Lady Drayton spring from the dancing boat to the lowest step of the gangway, the white, motionless figure in the second boat stole her attention away from the coming guest, and held it for an instant. From between the forehead-band and the yashmak a pair of sombre eyes looked out, and met Eve's. The Eastern woman could be only a maid, of course, as Sir Peter had said;

but, shrouded as she was in her white draperies, she was an impressive figure. No doubt, Eve told herself, it was the costume which gave an air of stateliness and mystery to a woman commonplace enough in herself; still, even while the girl greeted her guests, she thought of the white form seated with the dignity of a captive queen in the boat with the luggage.

"Well, what an adventure you have had!" exclaimed Lady Drayton, shaking hands with Sir Peter, and kissing Eve with enthusiasm. "That telegram you sent to Ian this morning was so exciting and some of the government people must have wired too, for the news about your derelict is all over Tangier. Everybody seems to be talking about it. It appears she called here only yesterday—ac least, she sent in a boat, and bought things; but no one knows anything about her; it's the most extraordinary mystery. Eve, dear, how sweet you are looking! And that reminds me, I have taken such a liberty. I hope I haven't done wrong. Sir Peter, to bring you a woman with some fascinating jewels for sale. I bought a ring from her this afternoon; and she had offers for all her best things. I was afraid that, if I waited to tell you about her, and trusted to your having the chance still in the morning, she might have nothing left worth buying; so when she suggested coming out to the yacht I brought her. The boat will wait and take her back. I hope you don't mind."

"On the contrary, I'm delighted," said Sir Peter. "I was just promising Eve something good in the way of jewellery. No doubt your protegee's jewels are much better than we could find in the shops. We thought you were bringing a Moorish maid on board."

As he spoke, the white figure came up the gangway, and once more Eve met the sombre eyes in the hidden face. They looked at the girl intently, as if they had a message for her, and her alone.

The veiled woman lingered in the background, when she had come on deck, as if—with the slow patience of the East—she could bide her time for the business which had brought her to the yacht. Lady Drayton chatted to Sir Peter, and Lord Waverley talked to Eve, and it was not until the maid and valet had been sent below and the luggage got out of the way, that the jewel seller's time came.

"Shall we look at her things?" Eve asked, rather shyly, fearing that, as hostess, she had not yet given enough attention to welcoming her guests.
 "Oh, please do," exclaimed Lady Drayton, who was always eager and excited, so much so that she "got upon the nerves" of some people. "It will soon be dinner-time, I suppose; but fat and I dressed at the hotel, luckily, so we've nothing to do, and I, for one, would love to help you choose."

Sir Peter beckoned to the woman, who stood mutely at a distance. "What jargon does she talk?" he inquired of Lady Drayton. "Has she a smattering of French?"
 "She speaks French very well," Waverley answered for his sister.
 "Good," said the millionaire; and in his best French, of which he was rather proud, he invited the veiled woman to follow them all below to the saloon, and display her wares. Without a word she obeyed, and presently was opening a quantity embroidered roll of chamois leather, in a space cleared for the purpose on a table.

The roll had three pockets, one in the centre, one on each side. From the first, the dark hand (like brown satin in contrast to the flowing white sleeve) took a string of pearls, large, white and glistening as dewdrops at sunrise. From one side pocket came a tiara consisting of three diamond suns, arranged to be separated if desired and worn as brooches or pendants; from the other a curious necklace of square engraved turquoises and gold scarabs, linked together with double strings of tiny emeralds and rubies. As the last was drawn from its resting-place something small and bright rolled out of the pocket and fell upon the floor. Quick as a flash of light the white figure stooped to recover it, but Eve had already picked it up, and was examining the thing curiously.

(To be continued.)

PLAYFUL CHILDREN.

What treasure on earth is more to be prized than a bright, active, healthy playful child? In homes where Baby's Own Tablets are used, you never find sickly, cross, sleepless children; if the little one is ill the Tablets will promptly make it well. Ask any mother who has used the Tablets and she will tell you that this is absolutely true—she will tell you the Tablets always do good, and never do harm. You can give them to a child just born with perfect safety, and they are equally as good for well grown children. Mrs. Mary J. Moore, Hopworth, Que., says: "My baby has never been sick since I began giving her Baby's Own Tablets. They are a real blessing to both mother and child, and I would not be without them." Don't let your child suffer, and don't do it with strong drugs or medicine containing opiates. Give Baby's Own Tablets which you can get from any druggist or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A curious phenomenon has been noticed in the tropics that can never be seen at higher latitudes. A mining shaft, at Sombrero, Mexico, is almost exactly on the Tropic of Cancer, and at noon on June 21st the sun shines at the bottom, lighting up the well for a vertical depth of eleven hundred feet or more.

MILITARY NEWS AND GOSSIP

There are probably few in these parts who follow the trend of hostilities in the Far East more closely than Lieut.-Col. English, commanding officer at Work Point. Unfortunately, however, the censorship conducted by the two powers directly engaged deprives him and others of the opportunity of studying the operations with the intimate familiarity only possible to military men. With the exception of a few facts which could not be concealed from the world, little indeed has leaked out and experts and critics of all countries realize that they are groping in the dark. Lieut.-Col. English, who keeps abreast of all the "war news" obtainable by the daily press both here and in the Old Country, says that after boiling down the mass of speculation, vague rumors, etc., there is very little left worth noting. In fact, he is as much in uncertainty as he was six weeks ago. One thing strikes him with considerable force, and that is the delay which is characterizing the movements of both land forces, no matter how much they are masked. In one of his lectures at the opening of the war he predicted that the land operations would come to a head in about six weeks' time, when a severe blow would be struck. This period has expired, with nothing to show but an out-post engagement. The colonel points out, however, that outsiders have failed to consider the conditions prevailing at the theatre of activity at the present time, if they know of them. The roads, especially in Northern Korea, are in a very bad condition, and progress is necessarily slow. He is inclined to expect an engagement at Feng Huang Chuan or Lion Yang before very long. There have been rumors, however, that the Russians will endeavor to strike a decisive blow at Harbin. Col. English says that if the Japanese expect a big battle to be fought there, it would account for the landing of troops at Possiet Bay on the coast. The distance between this place and Harbin is not so great and the roads are more favorable than the route via North Korea. Japan, the colonel says, must strike soon if she would win out. If Russia succeeds in bringing the Baltic fleet around to the Far East the Japanese will have the odds on sea greatly against them. There is only a chance, however, in favor of this move in the colonel's opinion. In the first place the Russians will have to take coilers with them, and coaling at sea is a trying task. In the second place it must be remembered that Russia has no other ports in the Far East which can afford shelter for her ships when they arrive. If Japan controls the sea she has the newly arrived squadron at her mercy. Another thing that puzzles the colonel is the attitude of the Japanese fleet in the Yellow sea. The Russian squadron, he notes, has emerged from Port Arthur but has failed to connect with Admiral Togo's fleet. The Russians have always reported that they went out to look for the enemy, but strangely enough they have been unable to find him. He does not believe the Japanese are afraid, but is inclined to the suspicion that the Russians first satisfy themselves that the coast is clear before venturing out.

A friend of J. Thompson, the local Japanese interpreter, writing from Kobe, Japan, on the conflict now in progress, says:

"With regard to the Russo-Jap war I think that there is only one issue, namely, that the Japs will come out victorious at the end. Look at the advantages they have if they can hold the command of the sea. They have docks in Sasebo, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and Hakodate (east coast) in which to repair any damages to their fleet, while the Russians have to depend entirely on Port Arthur and Vladivostok, and the latter port is ice-bound six months out of the year."

"The great thing is whether the Russians have as many troops in the Far East as they say they have (500,000). I don't believe it at all, and from what I have read and heard they have no more than 150,000 men in the field. If this is a fact the Japs will have it all their own way on land."

"The Siberian railway, on which the Russians depend so much, is a fiasco. It is too flimsily built, has only a single track, of 49 pound rails, which are much too light to stand any heavy traffic. Besides, the Japs know the country pretty well, having fought in it against the Chinese in 1905. So far everything has been in favor of the Japs, the battle of Chemulpo and three attacks on Port Arthur all being most successful."

"You should see the crowds of troops passing along here every day; one train load (about 10 cars) every hour just full of soldiers and officers. There is any amount of excitement along the line from the waterfront crossing until you reach the Higo. Crowds of officers wait anxiously for the trains with flags in order to give them a good 'banfai.' The lines are crossed across with thousands and thousands of flags and lanterns; it really looks a pretty sight, especially in the night time."

The following regimental order has been issued by Lieut.-Col. G. A. commanding the Fifth Regiment, C. A.:

Regimental Headquarters, Victoria, B. C., April 4th, 1904.

The following communication is published for information:

"From D. O. C. to O. C. 5th Regt. C. A.: 'Your application for a provisional school at Victoria has been authorized.'

"With regard to bonuses, they will be of two classes.

"For those obtaining 1st class certificates (O. p. c.):—Officers, \$50; N. C. O.'s and men, \$25."

"Second Class (50 p. c.):—Officers, \$40; N. C. O.'s and men, \$25."

"No bonus to be given unless the candidate qualifies for a higher rank than he holds at the time of joining the school. The course to be conducted in accordance with G. O. 1, 1904."

(Sd.) J. G. HOLMES, Col.

"D. O. C."

The following men having been attested, will be taken on the strength from the date hereafter mentioned and will assume the regimental number opposite their respective names: No. 36, Gr. James A. Rayner, April 5th; No. 34, Gr. Tom Bowness,



The Peasant Way.

Normandy Women Washing Clothes.

In olden days—the women of France pounded the dirt out of their clothes when they washed. Because they knew no better way of cleaning them.

They made the dirt drop out—to a certain extent—but ruined the clothes.

Scrubbing on the washboard is the same process of cleansing as this French way—it makes the dirt drop out. The harder you scrub, the more dirt you get out—and the more you tear your clothes and injure your health.

Now—the better way to clean clothes is with

SUNLIGHT SOAP

You simply soap the garments thoroughly and leave them to soak in lukewarm water. The alkali in the soap dissolves the grease in the clothes and liberates the dirt adhering to it. The acid part of the soap is not dissolved—the dirt adheres to it. When you rinse the clothes in clear, fresh, tepid water a half hour later all the dirt is carried away—partly dissolved by the alkali—and partly adhering to the undissolved acid soap. No injury to the clothes or hands because the alkalis and acids are evenly balanced—not too much of either. Absolutely no free or surplus alkali in Sunlight Soap.

No reason for you to scrub; you can of course if you want to, but with Sunlight Soap the cleansing process is all done by the soap. Just read the directions and try the "Sunlight" way.

BUY THE OCTAGON BAR



The Present Way.

April 6th; No. 106, Gr. Richard Lory, April 6th; No. 177, Gr. Harold L. Gray, April 6th. The following man having been granted his discharge, is struck off the strength: No. 213, Sergt. F. A. Fletcher, March 25th.

There will be a parade of Nos. 2 and 1 detail for Port Macaulay on Monday and Wednesday evenings, April 18th and 20th. Officers will see that their full details are present. Parade will be taken over by the officer commanding at 8.10.

Rifles may now be issued by the officers commanding companies giving an order on the Regimental Sergt.-Major, to be replaced by regular printed form as soon as ready.

The prize given by the O. C. for gallery practice matches has been won by No. 1 section of No. 1 Co., under C. S. M. Colquhoun, with a score of 487 points.

The officer commanding has been pleased to approve of the following promotion: To be Acting Tpr.-Sergt., Tpr. H. Earle.

By order.
 (Signed) D. B. MCCONNAN, Capt., Adjutant.

In the course of a conversation with a Times representative, Lieut.-Col. English dropped some interesting observations regarding the part played by ships in bringing about the capture of strongholds. He pointed out that history had shown that fortified positions, such as Port Arthur, for instance, were rarely if ever taken through naval activity alone. Their fate has been decided by land battles. Port Arthur was captured by the Japanese after a land battle; Wei

Hai Wei succumbed after a land struggle, while the victory of the British arms at the battle of the Plains of Abraham brought about the capitulation of Quebec.

The function of navies was not to fight forts but ships. The colonel consequently believes that if Port Arthur becomes Japanese property in the present war it will not be until after the telling blow is struck on land.

The first shoot of the Fifth Regiment association will probably be held next Saturday. It was the original intention to hold one to-day, but a postponement was considered advisable on account of repairs being in progress to the background of the Clover Point range. A new pavilion has been erected on the range for the accommodation of the rifle members, and will no doubt be found very convenient.

The High school cadet corps is in a prosperous condition. Instruction Sergt. Major Mulech states that every drill is well attended and that the boys are making splendid progress. Messrs. Sarison, Cobbett, Rockford and Macrae have been appointed corporals and the captaincy will probably be accepted by E. H. Russell. The former will be raised to the ranks of lieutenants and sergeants according to their ability and the vacancies filled from the ranks.

The annual inspection of the Fifth Regiment will be held on the 14th of May at Beacon Hill. Lieut.-Col. Eng-

lish will make the inspection. This is usually undertaken by Colonel Holmes, D. O. C.

It is announced that the annual mobilization of the Fifth and Sixth Regiments will be held here on the 19th of June. This will be during the time the local corps is in camp at Macaulay plains. The date that the Fifth will pitch tents for the summer outing will probably be decided at the next meeting of the officers' mess.

There is considerable discussion among members of the Fifth Regiment regarding the school of instruction inaugurated by Lord Dundonald. This, as has previously been mentioned, will be held in Ottawa early in the month of August. Up to the present no syllabus has been received here, but one is expected at an early date. As far as known the school will continue for twenty days and will be open to officers and non-commissioned officers. It is also understood that all expenses will be paid by the government and the regular soldier's allowance per day made according to the rank of the students. A number of the local volunteers are seriously discussing the advisability of attending.

"Some of the Canadian papers have been recalling the incidents of a visit paid by Admiral Alexieff in the Russian cruiser Alaska to Victoria, the capital of British Columbia, some years ago. He and his brother officers were entertained

at dinner by the Chief Justice of the province, Sir Matthew Begbie. The Admiral is said to have made a most favorable impression, but not so the officer who was in charge of the financial department of the Alaska, for it is added that "several bills for provisions purchased for the cruise remain unpaid to this day." If Russia were not otherwise engaged, we should have something to say about this!—Pall Mall Gazette.

King Christian yesterday celebrated his 86th birthday in excellent health. Congratulatory telegrams were received from all sovereigns.

NOTICE.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1886, CHAPTER 92.

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF WHARF AT THE PORT OF VICTORIA, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that, under and pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, Chapter 92, the undersigned, by petition dated this day, has applied to the Governor in Council for approval of the area plan and site of wharf and works proposed to be constructed on and over the foreshore and submerged lands adjoining or abutting on Lots 8 and 12, Lima Bay, Victoria, B. C. A plan of the said proposed works and a description by metes and bounds of the foreshore and submerged lands has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C.

Victoria, B. C., March 12th, 1904.

C. W. KIRK.

The Daily Use of
COWAN'S
 PERFECTION
COCOA

Ensures health and happiness. Made from the finest cocoa beans obtainable, without any admixture, it produces a beverage of delicious aroma and absolute purity.

PRESCRIPTIONS
In dispensing prescriptions we guarantee
Purity Accuracy Professional Skill
Let us fill your prescription.
JOHN COCHRANE
CHEMIST
N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

W. JONES,
Dominion Government Auctioneer,
CITY AUCTION MART
58 Broad Street,

W. JONES
Tel. 294. Dom. Govt. Auctioneer.

Auction Sale
Davies Bros.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Have received instructions from the HOPKINS CARRIAGE CO., LTD., to sell by

Public Auction
—AT THE—

Invertavish Nursery,

No. 9 Park road, on Monday, April 11th, 1904, at 2 p. m. Comprising:
3,000 GERANIUMS
2,000 DAHLIA ROOTS
200 PELARGONIUMS
200 HYDRANGEAS
25 LARGE PALMS
Terms cash.

P. J. DAVIES, Auctioneer.

HARDAKER.
AUCTIONEER

At Saterooms, 77-79 Douglas Street, With out Reserve.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13,
2 P. M.
A FINE LOT OF

Spring and Summer Suitings, Pantings, and Gents' Furnishings.

This will be a splendid chance of getting the making of a cheap suit.

W. T. Hardaker,
AUCTIONEER.

HARDAKER.
AUCTIONEER.

I am instructed to sell under Chattel Mortgage at

8 Carr Street, Cor Avalon Rd.

Monday, 11th April,
1904.

2 P. M.

Elegant and Costly Furniture, Excellent Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

Including: Uph. Mahogany Settee and Chairs, covered in Silk Tapestry; Capital Oak Centre Table; Mahogany Stool; Oak Chairs; Rattan Chairs; Splendid Lot of Pictures; Massive Polished Oak Sideboard; Excellent Oak Dining Extension Table; 10 Dozen Oak Dining Chairs; Pine Oak Hall Stand, with Borel Plate Mirror; Carved Oak Leather Covered Couch; Battlement Lace Curialine; Silk Portieres; Curialine Poles; Blinds; Axminster and Wilton Border Carpets; Rugs; Mats; Wilton Stair Carpet; Dining Set; Glassware; Inlaid Linoleum; Mahogany Chiffonier; Mahogany Washstand; Mahogany Dresser; Mahogany Bureau; Enamelled and Brass Double Bedsteads; Maple Bedroom Suite; Bed Springs; Perfect Top Mattress; Clipper Bedstead; Toilet Set; Blankets; Bed Linen; Feather Pillows; Nuggit Steel Range; Kitchen Table and Chairs; Cooking Utensils; Chaired Windsor; Electric Chandeliers, etc. Children and dogs not allowed on the premises.

W. T. Hardaker,
AUCTIONEER.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra today visited the Pines Ray Institute at Copenhagen, where there is a large number of American and British patients, who presented Her Majesty with a magnificent bouquet. The King ordered Sir Francis Tait, the physician-in-ordinary to His Majesty, to study the improvements made in order to apply them to the Ray Institute in London.

Windsor Grocery Company.

Opposite Post Office

Government St.

BISCUITS

Just received a choice selection of Christie, Brown & Co.'s Biscuits.

CONCLUSION OF THE TEACHERS' GATHERING

Number of Interesting Papers and Resolutions Marked the Final Day of the Convention.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, April 8.—The centre of interest in Thursday morning's proceedings of the Teachers' Institute was the discussion on entrance work, and, during the afternoon, a large number of resolutions demanded attention.

Mr. Gilechrist opened the discussion on the work of entrance classes. He stated that the limit in history was too extensive. The study of history generally, rather than the study of special periods, would be more advantageous to the majority of pupils who left school at too early an age to undertake the subject with thoroughness.

The holding of examinations semi-annually was deprecated by Mr. Tait, who followed. He contended that the course of study was overcrowded, and suggested that a special study of a limited period in history and geography, with a general view of the whole subject, might somewhat lessen the work.

Mr. Shaw, of Nanaimo, held a similar view as regards the extent of the course. The system of marking was also somewhat unsatisfactory. Mr. Connam followed. He said the curriculum was improving, and was at the present time much superior to that in existence some years ago. Since the general tendency was along progressive lines, teachers should be thankful rather than critical in regard to the department of education.

The system of examinations now prevailing was heartily supported by the next speaker, Miss Cameron. The curriculum, she pointed out, was overcrowded, but the difficulty in remedying the evil was to ascertain where a reduction could be made. She advocated an arrangement whereby topics could be allotted for each term. Such a course was followed in the elementary schools of Cambridge, and had proved most successful. Miss Cameron, without doubt, voiced the sentiments of a large number of teachers when stating that the matter submitted for drawing was not understood. Earnest efforts were being made to follow the course, and the results, considered good by those somewhat versed in the subject, received poor marks. To find the reason for such, and to improve the series of marks given, was indeed a most difficult task.

The course was also discussed by Messrs. J. G. Hands, Gillis McNeill, and Sullivan. The general impression received from this session, and the opinions expressed by teachers elsewhere, are almost convincing that the teachers themselves in the great majority of cases find the matter to be taught too extensive. A number, rather limited, find no difficulty in covering the work. However, if the majority, who must always be considered, find that they cannot undertake the course of subjects, it results naturally in that class of teaching known as "ramming," rather than intelligent work.

Miss Fraser's paper on "Literature of the IV. Reader" was not only well prepared, but well delivered. Its suggestions and recommendations appealed to all present. The remainder of the programme was carried out as stated before, each section discussing topics peculiar to itself. "Characteristics of Good Teaching" formed the subject of Mr. Burns's paper, which opened the afternoon's general session. After some criticisms on the above paper, L. F. Robertson presented an essay on "Education and Its Foes." Mr. Waddington contributed a vocal solo, which was heartily enjoyed. Resolutions occupied the remainder of the afternoon. Votes of thanks were passed to all who had contributed to the enjoyment and success of the Teachers' Institute. A resolution was adopted favoring the formation of some system whereby teachers in case of illness, accident, or old age, might receive some portion of their former salaries. Messrs. Tait and C. Shaw, in a motion to that effect, favored the formation of a teachers' union in British Columbia similar to the union of England and Wales. Certain rights and privileges belonging to teachers might thus be maintained if invaded from any source. In the opinion of the mover such a union would give to the profession a prestige which it does not now enjoy. Messrs. Sallaway, Clark and Supt. Robinson also spoke on the motion, which was finally lost.

The education department was requested to print and forward to the teachers copies of the proceedings of this institute. A recommendation in favor of the concentration of country schools where possible was passed. During the evening session musical selections were rendered by Miss Kirkland, Mrs. Thompson and Miss C. Macgregor. Mr. Buchanan, the ever popular favorite of the teachers, closed the meeting of the institute, the most successful and well attended one ever held in the province, with an energetic and able address.

EYES AND NOSE RAN WATER.—C. O. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and after using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in ten minutes." 50 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—17.

Wills' English Pills
The World's Famous Remedy for Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headaches.
No griping or bad after effects. Wills' English Pills reach the root of trouble and give a speedy cure. 25 cents per bottle at all drug stores, or from The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q.

JUDGE SPOKE HIGHLY OF VICTORIA DOGS

Mr. Davidson Gave Reasons for Awarding Victories to Local Canines —A Splendid Showing.

The Victoria Kennel Club show, which has been an unqualified success, will close this evening. There was a large attendance this forenoon, and crowds are expected tonight to admire the beautiful specimens of all classes of canine aristocracy on exhibition. The committee of management deserves every praise for the evident pains which were taken in making the necessary preparations. It was largely owing to this that the machinery of the show has been carried through without a hitch.

This morning Judge Davidson, who has had over thirty years' experience in judging, gave his reason for placing C. W. Minor's English setter bitch Zola Montes over Ch. Pera and Elmore, owned by J. Rippling, of Seattle. He had heard of the latter's dissatisfaction, and taking the canine in question had again subjected them to a thorough examination. "Zola is undisputedly superior," he remarked, "having a much finer head, being better sprung in the ribs and having a better foot and quarter than either Pera or Elmore. I consider that the Victoria dog was at all points."

Asked regarding his decision in placing T. P. McConnell's Count Rego over the much extolled Stylish Sergeant, also owned by Mr. Rippling, Mr. Davidson said that in this case also there was no comparison. Explaining his reason for awarding the former the blue ribbon he said: "Count Rego easily beats Stylish Sergeant. He is lower in the legs and 48 altogether superior from the shoulders back, having probably the finest back quarter and legs of any dog of the class yet shown on the Coast. His action also is magnificent. Stylish Sergeant's acknowledged strong point is his head, but I consider that the local canine fully equals him at this point."

Dealing with the specimens of the English setter-class shown here generally, he said that this exhibit without a doubt was the feature of the exhibition. Aside from the fact that there were a large number of entries, the quality, he said, was really splendid. "The winners in both dogs and bitches," he remarked, "are fit to show in any company."

Taking up other sporting classes, Mr. Davidson next referred to Gordon setters. He was loud in his praise of these dogs, although he expressed himself averse to bestowing too much flattery upon local fanciers. "I don't think you can find better dogs in America," he said. "They are all quite equal to the best shown in Eastern shows. I particularly wish to mention the dog which was put first in open class. This is the best specimen of a Gordon that I have seen in America. Taking the class as a whole, I may say that the Gordons here appear more active and less clumsy than those usually found upon the benches in the East." The dog Mr. Davidson mentioned specially is Don, owned by W. Winsby, of this city.

Irish setters were also of fine quality. The dog which captured first prize in open class—Mickey Green, owned by A. Fairfull, he described as a beautiful animal. "Did you notice it?" he remarked enthusiastically. "He has a fine glossy coat, a splendid set up body, and is remarkably well balanced throughout. The dog that took second prize (Ch. Hector) is also a good specimen, but is beginning to show signs of age."

Among other classes given special mention by Mr. Davidson were cockers and fox terriers. Both, he said, contained specimens of exceptional merit. Cockies were also particularly noticeable. He was enthusiastic over J. McIntosh's Prince, the cockie which captured the principal honors in his class. He said he was a most attractive dog and plainly superior to his opponents.

Mr. Davidson expects to leave for the East by the C. P. R. to-morrow evening.

THE MASTER MECHANIC'S PURE TAR SOAP heals and softens the skin, while promptly cleansing it of grease, oil, rust, etc. Invaluable for mechanics, farmers, sportsmen. Free Sample on receipt of 2c. for postage. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs., Montreal.

NEW YORK FIGHT.
Cripps, Australian Middleweight Champion, Defeats Williams, of New England.

(Associated Press.)
New York, April 9.—It is reported that Arthur Cripps, middleweight Australian champion, knocked out Joe Williams, of New England, here last night in a private club, not far from 42nd street and Broadway, Cripps winning in the second round.

According to the tip that was circulated among the club, for \$10 each, they might attend a "social function of the society for the encouragement of the physical progress." It is said that Williams was backed by Tom O'Rourke, who was one of his seconds, and that Charlie Mitchell, the English ring veteran, was there also.

Wills' English Pills
The World's Famous Remedy for Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headaches.
No griping or bad after effects. Wills' English Pills reach the root of trouble and give a speedy cure. 25 cents per bottle at all drug stores, or from The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q.

NASCO

The New Labor-Saving Soap

It washes everything, and produces wonderful results without endangering either the clothing or the skin.
It will lighten your spring cleaning.
A delightful toilet requisite
Can be obtained from all grocers in \$1 00, 50c. and 25c. packages.

PICKET KILLED.

Shot By Pressman Whom He Attacked and Died on the Way to Hospital.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Ill., April 9.—Another name has been added to the death roll that distinguishes the progress of Franklin Union labor war on the International Association of Pressmen. Roy Travis, an 18-year-old press-feeder, being assaulted by Franklin Union pickets, drew his revolver and fatally wounded Michael Boland early today. The latter died while on the way to the hospital.

Travis is employed by a firm of printers in Clinton street, and was returning from lunch when accosted by three pickets. He succeeded in getting past two of them, only to be attacked by Boland, and the shooting followed. Travis, who showed evidences of a severe beating, was arrested.

The strike of Franklin Union No. 4 of Press-feeders, has been marked by one previous killing, and nearly 100 assaults, some of which were marked by serious consequences, the victims being confined to hospitals for months. Scores of cases of intimidation were reported to the police, and nearly 300 arrests made.

JAPAN'S NEW SHIPS.

Two Vessels of 16,400 Tons Displacement Are Now Being Constructed.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 9.—The two new battleships ordered in England by Japan will be exceedingly powerful. Their length, 415 feet, will exceed that of the most powerful battleships of Britain by 20 feet. In order to meet the capacity of docking accommodations, the beam and draught have been fixed at 78 feet and 23 feet respectively. Each will have a displacement of 16,400 tons.

The main battery, it is stated, will be the most powerful yet devised, consisting for each of four 12-inch guns, four 10-inch and five 6-inch guns. The armor belt at the water-line will be nine inches thick, with 6-inch armor continuing to the level of the deck.

A new feature will be a superstructure of 4-inch armor insuring that no part of the upper works will be unprotected. Formal orders for these battleships were placed by Japan with Vickers, Maxim & Armstrong, on January 30th, the orders being to expedite their construction as speedily as possible. They were to be finished in the shortest time on record for ships of such dimensions. They are to have a speed of 19 knots, and will be able to discharge eleven tons of projectiles per minute from their main batteries.

In addition to the two battleships actually ordered, Japan is contemplating ordering two more vessels of that description to be built there.

LAKE TRADE.

Carriers' Association Will Deal Only With Captains as Individuals.

(Associated Press.)

Cleveland, O., April 9.—The members of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' Association will not treat with captains and members of the Masters and Pilots' Association, and will not make arrangements with them for the coming season through that association. The members of the executive committee have heard from the leading owners on the matter and they all want to deal with the captains as individuals.

PERSONAL.

A. E. Todd, of the firm of J. H. Todd & Sons, has returned from a European tour. He was in London at the time of the reception given there to the King of Italy, and saw many other sights of great interest. Mr. Todd spent some time in Eastern Canada on his return.

John Williamson Frank, son of John Frank, of this city, has successfully passed his final examination at the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, receiving honors in materia medica, pathology, physiology and anatomy.

J. Arthur Griffin, of Los Angeles, and Mrs. Griffin, are guests at the Vernon. Mr. Griffin is delighted with the city and climate. They are among the first of the tourists to arrive for this season.

H. W. Kent, general superintendent of the Burrard Inlet Telephone Company, and Capt. Bridgman, of Vancouver, are registered at the Driford.

L. H. Thurston, of London, Eng.; H. H. Dawson, of Toronto; I. W. Young, of Vancouver; and L. H. Hubbard, of Montreal, are guests at the Driford.

Miss Ester, of Sidney, is at the Vernon. C. W. Coules, of San Francisco, is a guest at the Vernon.

F. Lashbrook, of London, and H. Murray, of Yarmouth, two commercial men, are at the Vernon.

Rabbi Montague N. A. Cohen, of Tacoma, formerly of this city, is here on a visit.

C. Shaw, of New York, is a guest at the Driford.

Ada Sharples, of Port Townsend, is at the Driford.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper for widower or bachelor, by middle-aged widow; experienced; best of references. Address J. N., this office.

WANTED—Dressmaking by the day. Mrs. Black, corner Catherine and Skinner Sts.

WANTED—Canadian looking for good positions in the United States are always in demand. They occupy best positions everywhere. Register at once with us. We guarantee good choice list of over one thousand positions. Registration fee one dollar. International Commercial Agency, 50 New Street, New York.

WRITERS WANTED—To do copying at home. Easily learned by anyone. Earning fine new. Pleasant and profitable. Particulars free. Art Institute, Lima, Ohio, U. S. A.

WANTED—Immediately, timber limits, not less than 5000 acres, good quality and easy access to navigation. Apply Timber, Times Office.

FOR RENT—7 roomed house, central location, good sewage; \$10 per month. Apply to J. A. Douglas, 73 1/2 Government Street.

FOR LEASE—Modern residence, A1 position, handsomely furnished; lease for 1 year, \$30 per month. A. Williams & Co., Ltd., 104 Yates street.

FOR SALE—Good 6 roomed house, with both big barns, \$800 cash, balance on mortgage; 6 acres and cottage, \$2,000, or an offer. A. Williams & Co., Ltd., 104 Yates street.

FOR SALE—Business of first-class hotel, excellent trade, \$14,000; business of saloon and hotel, very good position, \$2,000; business of country hotel, doing good trade, \$1,500. A. Williams & Co., Ltd., 104 Yates street.

GOOD CANVASSEER or broker wanted; splendid proposition; large pay to right man. Apply at once, Business Times Office.

FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—En suite, with use of bath and entire use of kitchen, on ground floor, 120 Vancouver street.

ROOM AND BOARD—in private family, 73 Blanchard street, near Pandora street.

TO EXCHANGE—Wicker baby carriage, new condition, for second-hand bicycle. P. O. Drawer 645, Victoria.

MARRY—Wealth and Beauty—Marriage directory free. Pay when married. Entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 540, Tekonsha, Mich.

MRS. BUDDEN, teacher of the pianoforte; thorough tuition, pupils rapidly advanced. 85 Henry street, close to Fountain, Victoria.

CANON NEWTON'S "Twenty Years on the Saskatchewan" can be had (75 cents) at the Minkido and 54 Fort street. The Churchman says: "Will be found of consummate interest."

JNO. S. FIELDING, Hamilton, Ontario, consulting engineer. Specialty—Improved design of dams.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To run our rapid knitting machines at their homes, making work for us to sell the trade. No experience; no canvassing; steady work; good pay; write to-day; assistance no hindrance. Address Home Industrial Knitting Machine Co., Box 539, Windsor Ontario.

LOST—Lady's purse, between Pembroke street and park, containing \$10 bill and Mrs. Paxman's visiting cards, also return ticket to Vancouver. Please return to 65 Pembroke street and receive reward.

LOST—Fox terrier puppy, with black spot on head and back, no collar. Reward for its return to 12 Park road.

VICTORIA THEATRE
Wednesday, April 13th
John C. Fisher's Stupendous \$50,000 Production,
THE Silver Slipper

By the Author of Florodora.
With SAMUEL COLLINS and company of 124 artists. The sensational Champagne Dance.
Prices, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00; gallery, 50c.
Seats on sale Monday at Watt's Music Store.
FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on the 27th May, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twelve times per week each way, between Esquimaut and Victoria, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Victoria, Vancouver, West, Beaumont, and Esquimaut, and at this office.

E. B. FLETCHER,
Post Office Inspector,
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Victoria, B. C., 8th April, 1904.

Prepare Yourself For Business

If you want to enter business. We teach bookkeeping, Gregg shorthand and typewriting. Our school is the best school in the province at any price. Write for prospectus.

The Vogel Commercial College,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 18th day of April, 1904, for the purchase of lots 6 and 7, block 6, part of subdivisions 1 and 3, Oak Bay Estate, map 270, Victoria District, with dwelling house and barn. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

LEE & FRASER,

11 Trowace Avenue, Victoria, B. C., Agents for the Mortgagee.
Dated 6th April, 1904.

Money to Loan

At Lowest current rates, on approved security. Large and small amounts.

B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LD.,
40 GOVERNMENT STREET

WANTED

A good property, suitable for a chicken ranch and small farming, within easy reach of the city, for a client.

Pemberton & Son, 45 Fort St.

WILKINS & CO.'s

Celebrated English **Steel and Iron WIRE ROPES**

FOR LOGGING, MINING AND ENGINEERING PURPOSES

IN STOCK AND TO ORDER

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED
SOLE AGENTS. VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

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ROYAL BRAND

A large stock of Oiled Coats, Jackets, Pants, Hats and Aprons now in hand.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods VICTORIA, B. C.



India AND Ceylon Teas

The Best Value in the Market.

Hudson's Bay Co.,

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors,

And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to

THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.
MILL, OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 944.

Ho! Ho! For the Fishing Season

Our Tackle catches fish and holds customers. We have everything except the fish. Extra tips and joints made to order. At

FOX'S Sheffield Cutlery Store,
78 Government Street.

MARRIED.

WILKINSON-KELLY—At Vancouver, on April 5th, by Rev. A. W. McLeod, George E. Wilkinson and Miss Annie Kelly.

BLAIR-BRANSCOMBE—At Lulu Island, on April 6th, by Rev. W. M. Burton, Robert Blair and Miss Annie A. Branscombe.

DIED.

DWYER—At the family residence, No. 40 Pandem avenue, on the 8th instant, Joseph Dwyer, aged 84 years, and a native of Tipperary, Ireland.

The funeral will take place from above residence, on Monday at 9 a. m., and later from the Roman Catholic Cathedral. Friends please accept this intimation.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART

COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STS.

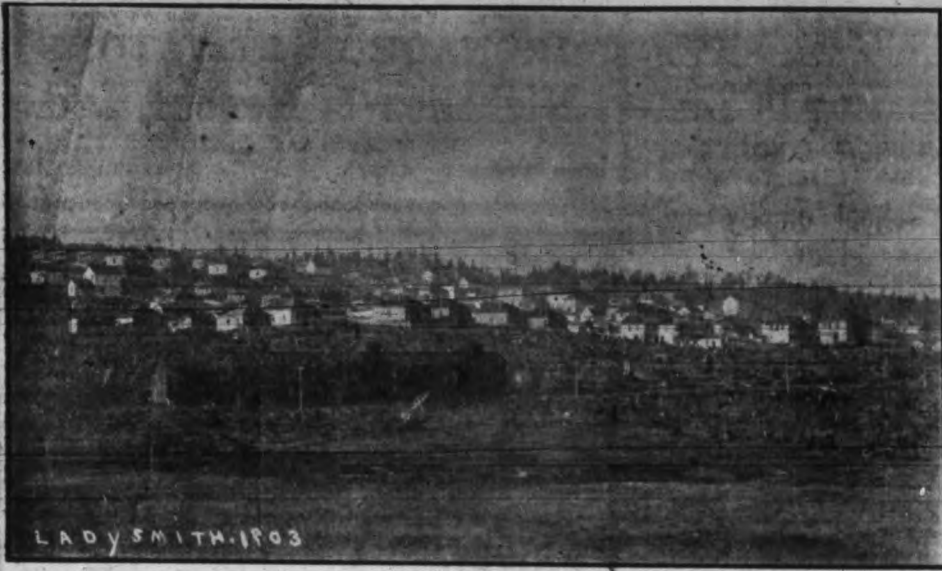
VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY APRIL 9, 1904.

Phenomenal
Growth of Oyster
Bay Town

THE CITY OF LADYSMITH

Its Varied
Resources and
Industries

BY H. F. PULLEN.



GENERAL VIEW OF LADYSMITH.

Named after the famous South African city of the same name, this town was born very soon after Gen. Whyte was repulsed and when the name was in everybody's mouth. There is little resemblance between the two places. The older city is situated on a treeless plain, far from the sea; the newer on a steep hillside surrounded on three sides by forest and on the fourth by the sea. Oyster Bay makes a splendid harbor for

smith; indeed it would be but a poor place were it not for the miners.

Adjoining the town is a smelter erected by the owners of the Tye copper mine at Mount Sicker. The ore is carried down the mountain side to the E. & N. railway by means of an aerial tramway. It is here loaded into cars and drawn to the roasting beds near the smelter. After the sulphur has been thus extracted the ore is hauled on a tramway to the blast furnace, where the copper, zinc and gold is separated from the slag or refuse. The metal now known as "matte" is shipped to Tacoma to be separated and refined. Many men are employed in this industry, thus adding to the activity of the town. A shingle mill completes the sum of the industries on which the town depends.

Of the town itself one cannot say very much. The whole hillside is covered with stumps except just where the houses stand. Where there is not a stump there is a mud-hole. This state of affairs, I am led to understand, is not to last long. The town is to be incorporated, and then we shall see the stumps lift themselves out of the ground, and the mud-holes fill themselves up. At present there is a population of nearly four thousand. One thousand of these are of school age, and eight hundred of them attend the public school, which is presided over by Principal Huggins, an acclimated Eastern man of good repute, both as pedagogue and citizen. The town and all its institutions are in a generally flourishing condition. Almost every known church and lodge has its representative here. Its newspaper is alive, and its hotels are full. The monthly pay roll amounts to seventy thousand dollars.

Travellers say that next to Vancouver no town on the coast is so busy as Ladysmith, and I believe them. It is so. They are seeking incorporation as a city. When the necessary order-in-council is obtained they will be able to spend their own money, and then we shall see!

It is the present intention of United States Secretary of State Hay to sign an arbitration treaty with France or any other country, as the administration thinks that the Senate would not ratify such a treaty.

FISH OUT OF WATER.

shipping, hence the existence of the town. It was founded by James Dunsinville as a shipping port for his Extension coal mines after being refused admission to Nanaimo both by the New Vancouver Coal Co. and the people of that town.

Immense coal bunkers and wharfs have been erected by the Wellington Colliery Co. for their own private use. A great washer separates the dirt from the small coal. The dust coal is then sent to the Comox coke ovens and the small nuts are used for steaming purposes. The amount of coal shipped here is greater than at any other point on the Gulf, Union Bay coming second and Nanaimo third.

Besides being the shipping port for the mines it is here that the miners all live. The authorities have decreed that no man shall be employed except he be a resident of the new town. Though many of the men object to this ruling it is undoubtedly to the advantage of Lad-

Many fish cut a huge butter figure out of water than we do in it, though we are accustomed to think of them as inhabitants of the water only. For instance, there is the "stare-about," a kind of goby that at ebb tide walks calmly up on the sand banks erect on two huge forefins. With his gigantic goggle eyes he keeps a sharp lookout for crabs and such things as are left behind by the receding water. Then we all know that eels can wriggle, snake-like, miles across the meadows to other ponds and rivers.

In Holland carp are kept all winter hung up in a net and sprinkled only occasionally with water. The Indian "snake-head" is quite happy even when his native pond dries up, and lies torpid till the next rainy season. The flying gurnard will keep ahead of an ocean liner going at full speed, and fly for many minutes in quick successive flights of 200 yards or so at a time.



ORE-TRAIN, LADYSMITH, LOADED WITH TYEE ORE.

JAPAN'S WARSHIPS.

Curiosity must often be felt among those unfamiliar with Japanese words and customs, about the names given to the ships of war and of commerce sailing under the flag of Japan, nor would such curiosity be trivial or unintelligent, wrote Sir Edwin Arnold. There is a great deal in titles and appellations, and by no means least of all as regards ships.

It is a foolish loss of fine opportunity to bestow upon a vessel of war a cognomen like too many which might be mentioned in more than one navy, absurdly lengthy, or stupidly unsuitable, or entirely out of harmony with the destiny of a battleship. Countries like Germany and Japan, not possessing naval traditions, have had a clean log-book to write on, and their choice of names for warships becomes for this reason interesting.

Japan especially, which does nothing without aiming at correctness and utility, was sure, one would say beforehand, to have christened her fighting squadrons with sagacious recognition of how very much may lie in a name; nor will this general opinion be gainsaid if we run over the list of the line of battleships and cruisers sailing under the standard of the Mikado, and notice how

and why their various appellations have been chosen. First of all, it should be borne in mind that a ship of war and a ship of commerce have their own special words in the Japanese tongue. The latter class, from the big ocean liner of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha to the little trader or roving junk going around the island, bears the appella-



MANAGER'S RESIDENCE, TYEE SMELTER.

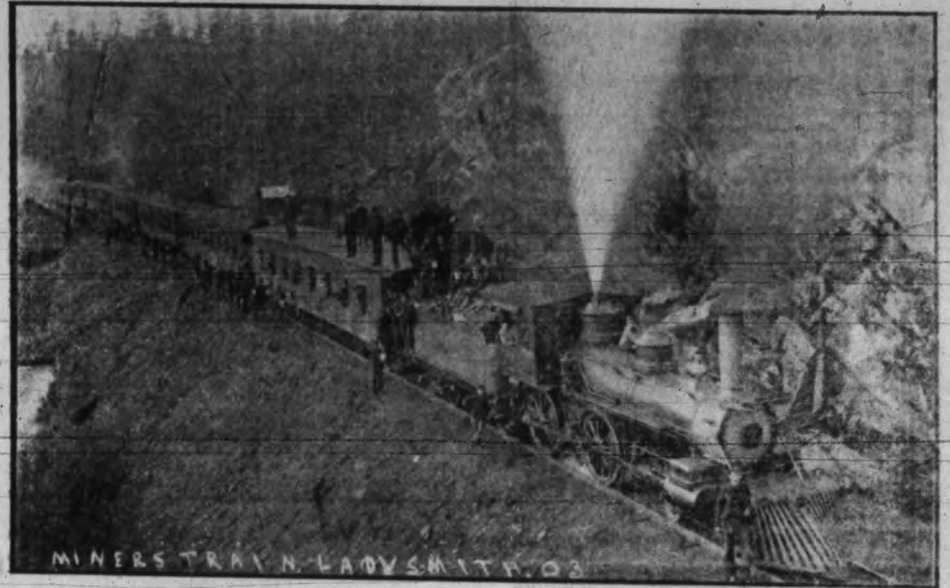
tion of Maru.

This word, which is also used for a sword, and for the white and red flag of the Empire, properly meaning a "circle," is always tacked on to passenger or trading craft, and so distinguishes them.

The word for a man-of-war, from the superb Mikasa or Fuji to the new cruisers is Gun-Kun.

Poetic Meaning.

But the Japanese drop the epithet,



MINERS TRAIN, LADYSMITH, FILLED WITH MEN, LEAVING FOR THE DAY'S WORK AT EXTENSION

not saying or writing "Mikasa Gun-Kun," but only Mikasa. What does this signify? Simply, it is the name of a lofty and famous mountain near Nara, in the Japanese province of Yamato, and means "the Ridge of the Three Hats," its summit wearing the shape of the umbrella-like headpiece which pilgrims carry.

Next comes to mind the Ashai. That signifies "The Morning Sun."

Shikishima is yet another synonym for the Land of the Rising Sun, frequently used in its poetry. I need not give much explanation of the title bestowed on the sister battleship Fuji.

In the name of Hiei, a first class cruiser, we come back to celebrated hills, since Hiei is an eminence near Kyoto, upon which stood a world-renowned monastery, containing thousands of priests, Shinto and Buddhist, whose religious discussions troubled the pages of Japanese history during many a restless chapter, while another fine cruiser of the Mikado's fleet bears the name of Kongo, the "diamond" hill in Kashiwa associated with the strong and splendid years of bygone dynasty.

One armored cruiser is called Iwate, from a fertile province, while Izumo brings to very Japanese mind the sacred spot where Susanoo-no-Mikoto alighted when expelled from heaven for his sins. Another armored ship is styled Yakumo, signifying great hanging clouds; and in the same class there is a vessel bearing the familiar title of Adzuma, the appellation of a whole district beyond Kake to the eastward.

And was it not so called because of Adzuma, faithful and famous wife of Yamatodakemo Mikoto?

Crossing the sea to lead his army, the hero was overtaken by a storm, in which he would have perished but for the devotion of his beautiful wife.

Noble Princess.

Believing that the God of the Sea had been incensed, and would not be pacified except by the loss of some life precious to Japan, she resolved to immolate herself in order to propitiate the deity, and therefore, wrapping her body in her robe of gold and scarlet, plunged

into the furious billows and was drowned. As she sank out of the reach of those who would have saved her, if possible, by the surrender of their own lives, the sea became almost immediately tranquil, and Yamatodakemo safely landed and defeated the enemies of his country. When the victory was gained the thought of his brave, devoted wife came back to his mind, and stretching out his hands towards the rising sun, whose rays would never again have power to gladden him, he cried aloud, "Oh, Adzuma! Adzuma!" Ever since then all those regions have borne the name made noble by this self-immolation of the Japanese princess, so that a ship of war may also very proudly bear it.

Two more cruisers of the same class have for their titles Asama and Tokiwa, the first in honor of an extinct volcano, near Karuzawa, and the second a word implying "unchangeable as

an evergreen"—in fact, very much such an epithet as our Indefatigable. The splendid pair which have just joined their great sisters bear the names of Nishina—that is, Progress—and Kasuga, which latter may refer to the very holy temple near Nara; but both were titles of ancient war junks.



TYEE SMELTER, LADYSMITH.

Among the twelve of the "protected" class you will observe Chitose, meaning a thousand years, a word of prosperity; Kasagi, a spot famous in Japanese history, belonging to Yamashiro; Takasago, a place much praised by poets for its exquisite scenery, on the sea coast, near Akashi; Akitsushima, a very notable appellation; for it signifies "the dragon fly," which is, by its shape, brilliant coloring and variety of character, the accepted badge of the whole archipelago, the islands of which upon the map swell out upwards and curve down southward, like the bended body of the toad.

Yoshino was always famous for its cherry blossoms and as the seat of government during many reigns; this, therefore, affords a very memorable name for the ship which carries it. Hashidate, a second class cruiser, takes her title as representing one of the three most superb landscapes in the country.



THE TYEE SMELTER, LADYSMITH.



TYEE SMELTER OFFICE, LADYSMITH.

The Kaiser and His Eldest Son

For several months past there have been signs of unusual nervousness among the Germans as a nation, signs of a tendency to pay undue heed to alarming rumors and fear the worst rather than hope for the best. Any chance report that Russia and Japan were looking at each other askance, or that Macedonia was waxing reckless, and they forthwith jumped to the conclusion that war was at hand; any announcement that the rulers of other lands were to meet, and they convinced themselves at once that some plot was being hatched against the Fatherland. And this was before there was any suspicion that all was not well with the Kaiser. Now, of course, the state of things is infinitely worse. Now men are going about in Berlin with anxious faces, and when they meet they talk as the veriest Jeremiahs, so sure are they that trouble is at hand. For let official journals say what they will, and doctors issue what bulletins they choose, the overwhelming majority of Germans have firmly made up their minds that the malady from which their Sovereign is suffering is one of extreme gravity. When first it became known that the Kaiser had undergone an operation, there was something very like a panic throughout Germany; and even now, when the nation has recovered from the shock it then received, all classes alike are sorely depressed—troubled as to what the future may have in store for them.

To understand the present state of feeling in Germany, it must be remembered that Kaiser Wilhelm is not only Kaiser, but chancellor, foreign minister, home minister, and every other minister in one. From the day he dismissed Prince Bismarck he has kept in his own hands practically the control of every department of the state. It is not so much that he is the head of the government, as that he is the government itself. Nothing can be done in any single department until he has been consulted; nay, it is he, as a rule, who makes the first suggestions as to what shall be done. An hour before he placed himself in the surgeons' hands, the other day, he was hard at work; and he was hard at work

course. This story, which was bandied about with many additions, made quite a sensation in Paris, where great sympathy was expressed for the love-stricken Prince. In Berlin, on the contrary, it excited hardly a remark; no one, indeed, seemed to care one whit whether it was true or not. And it is the same when rumors with regard to his marriage arise. So far as his future subjects are concerned, he might marry a Princess of Timbuctoo, so complete is their indifference with regard to him. Yet the Prince is by no means lacking in the qualities that, as a rule, secure popularity; for, although not perhaps brilliant, he is certainly above rather than below the average in intelligence, and he is good-natured and kindly in the extreme. But then he has the misfortune for him that is a real misfortune—to have a father who is a genius, and a brother who is, at any rate, many degrees nearer akin to the genius tribe than he himself is; and they overshadow him.

Soon after the Crown Prince came of age, considerable surprise was caused, even among diplomatists and officials, by the Kaiser's issuing a decree calling upon the chancellor and the other ministers to initiate Prince Henry of Prussia into the mysteries of statecraft, and to keep him informed concerning the course of political events. For, as all the world agreed, it was not Prince Henry, whose chance of ever ruling is practically nil, whom the ministers should teach how to rule, but the Crown Prince who, in the ordinary course of nature, must rule some day. And the fact of the Kaiser's deliberately passing over his own son in favor of his brother was much commented on at the time. It was even cited as a proof that there could be no great sympathy between himself and his eldest son, just as the other day the fact of the

again as soon as he was released from them. Before ever his subjects realized that there had been any operation at all, they were officially informed that His Majesty's chief of cabinet was rendering to him an account of the business of the state for the day, and receiving his orders for the morrow. It is a ghastly thought that, even at such a time as that, he could not take a rest. Probably he had no wish to take a rest; probably he preferred going through his ordinary routine of work. But supposing that the necessity for taking a rest had arisen, that he had been physically incapable even of listening to the reading of a report, what would have happened? This is a question Germans are now asking themselves, and not without anxiety. And the result is they are beginning to scan the Crown Prince as they have never scanned him before, and to manifest for the first time an interest both in his proceedings and his personality.

It is curious to note how very little is known in Germany concerning the Crown Prince. In certain circles in Berlin the theory is held that the Kaiser, being aware by personal experience how the heir to a crown may be used by the unscrupulous as a means of harrying the wearer of that crown, took precautions in early days to insure his son's being kept free from any temptation to play the role, during his lifetime, that he himself had played during the lifetime of Kaiser Frederick. Be this as it may, wittingly or unwittingly he has certainly contrived to keep him, so far as any rate, completely in the background; whenever the Prince takes part in a public function, the fact is emphasized that he takes part in it merely as his father's son. Until the other day, even in Berlin, no one was interested in him, no one seemed ever to give him a thought; and even at the present time he might walk about in the streets for the hour together without meeting any human being who would recognize him. When, only a few months ago, Herr Behel took him to task in the Reichstag for some indiscreet remark he had made, the members looked at one another in amazement, as if quite at a loss to understand why the Socialist leader should attach importance either to what he said or left unsaid!

The truth is, the Kaiser absorbs so much of the attention of his people that, in ordinary times, they have none left to bestow on the members of his family, not even on his eldest son. This was proved clearly when, some three years ago, a French journalist who had allowed his imagination to run riot published a thrilling account of a touching episode of which, as he declared, the Crown Prince was the hero. According to this journalist, the Prince had fallen madly in love; and his one wish was to renounce his claim on the crown that he might marry the lady he adored—an ineligible, of

when he heard that in South Germany there was some talk of a regency.

THE GROWING GIRL

Dr. Coleman's Advice Regarding Diet, Clothing, Exercise and Education.

The educational treatment of the girl from eight to fourteen formed the basis of Dr. W. S. Coleman's recent lecture before the Parents' National Educational Union, London.

Great importance, said the speaker, in the course of his remarks, must be paid to the diet of children between the periods named, the rate of growth during this time being very rapid. The most nourishing form of food he characterized as that made from substances having a reserve of energy. Corn, oats, peas, beans and fats are examples of these, sugar in a plain form



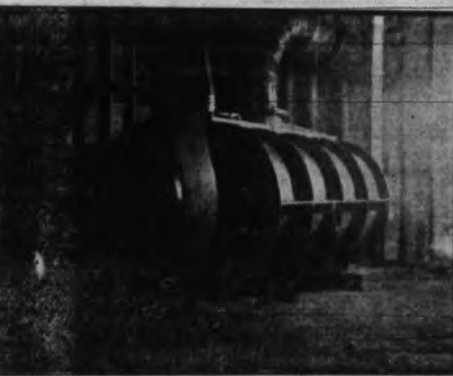
ROAST HEAP, TYEE SMELTER.

being also useful. Milk, eggs, bread, toast, porridge, with fats—such as in bacon, butter and cream—should form the staple articles of child diet. It is advisable, in Dr. Coleman's opinion, to give only a sparing quantity of buttermilk. The lecturer in this connection alluded to the fact of a juvenile diet including three meat meals a day, the developing child chiefly requiring nourishment of the cereal type. The importance of a daily consumption of green vegetables was also insisted upon by the speaker, who commended the practice of eating wholesome sweets, such as plain chocolate and barley sugar after a meal, whilst condemning the habit of sweet consumption in the middle of the day and at night.

Coming to the question of clothing, Dr. Coleman had some very practical remarks to offer, especially dwelling on the necessity for looseness in all articles of clothing worn by the growing child. The use of stiff stays he strongly deprecated, recommending in their place a band at the bottom of the blouse or upper garment, from which the clothing can be easily suspended. But in all cases, said the lecturer, it should be seen that stays when worn should be pervious, and of a washing material. Sandals for town use, together with the wearing of garters, also came in for Dr. Coleman's disapproval.

The supreme importance of daily exercise, taken in the form of recreation, was one of the chief points of the paper. All open-air games—such as with balls and rounders, together with, for the other children, hockey and kindred sports are, says Dr. Coleman, excellent; whilst indoor forms of exercise should include skipping, dancing and ball throwing—the last-named being admirable for the development of the chest. Walking, in the opinion of this authority, should occupy not less than half an hour twice daily. The maximum educational work of the child from eight to ten should not, in the speaker's view, exceed four hours daily, this time including the period devoted to drawing and music, six hours being the duration allotted to the child of from ten to fourteen. In both cases the lessons given should not be continuous, being judiciously broken up by exercise and recreation.

Lengthy musical practice for the growing child, it would appear, productive of more harm than good, thirty minutes to an hour being ample time for this form of employment, since the strained position involved is injurious to the spine when carried to undue lengths. And for this reason the lecturer also gave it as his opinion that no young girl should be allowed to learn two musical instruments



MACHINERY ROOM, TYEE SMELT. ER.

Crown Prince's riding in a race at the very time when the Kaiser was being operated on was cited as a proof that there could be no confidence between them. Evidently the Prince knew no more than the rest of the world concerning the state of his father's health, it was argued, otherwise he would hardly have chosen on that day to make his debut as a gentleman rider. He is not his father's favorite son; this is a point concerning which no one who has ever seen him and his younger brother, Eitel Fritz, with the Kaiser can have any doubt. His Majesty, indeed, does not take the trouble to conceal the fact that, of all his sons, the one on whom his heart is most set is Eitel Fritz. Still, he and the Crown Prince are quite good friends, only they look on life from such diametrically opposed standpoints that, let them do what they will, they get on each other's nerves sometimes, a fact that accounts, perhaps for the Kaiser's indignation

simultaneously. Competitive examinations and events got up for public display were also censured by the doctor. He also dwelt at length upon the evils of overwork and over-pressure, which are shown by each subject in a different way.

The growing girl, said the lecturer, in conclusion, should be thoroughly overhauled by the family doctor at least once in the year, in order that it may be seen whether her chest, spine and heart are in good working order, which plan is already followed, with very beneficial results, in some of the high schools.

In the course of some amateur theatricals at Salmar, in Hungary, a girl named Fischer, who was shot at in a murder scene, fell bleeding on the stage, and on examination proved to be dead. M. Iray, who represented the villain of the piece, had by mistake used a loaded revolver instead of blank cartridges.

SHAKE OFF THAT SPRING FEELING

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL DO IT NATURALLY AND WELL.

Cause and Cure of the Tired Feeling That Is Epidemic at This Season of the Year.

The spring is here. You can feel it in every part of your body. Your clothes are too heavy and though you are not sick, you are too tired to walk, too tired to work, yes, even too tired to eat.

It's that "spring feeling." Do you know the cause of it? No, all you want to know is how to get rid of it. Well, the explanation and the cure are alike simple.

In the winter you "get used" to the cold, you think. As a matter of fact it is the body that gets prepared. It puts on a fortification of extra tissue that keeps the cold out. In the spring time this tissue is thrown off by the body and if the system is all in good working order, the blood carries away the cast-off tissue, which is in turn filtered out of the blood by the kidneys, and expelled from the body.

This means extra work for the kidneys, and if they are at all tired or worn they fail in their work. The result is clogged circulation and that tired spring feeling.

The cure is to tone up the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills. Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys. Healthy kidneys quickly cleanse the blood of all impurities and the "spring feeling" is replaced with a vigor of body and buoyancy of spirit that makes work a pleasure.

QUEER MARINE CREATURE

Recently Caught Off Galveston, and Smithsonian Institution Asked to Classify It.

There is on exhibition in Galveston one of the queerest fish known to man, a creature of that form of life. It was caught by a sailor on one of the Gulf fisheries schooners off the banks of Campeche and brought to Galveston. The fish is about three feet long, a foot wide and weighs twenty-three pounds. It is the first of its kind seen in that section, and mariners who have travelled and fished all over the South Gulf of Mexico never saw anything like it. The description of it seems to include that of at least four other species of sea inhabitants.

The tail is very much like that of a jack fish, while the fins on the back are very similar to those of a tarpon. The first three bones of the back fin extend a great distance, and finally grow smaller into mere hairs. The scales are of the exact representation of those of the red snapper abounding in the waters near Galveston. The inside of the mouth has much of the formation of the mouth of a drum fish, but the exterior works on the plan of a telescope, and looks exactly like the snout of a pig. The mouth contains a large fleshy tongue, for all the world like the tongue of a human being.

The fish has two separate rows of teeth, approximately fifty in each of the jaws. From the upper jaw there extend downward three tusks on the order of the tusk of a boar in miniature, while from the lower jaw two or more of the teeth dove-tail into the openings left between those in the upper jaw.

The tusks are one inch in length. Over the gills a bony formation grows which very much resembles the formation of a part of the tail. Strangest perhaps of all is the color of the fish. The tail and back fin are black and white streaked, while the greatest part of the body is of the peculiar color of the red snapper. Just in front of the gills is a spot of yellow.

A number of authorities on fish have examined the strange creature which some of them declare is not a fish but a strange marine creature. The specimen is being preserved and a full description and picture of the fish have been forwarded to the Smithsonian Institution. Whether it is a freak of nature or a specimen of a new and unheard of fish none of the local authorities is willing to decide, but the majority is inclined to accept it as a new specimen, because it is perfectly formed, and because other fish resembling the one captured were seen in the neighborhood where this one was brought in, in very deep water.—New York Times.

TELEPHONE, THE GREATEST INVENTION OF ALL

An eminent electrician graphically says of the progress made in electrical science and invention during the past quarter of a century, that the greatest invention within, or without, this span is the telephone. The electric light is a priceless boon, the trolley car a great utility, wireless telegraphy a wonderful achievement; but the telephone is all these and a blessed benediction in human affairs as well. Its sublime simplicity, and marvelous adaptability transcend all comparisons in the domain of pure or applied science.

The extension of audible speech transmission from a stone's throw to a thousand miles, and with quicker infection, is a work unrivaled. The telephone is an ally of worry, an assuager of sorrow, a life saver, a deterrent of crime, an earnest of security and an indispensable commercial necessity. The world could better afford to go back to the "penny dip" and the stage coach than give up the telephone.

As to what the future holds, no man may say; but even though he explores the ambient clouds on a radium motor, with a searchlight for a rudder, the telephone invention will be secure in its peerless position.

The very latest and up-to-date switchboard has just been installed by our own telephone company in their new offices in the Bank of Montreal building. The workmanship is all Canadian, and the completeness and simplicity of the board is marvellous.

The manager, we are informed, will be glad to show subscribers or intending subscribers the plant and explain how "Central" works untiringly night and day to give satisfaction to all her clients.

Electrical hook bolts, for such ships as have electrical installations only, are being introduced into the navy.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE

Sewer Rental and Sewer Construction Tax.

Public notice is hereby given that under the provisions of "The Sewer By-Law, 1902," the roll for the year 1904, has been prepared and filed in my office, showing the owner of lands and real property fronting upon each branch, main, or common sewer, or drain laid in the city of Victoria, and showing the number of feet frontage of the land of each owner so fronting, and giving the name and address of each owner, and also giving the amount each one is assessed in respect to sewer rental and sewer connection tax, which are to be paid according to the said By-Law. Any person whose name appears therein may petition the Council in manner hereinafter mentioned, or any person dissatisfied with the number of feet frontage with which he is assessed upon such roll, whether upon ground that the measurement is incorrect, or that the land and real property are not liable to taxation or are inequitably assessed under the provisions of this By-Law, may, set later than the 1st day of April in each year petition the Council for an alteration in such roll, and shall state his grounds for requiring an alteration.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer and Collector, City Hall, Victoria, B. C.

An extension of the time by which petition of appeal as above may be received is granted until the 25th day of April A. D., 1904.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer and Collector.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE

The School Loan By-Law, 1904

The Point Ellice Bridge Loan Diverting By-Law, 1904

I hereby give notice that such of the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, as are entitled to vote on the By-Law for raising money upon the credit of the Municipality, are requested to attend at the polling place or places of the ward or wards of the said Municipality, at which they are so entitled to vote, on Thursday, the 1st day of April, 1904, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., and to record their votes for or against the passage of the School Loan By-Law, 1904, and the Point Ellice Bridge Loan Diverting By-Law, 1904, copies of which by-laws are published in the Victoria Daily Times, and copies thereof are posted up at the City Hall and at each of the polling places and in each Ward; and to take notice that the said by-laws will not be valid, or of any effect, unless the vote polled in favor thereof be at least three-fifths of the votes polled.

The polling places are as follows, viz.: For the North Ward, at room 9 of the Public Market building, Corner of Market street. For the Central Ward, at room 7 of the Public Market building, Corner of Market street. For the South Ward, at room 1 of the Public Market building, Corner of Market street. Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, this 2nd day of April, 1904. W. M. W. NATHANCOCK, Returning Officer.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Appropriation of Money Not Required for the Construction of the New Point Ellice Bridge to Other Purposes.

Whereas of the moneys borrowed under the authority of "The New Point Ellice Bridge Loan By-Law, 1901" (No. 375), it is estimated that there will remain in hand a surplus after the completion of the works amounting to approximately the sum of \$15,000.

And whereas it is desirable to divert the street car traffic over the Rock Bay bridge and to continue such traffic around Rock Bay, and for such purpose it is intended to form a continuation of Bay street on Rock Bay to connect with West street.

And whereas it is desirable to divert the above recited surplus moneys towards the cost of such extension of Bay street and to use the remainder of such surplus moneys towards the cost of completing the work of filling in the James Bay mud flats.

Now, therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. Out of any surplus moneys raised under the provisions of The Point Ellice Bridge Loan By-Law, 1901 (No. 375), it shall be lawful to divert a sum sufficient to defray the cost of making the continuation of Bay street on Rock Bay to West street, and to divert and apply the balance of the said surplus for completing the work now in progress of filling in the James Bay mud flats.

2. This By-Law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the Municipality in the manner provided for in the Municipal Classes Act.

This By-Law may for all purposes be cited as "The Point Ellice Bridge Loan Diverting By-Law, 1904."

Passed the Municipal Council the 28th day of March, 1904.

NOTICE. Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-Law, upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Corner of Market street, for the North, Central and South Wards, the poll for North Ward being in Room No. 9, the poll for Central Ward being in Room No. 7, and the poll for South Ward being in Room No. 1, on Thursday, the 14th day of April, 1904, that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., and that William Walter Northcott has been appointed the Returning Officer of the said vote.

WILLIAM J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., March 28, 1904.

INVESTIGATE

Our arrangement to build on easy terms. Let the rent buy your home. Modern machinery, and every convenience to do work at lowest possible rates.

MOORE & WHITTINGTON, CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS, PHONE AT70. 159 YATES ST.

Tents! Tents! Tents!

We rent tents cheaper than ever; new and second-hand. We have a large assortment of tents, bags and covers, all grades, sizes and prices. At the largest and best equipped all lot and tent factory in the city. Established 22 years.

125 GOVERNMENT ST., UP-STAIRS.

F. Jeune & Bros. Props.

PRACTICAL SAIL AND TENT MAKERS, VICTORIA, B. C.



Plumbing and Sewer Connections

If you want a first-class job of Sanitary Plumbing and Sewerage

Which will do credit to your home, call on the undersigned for a tender.

A. SHERET, WEL. 622. 102 FORT ST.

Garden Tools FOR SPRING

It is time to prepare for this work. We carry the best make of garden tools and agricultural machinery in the market. Call and inspect our

IRONAGE CULTIVATORS

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Sole Agents for B. C. Corner Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.

The Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

Savings Department

Capital and Reserves \$6,192,705
Total Assets \$25,100,000
General Banking Business Transacted.
Drafts and Letters of Credit Issued.
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The B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co.

Chas. Hayward, President. F. Cassell, Manager.



Orders attended to at any time. Night or Day. Charges very Reasonable. Show Rooms and Parlors: 53 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province. Telephone Nos. 48, 305, 404 or 504.

Northwestern Smelting & Refining Co.

Buyers of GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER ORES, MATTES, BULLION, FURNACE AND CYANIDE PRODUCTS.

Location of Works: Crofton, Vancouver Island, B. C.



The Consistency

Of our claims is acknowledged by all who are familiar with the output of our oven.

Superior Bread

Is made here because the ingredients are superior, the baker's superior, and the facilities of our bakehouse superior. It is always sweet, and has that nice nutty flavor so well liked by lovers of good bread.

LONDON AND VANCOUVER BAKERY, 73 FORT ST.

Phone A361. D. W. HANBURY, Prop.

\$30.00	The accompanying Vanguard watch movement, No. 12000000, embodies the following features of excellence to which special attention is drawn: 23 Diamond, Fine Ruby and Sapphire Jewels; Both Balance Pivots Running on Diamonds; Raised Gold Settings; Jewel Pin set without Shellac; Double Roller Escapement; Steel Escape Wheel; Exposed Pallets; Embossed Gold Patent Micrometric Regulator; Compensating Balance in Recess; Adjusted to Temperature, Isochronism and Five Positions; Tempered Steel Safety Barrel; Jewelled Main Wheel Bearings; Exposed Winding Wheels; Patent Breast Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Elaborately Finished Nickel Plates with Gold Lettering; Steel Parts Chamfered; Double Sunk Dial. The Vanguard is the finest \$30.00 watch movement in the world. Manufactured and Warranted by the American Waltham Watch Co., Waltham, Mass. To be obtained at	\$30.00
\$30.00	STODDART'S JEWELLERY STORE, VICTORIA, B. C.	\$30.00

Subscribe for the Times.

The Passing of a Great Politician

After a political career, embracing more than forty years, Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt is about to relinquish his seat in the British House of Commons, and retire into private life. Sir William is nearly 77 years old, an age at which even politicians begin to wear out, and that he is choosing the year of wisdom in planning to devote the remaining years of his life more fully to those intellectual pleasures which have been such a solace and delight to him cannot be disputed. The wonder is that he has clung for so long to his seat. Politics in the past ten years must have been gall and wormwood to him. Ever since Lord Rosebery, instead of Sir William Vernon Harcourt, was made the leader of the Liberal party in 1894, he must have

longed in 1851. Three years later he was called to the bar, and for several years travelled the circuit. While a fledgling lawyer his political career may be said to have begun. In 1859 it came to a head prematurely, and he was defeated in an election. In 1866 he was made a Queen's counsel, and was everywhere acknowledged to be one of the most brilliant of legal practitioners. Two years after this honor had been conferred on him he contested his riding of Oxford, and was successful. In 1869 Mr. Harcourt was appointed professor of international law at Cambridge, and in 1873 came to the knighthood with the position of solicitor-general in Mr. Gladstone's first administration. In 1880 he was made home secretary, but on go-



VICTORIA DOG SHOW—WANDER REVELLY.

Judge Davidson pronounced this fox terrier the best in the Victoria show. He was awarded the blue ribbon in limit and open classes as well. Among other noted canines, Mrs. J. J. Bostock, and carried off the principal honors last season. His windings at the show now in progress entitled Wander Revelly to a championship. He was bred by Geo. Florence, and was whelped on July 11th, 1903, by Saltsear Gambler and Saltsear Cheerful. He was bred by H. Wilkinson, of England, and was brought to America by Geo. Raper, the celebrated English judge, for the Wander Kennel, San Francisco. He was entered in the Victoria City Kennel Club's show April, 1903, and was successful in winning first prize in winners class, defeating all the crack dogs from California. Before coming to this country, Revelly captured the blue ribbon four times in Old Country shows. Mr. Florence was so attracted by his fine quality when on exhibition in Victoria that he purchased him at a high price.

felt that "the world was out of joint." Still he remained in politics, gradually facing into the background, and absenting himself more and more from the House, even on those occasions when his party needed so much his great abilities. It had been better for his own fame if he had resigned ten years ago, at the moment when his

Ancient Friend and Enemy triumphed over him. Had he done so the Liberals to-day might be calling for him to emulate Cicinnatus, and lead them on to victory. Now, as he prepares to bid farewell to the scene of his many triumphs and his few defeats, he neither arouses regret nor stirs affectionate memories. This passes a notable English politician.

It is safe to say of Sir William Vernon Harcourt that rarely has a man of such fine qualities withdrawn from the hurly-burly of public life, leaving behind him to few lasting monuments. To the question, "What has he done for the Empire, or for England?" his eulog-

ing back to his constituency for re-election was defeated. Thereupon the patriotic Mr. Pimms resigned from his Derby constituency, and handed over his seat to Sir William. A similar

Disconcerting Experience

was his in 1895, when he was beaten in the Midland county because of supporting the Veto Bill. Then it was Mr. Wormington, M. P. for Monmouth, who politely stood up, and ever since Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt has represented Monmouth.

Year-books tell little more about the veteran politician than is contained in the preceding paragraph. He was twice married, his first wife being a daughter of John Lathrop Motley, the distinguished American ambassador and historian. This marriage may account for the fact that Sir William is popular with the people of the United States, but it does not explain why he is not popular with the people of England. For one thing, he is not an approachable man. No one would dream of slapping him jovially on



VICTORIA DOG SHOW—HIS HIGHNESS.

Two magnificent specimens of the St. Bernard are being shown at the Victoria exhibition this year. They are Geo. Brownie's Rex and W. F. Hall's His Highness. When they entered the ring fanciers were aff of the opinion that the competition was going to be exceedingly close. This proved correct, for Judge Davidson took some time examining the competing dogs before rendering his decision. For the first time in the past two years His Highness had met his superior, and the blue ribbon was awarded to his opponent. This, however, does not, in Mr. Hall's opinion, settle the question, and it is expected that the two dogs will compete under different judges at all the shows under the auspices of the Pacific Kennel League.

the House leadership. Rosebery had been under-secretary when he was secretary of state, and a warm personal friendship had existed between them, but Rosebery abandoned Gladstone and Harcourt

ODD JAPANESE CUSTOMS.

Bells That Have no Tongues, and Houses no Chimneys.

Japanese ladies have been known to do without stockings to maintain the harmony between beautiful French slippers and magnificent French evening dresses. The Japanese do not kiss—if a Japanese girl knows how to kiss it shows the work of a foreign instructor; she does it as an accomplishment, not as an enjoyment.

The Japanese have no pens and ink, but they make a very good shift with a painting brush. The Japanese houses have no chimneys, and you are never warm enough until the house catches fire.

The Japanese have beef and no mutton; the Chinese have mutton and no beef. Japanese bells, like Japanese belles, have no tongues. Japanese snakes have no poison; Japanese music has no harmony.

The Japanese alphabet is not an alphabet, but a selection of 70 useful ideograms to dispense with the 30,000 ordinary use by the Chinese. Queer Things About Japan.

"Jack proposed to me this morning."

"Did you accept him?"

"Yes."

"Then your prophecy has come true?"

"What prophecy?"

"Why, last night you said Jack was foolish enough to do anything!"—Brooklyn Life.



VICTORIA DOG SHOW—VICTOR L.

This English setter has established a reputation in different shows all along the Coast. An accident, however, in which he lost the end of his tail, has handicapped him in all recent competitions. His owner, H. H. Jones, entered him in the show now in progress. Judge Davidson immediately noticed the defect, and although he admitted the dog and would probably have placed him first in limit class, he considered it his duty under the rules of the Pacific Coast association to disqualify him. Fanciers are of the opinion that under ordinary circumstances Victor L. would have risen to the highest places among the aristocratic canines of America.

WHAT GIRLS LIKE.

Somebody has lately been commenting on the fact that English women so seldom marry American men, though they make "ideal husbands." The reason is said to be because they lack manners, are business machines, and seldom know how to dress. There cannot be very much doubt about it that "manner" counts for much with the average girl. She likes to see a man do, and say, the right thing at the right moment, and, sad to relate, the one who triumphs in these ways is frequently preferred to the one of more sterling worth, who is lacking in this respect. The little courtesies mean so much to a woman that the more shallow are apt to place a higher value on the small politenesses they can see than on the big noble sacrifices that are less paraded to the world. But when a man can score in both directions, then is he indeed blessed.—Exchange.

The efficiency of an old lamp may be improved 25 to 40 per cent. by surrounding the lower part of the flame with a copper ring, to prevent loss of heat through convection.

Heart Disease

MOST SUDDEN AND DANGEROUS OF AILMENTS.

DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE RELIEVES IN 30 MINUTES.

Stealthily as a thief in the night, heart disease heralds its coming only by the deadly grip it lays upon its victims. If you have palpitation, short breath, smothering spells, or vertigo, do not delay the use of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure. It will relieve every case in 30 minutes and will radically cure ninety-five per cent. of those affected. It is a perfect remedy for nerves and stomach. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures all skin eruptions, 3c.



VICTORIA DOG SHOW—MINNESOTA JOE.

Probably no pointer is so widely known as is Minnesota Joe. He is one of the most perfect specimens of his class in America, and for years past has captured high honors under judges of international reputation. As usual, he swept everything before him at the local show, winning the blue ribbon in open class and also being placed first in winners class. Besides this, he captured the special offered for the best pointer in the show. In Vancouver, Minnesota Joe was put below Oregon Lad, a promising pointer. This, however, was generally considered a mistake, and it is thought that Judge Davidson has put the former in his right place. Minnesota Joe is owned by H. F. Ziegler, of The Dalles, Oregon.

Jetsam, Jokes and Jingles

A story was told at one of the clubs the other night by a well known physician. It was an experience he had in a country road with a negro driver who had trouble with a balky mule. Sam tried his best to move the obdurate beast, but it was no go. Finally, the physician happening by, Sam appealed to him for help, and he gave the mule a dose of medicine which fairly made him fly down the road.

"Hol' on dar, boss!" cried Sam. "What's dat gwine to cos' me?"

"Ten cents," said the doctor.

"Wall, yer better give me 20 cents' worth; I've got ter catch dat mule!"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

He—Good heavens, dear! The clock just struck 1, and I promised your mother I'd go at eleven hours yet.—Life.

"Edgar," shyly asked the maid, "would you be willing to omit the word 'obey' from the ceremony?"

"Why, of course," said the young man, clasping her a trifle closer, "you'd never live up to it, anyway."—Boston Globe.

He adopted the no-breakfast fad. He cut out the noon lunch for health's sake.

He walked ten miles a day for exercise. He abandoned tea drinking. He quit drinking coffee.

He stopped eating vegetables. He slept in the open air.

Now he rests in peace beneath the beautiful snow.—Petropolis Post.

Klappa—And who is your favorite author, Mrs. Softly?

Mrs. Softly—My husband.

Klappa—Pardon me—I didn't know he wrote.

Mrs. Softly—Oh, but he does, and so nicely—cheques—Town and Country.

The late Duke of York once remarked to Colonel W. at the mess of the 11th Regiment that the Colonel was uncommonly bald, and although a younger man than his

agent, the Colonel, who had been of very long standing in the service, and whose promotion had been by no means rapid, informed His Royal Highness that this could be easily accounted for.

"In what manner?" asked His Royal Highness, rather eagerly.

"By junior officers stepping over my head," Colonel W. replied.

The Duke was so pleased with the reply that the gallant Colonel obtained promotion in a few days afterwards.

"Ray," said the irate victim, "you advertised that the house was five minutes' walk from the station."

"Well," replied the agent, "as we said further on in the advertisement, it is all, and more than we claimed."

Dusty Dennis—Say, pard, what does the paper mean by "unspeakable Turk"? Gritty George—Why, dat's de guy dat invented de Turkish bath.

"I wonder why it is so rare for a man to marry his first love?" "Generally because a woman of thirty-five has too much sense to marry a kid of eighteen."

One Advantage—Knicker—Do you believe in a college education? Bocker—Yes; it teaches a boy's father how to take care of his money.—Life.

Johnny—Pa, the taxpayers are only the people who own properties, aren't they? Pa—No, my son; the real taxpayers are the people who rent the properties.

"Sappy looks bad." "Yes, he thinks he's going into a decline. He's worrying about himself a great deal." "The idea! What's the use in worrying over nothing?"

A conductor on a street car in Portland, Ore., reduced a noisy drunken man on his car to a state of decency in about the cleverest manner which has yet been reported. The man, who had been celebrating, was seated at the end of the car and staging lustily, in spite of the protests of the conductor and passengers. Finally the conductor grasped him firmly by the ear and the man collapsed in a heap. The conductor's other hand was on some part of the electrical arrangements of the car, and he had passed a heavy shock into the ear of the joyful one.

Lawley (expert shorthand reporter)—"I say, James, the boy from the newspaper office has called for the report of that lecture. Is it finished?"

James (to Lawley)—"All but a short sentence in the middle of it, and I can't, or the life of me make out from my notes what it is."

Lawley—"Oh, just put in 'great applause' and let it go."

James acts on the suggestion, and the lecture is sent for publication with the doctored part reading: "Friends, I will detain you but a few moments longer. (Great applause.)"

Whitcliffe—"Why do you always put 'dictated' at the top of your letters? I see you have no shorthand writer."

Fourbrieff—"Well, I'm rather a poor speller, you know."

His Line—Master of house (to applying butler)—Can you open a beer bottle neatly? Applicant—Um, not so very, sir. You see, I've lived mostly in champagne families.—Chicago News.

A Barbary Coast Restaurant.—Rev. James—Gentlemen—Some sausages—rather rare—and a cup of black coffee—very strong. Forty Ward (bellowing)—Raw puppy and an Oolong for snakes.—Ex.

The Brute—What are you thinking of, Mamie? Mamie—I am dreaming of my youth.

The Brute—I thought you had a far-away look in your eyes.—Princeton Tiger.

It is related that when Daniel Webster's market man had sold him for a long unpaid bill and got his money, he was so scared at his temerity that he stopped calling at the door for orders. Daniel asked him why one day, and the man confessed that he supposed Mr. Webster would never

trade with him again. "Oh," said Webster, "use me as often as you like, but, for pity sake, don't starve me."

It is often remarked that an unaccustomed traveler can get on pretty well if he keeps his eyes and ears open. A native of Ireland landed at Greenock, and wanted to take the train to Glasgow.

Never having been in a railroad station, he did not know how to get his ticket; but he saw a lady going in, and determined to follow her lead.

The lady went to the ticket box and, putting down her money, said: "Marshall, single."

Her ticket was duly handed to her, and she walked away.

Pat promptly plunked down his money and said: "Patrick Murphy, married."

"Really, Sir," said the Minister of State to King Henry VIII. "It is too bad the telephone isn't invented yet. What a grand exchange girl you would make."

"Indeed?" said the King. "And why, pray?" "Because," said the minister, with a smile, "you are such a bird at cutting people off."

"I wonder if there's been a funeral in that house?" "Why?" "Two women just came out crying." "Oh, it must be a wedding."

TELLS A TALE WITH A MORAL.

What Dyespepsia Did to Maurice Best Before He Found New Health in Dodd's Kidney Pills and Dodd's Dyespepsia Tablets.

Maurice Best, of Southern Harbor, Newfoundland, has given to the public a tale with a moral. Here it is:

"I was attacked with Dyespepsia and for eight years I was in continual misery. Sometimes I would go off in a faint and for ten or fifteen minutes be more dead than alive."

"Doctors could not cure and gave me but little help."

"Hearing of Dodd's Kidney Pills and Dodd's Dyespepsia Tablets I gave them a trial. The first two boxes I used gave me new life. I am using them now and feel myself a new man."

"I confess I owe my life to Dodd's Kidney Pills and Dodd's Dyespepsia Tablets."

The Moral—If you have Indigestion you are on the straight road for a life of misery. Your safety lies in turning aside and finding new health and strength in Dodd's Kidney Pills and Dodd's Dyespepsia Tablets.

"I think, sir," said Woodby Ritter, "you will find this the most realistic story novel I have ever examined." "H'm, yes," replied the editor, skimming through the pages of manuscript, "the dialogue appears about as dull as it could possibly be."—Philadelphia Press.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Ladies' Favorite. Is the only safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all cases of constipation. Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2.

No. 1—For ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known.

No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees stronger—three dollars per box.

Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and recommended by all druggists in the Dominion of Canada. Mailed to any address on receipt of price and four 2-cent postage stamps. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

No. 1 and 2 are sold in all Victoria drug stores.

Painless Dentistry

Dentistry in all its branches as fine as can be done in the world, and at a price free from the SLIGHTEST PAIN. Extracting, filling, fitting of crowns and bridges without pain or discomfort.

Examine work done at the West Dental Parlors and compare with any you have ever seen and then judge for yourself.

Painless, Artistic and Reliable

Are the Watchwords of Our Office.

Consultation and your teeth cleaned free. Full set, \$7.50; silver fillings, \$1.00 up; gold fillings, \$2.00 up; gold crowns, \$5.00. In fact, all operations as reasonable as our watchwords can make them.

Remember the address: The West Dental Parlors, 101 Government St., OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; evenings, from 7 to 8.30.

Business Change

The undersigned beg to inform the general public that they have purchased the business carried on by J. A. McNeil as

Livery, Sale and Boarding

Stables

100 JOHNSON STREET.

The new firm intend to restock the stables and carry a complete line of the best conveniences obtainable. All orders will receive prompt attention.

Cameron Bros.

E. J. CAMERON. J. A. CAMERON. TELEPHONE 993.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERAL LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,000x1,000 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$100 an acre.

Permittees may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2½ per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. Territories.—Excepting the Yukon Territory, mining claims generally are 100 feet square; in the Yukon Territory they are 60 feet square, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River and its tributaries, placer claims, the former being 100 feet square and extending between high and low water mark. The latter including bar diggings, hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. Territories.—Excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or river claims, except on small creeks or rivers, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate season.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within one season from the date of lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each additional five miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Sixteen miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years. The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark. The boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within one season from the date of lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each additional five miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of a mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate. The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet square, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet square, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Rent fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work may be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be declared absolutely by having a survey made, and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospecting, an area of 640 acres. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904.

JAMES A. SMART, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Equilibrium & Nanshan Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Comox District, on the East by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the E. & N. Railway Land Grant.

LEONARD H. SOLL, Land Commissioner.

NOTICE.

I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners at their next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell liquors by retail on the premises known as the Commercial Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Cormorant streets, in this city, to Alfred Ward.

W. H. STAFFORD, Victoria, B. C., March 25th, 1904.

St. Margaret's College, Toronto

A High Class Residential School for Girls

Miss GEORGE PRESTON, GEORGE PRESTON, M. A. Lady Principal. Miss C. E. PRESTON, M. A. Miss G. E. PRESTON, M. A.

Children's Corner



SCENES FROM CANADIAN HISTORY.

THE CONJURER.

When she reached home she at once placed the flower in water, and, being enchanted, it is alive at the present time, and as fresh as on the day when it was gathered.

He was the cleverest conjurer that ever lived. He was not the common sort of conjurer who pulls rabbits out of his mouth, and rabbits out of hats—but a great conjurer who could turn things into stone by simply breathing on them.

He lived in the days of the giants, and with some of them he was very friendly. The Wind Giants he knew very well. Two of them, North and East, he got on with, but he could not abide the other two, South and West, because, as he said, they got on his nerves.

North and East were very ill-tempered and cruel, whereas South and West were kind and affectionate.

West was rather given to weeping on the slightest provocation, and South was also rather easily moved to tears; but North and East were stern and cold, and the people were afraid of them, and all except the strongest and bravest stayed in their homes when these blustering brothers were abroad.

The conjurer often went out with them, but he never came near South and West, because they had a nasty habit of spoiling all his best conjuring tricks and undoing all the clever things he had done.

The people did not dislike the conjurer, but they objected very much to his friends. He himself was sometimes of a kindly and amusing disposition, and would make beautiful patterns and designs, and decorate the trees all round the country, so that they were obliged to admire his cleverness, and the amazing beauty of his handiwork, and were sometimes angry with South and West for coming along and spoiling it all.

Children delighted in the tricks of the conjurer, for he gave them playgrounds which they never could use except when he was there, and bricks with which they could build men and castles, and beautiful diamonds and jewels of dazzling whiteness, and they were sorry when he had to go because of South and West.

But the conjurer could be mischievous as well, for he would often stop up the pipes so that no one could get any water in the house, and then, when South and West came along and unstopped them, the people found that the conjurer had made holes in the pipes, so that all the water ran away, and the servants had a lot of trouble to mop up the mess.

The conjurer was a man who liked to have his own way, and one day he was talking to North and East, and saying how tired he was of the continual interference of South and West.

So North and East, who were very fond of him, agreed to blow as hard as they could, and as long as they could, and to blow South and West right away, so that the conjurer could have a good time.

The conjurer was very glad, and thanked them very much, and then they began. They blew and they blew and they blew, and poor South and West, who were blown out of England, and Ireland, all over the Atlantic, and the United States of America, until they were obliged to catch tight hold of the line (that's the Equator, that goes all round the middle of the world, to prevent it from coming to pieces, you know) and hang on to it with both hands to prevent themselves from being blown off the earth altogether.

So the conjurer had a good time, and he was so glad and happy that he decorated all the trees with lovely white jewels, and everyone said, "How beautiful!" and took photographs of the country and the conjurer's decorations. And North and East blew and blew for weeks and weeks, until they had no breath left and could not blow any more.

So South and West were at last able to get out of the line (their fingers had got quite stiff with hanging on so long) and they flew on their hands to warm them, and they swore to be revenged on North and East, and on the conjurer as well.

So they went to the Sun Giant, who was a friend of theirs, and asked him to help them. But he was very lazy, and never came out unless he was obliged, but preferred to get under the bed-clothes and go to sleep. He often does that, and it must be so, because you can hear him snoring sometimes. Some people say it's thunder, but that's because they don't know any better.

The lightning is when he hits his boots against the bottom of the bed. He goes to bed in his boots because he's so lazy. His boots have big nails in them, which make the sparks and flashes.

Well, they went to the Sun Giant and woke him up, and after a lot of persuasion they got him to help them, and this is what they did.

They got an Italian, whose name was Pigi, and they took him with them to the Sun Giant, and then they all started out, and the Sun Giant shone, and the Wind Giants blew, while Pigi grunted behind.

They found North and East fast asleep, and they blew them right away to the Pole before they were properly awake. They were very tired, you see, after their hard work. Then they took the conjurer, and gave him to Pigi, who put him into an ice-cream barrel, with a lot of microbes and cheap flavoring.

And there Pigi kept him ever since, and only lets him out in the winter—to have a run with his old friends North and East, whose manners, I am sorry to say, have not improved.

But Pigi has made his fortune and gone back to his native land, and left the business to his son, Pigi Junior, who still keeps the conjurer.

By the way, I forgot to tell you that the conjurer is now in front, but I expect you have guessed that already.

DEATH OR LUNACY seemed the only alternative for a well known and highly respected lady of Wingham, Ont., who had travelled over two continents in a vain search for a cure for nervous debility and dyspepsia. A friend recommended South American Nervine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and thereupon she wrote most glowing words of praise. "It has saved my life," said Jackson & Co., and Hall & Co.—20.

For bathing tired eyes salt and water is refreshing.

"IT HAS THE ENDORSEMENT"

of every physician who understands the nature of the growth and preparation of

CEYLON tea. No nerve-disturbing qualities. Black, Mixed or Natural Green.

Sold only in sealed lead packets. By all grocers.

A BY-LAW.

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow \$40,000 to Be Applied to School Purposes.

Whereas the Board of School Trustees, in pursuance of the provisions of section 37 of the Public School Act, have prepared and laid before the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria a detailed estimate of the sums required by them amounting to \$40,000, which sum is required to meet special or extraordinary expenses legally incurred by the said Board, viz: The purchase of a school site and erection and equipment of new school buildings in Victoria, West, and in the erection and equipment of a new school building in the central part of the city.

Whereas the Council have finally approved of the payment of the said estimated sum of \$40,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the said City of Victoria, and have given due notice to the Board of School Trustees.

And whereas the Secretary of the Board of School Trustees has made a written request to the Council to submit for the assent of the electors in the manner prescribed by section 38 of the Municipal Classes Act, a by-law authorizing the proposed expenditure and the raising of the money required to defray the same upon the credit of the Municipality.

And whereas it is intended to raise the said sum of \$40,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

And whereas the total amount required to be raised annually by rate for repaying the said debt and to cause all such sums for creating an annual sinking fund for paying the said debt within fifty years according to law, is \$1,850,000.

And whereas the whole rateable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the said City of Victoria, according to the last revised Assessment Roll for the year 1903, is \$14,105,352.50.

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 13-100ths of a mill on the dollar for paying the new debt and interest.

And whereas this By-Law may not be altered or repealed without the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Now, therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$40,000 currency or sterling money, at the rate of 4.50 per cent. per annum, to be repaid by the said Corporation, with interest, in such manner as may be determined by the Council.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of \$40,000 in currency or sterling money at the rate of 4.50 per cent. per annum, to be repaid by the said Corporation, with interest, in such manner as may be determined by the Council.

3. The said debentures shall bear the date of the day following the day of the making of this by-law, and shall be payable fifty years from the date of such date, either in the Dominion of Canada, Great Britain or the United States of America, as may be determined by the Council.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly at such place, either in the Dominion of Canada, Great Britain or the United States of America, as may be determined by the Council.

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made negotiable in such place, either in the Dominion of Canada, Great Britain or the United States of America, as may be determined by the Council.

6. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Corporation to cause the said debentures to be sold at a rate below par, and to authorize the Treasurer to pay out of the sums so raised by the sale of the said debentures all expenses connected with the preparation and lithographing of the debentures and coupons, or any discount or commission or other charges incident to the sale of the said debentures.

7. If deemed advisable by the Mayor, there shall in the said debentures be reserved to the Corporation the right upon any future consolidation of the debentures of the Corporation to substitute debentures of such consolidation secured upon the credit of the City generally. Such consolidated debentures shall contain the like covenants, conditions and restrictions as are contained in the debentures issued in pursuance of this by-law, and in each debenture issued hereunder, a clause conditioned for such substitution may be inserted.

8. For the purpose of raising annually the sum required for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their term, there shall be raised annually the sum of \$1,850,000, and for the purpose of creating the sinking fund aforesaid for the payment of the debt, at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of \$268,000.

9. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be levied and collected in each year a rate of 13-100ths of a mill on the dollar on all the rateable land and improvements in the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

10. This By-Law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner prescribed by section 38 of the Municipal Classes Act, and shall take effect on the day after the final passing thereof.

11. This By-Law may be cited as the "School Loan By-Law, 1904."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 28th day of March, 1904.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 48, TAKING EFFECT THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22.					
Northbound.	Southbound.		Northbound.	Sat., Sun. Arrived.	
Leave.	Daily.	Arrive.	Leave.	& Wed.	Arrived.
	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.
Victoria	8.00	10.40	Victoria	8.00	8.00
Shawigan Lake	10.30	10.40	Shawigan Lake	8.30	8.40
Duncan	11.00	10.40	Duncan	8.00	8.00
Ladysmith	11.37	10.45	Ladysmith	8.05	8.05
Nanaimo	12.40	8.00	Nanaimo	8.41	8.41
Ar. Wellington	12.53	Lv. 8.00	Wellington	Ar. 7.08	Lv. 8.00

THROUGH TICKETS TO CROFTON.

Via Westholme. Stage leaves Daily, connecting with north and southbound trains. Double stage service Saturdays, Sundays and Wednesdays, connecting with morning and afternoon trains. Fare from Victoria: Single, \$2; Return, \$3.

THROUGH TICKETS TO ALBERNI.

Stage leaves Nanaimo Tuesdays and Fridays, on arrival of train from Victoria. Fare from Victoria: Single, \$2; Return, \$3.

TEN TRIP COMMUTATION TICKETS VICTORIA TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE, ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

EXCURSION RATES in effect to all points, good going Saturday and Sunday, returning not later than Monday.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

And Soo Pacific Line
WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE

LOWEST RATES. BEST SERVICE.
To all points in Canada and the United States. The fastest and best equipped train crossing the continent.

Through route to Toronto, Mondays and Fridays.
For Montreal and Boston, Wednesdays. For St. Paul, daily.

CHINA AND JAPAN SAILINGS.
Empress of Japan

During the Winter THE WHITE PASS AND YUKON ROUTE.

Will keep up a continuous Mail, Passenger, Express and Freight Service between White Horse and Dawson in connection with the daily trains from and to Skagway and the ocean steamship lines between Skagway and Puget Sound, British Columbia and California ports.

For further particulars apply to the General Freight and Passenger Agent, MacKinnon Bldg., Vancouver, B. C.

EXCELLENT Train Service

BETWEEN CHICAGO, LONDON, HAMILTON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, QUEBEC, PORTLAND, BOSTON.

And the Principal Business Centers of Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces.

ALSO TO BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA, VIA NIAGARA FALLS.

For Time Tables, etc., address GEO. W. VAUX, Assistant General Passenger and Ticket Agent, 155 ADAMS ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

3-TRANSCONTINENTAL-3 TRAINS DAILY

WHEN GOING TO St. Paul, Chicago, New York or Eastern Canadian Points

TAKE THE Northern Pacific Railway, And Enjoy a Ride on the Famous North Coast Limited

This train is made up of Observation Cars, elegant New Ventilated Pullman and Tourist Sleepers, electric lighted and steam heated.

Ocean tickets on sale to all European points.

For further information apply to A. D. CHARLTON, C. E. LANG, A. G. P. A., Portland, Ore. General Agent, Victoria, B. C.

FOR San Francisco.

LEAVE VICTORIA, 7.30 P.M. City of Puebla, April 8, 23. Unstilla, April 13, 28.

Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

For South Eastern Alaska

LEAVE VICTORIA, 4 P. M. Cottage City, April 13, 28.

LEAVE SEATTLE, 9 A. M. Steamers City of Seattle and Humboldt, April 6, 11, 16, 21, 26.

Steamers connect at San Francisco with Company's steamers for ports in California, Mexico and Humboldt Bay.

For further information obtain folder. Right is reserved to change steamers or sailing dates.

TICKET OFFICES. VICTORIA, 96 Government and 61 Wharf Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4 New Montgomery St. C. D. DUNNAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, 10 Market St., San Francisco.

Are You Going East?

Then be sure your tickets read via the

North-Western Line

The only line now making UNION DEPOSIT connections at ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS with the through trains from the Pacific Coast.

THE SHORTEST LINE, THE FINEST TRAINS, THE LOWEST RATES, THE FASTEST TIME.

Between MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, CHICAGO, OMAHA, KANSAS CITY, AND ALL POINTS EAST.

For complete information, ask your local agent, or write F. W. PARKER, General Agent, 151 Yeater Way, Seattle.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

AND China Mutual Steam Navigation Co. (Limited).

Joint Service From Antwerp, London, Glasgow and Liverpool

TO—Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle and Tacoma

Steamers leave Birkenhead on or about March 2nd, April 2nd, April 30th, and every 25 days thereafter.

For further information apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Telephone 530, Victoria, B. C.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

THE DIRECT LINE To Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Grand Forks, St. Paul, Duluth, Chicago, Toronto, Montreal and all points East.

2-TRANSCONTINENTAL-2 TRAINS EAST DAILY.

New equipment, elegant dining and sleeping cars, vestibuled trains throughout. The Famous Buffet Car on train No. 4.

"THE FLYER," From Seattle daily at 7.30 p. m. Passengers leave Victoria daily (except Sunday) at 11 p. m., or daily (except Saturday) at 11 p. m.

For rates and all information call on or address S. G. YERKES, G. W. P. A., Seattle, Wash. K. J. BURNS, 75 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

FOR SEATTLE, PORT TOWNSEND

And Other Puget Sound Points. New STEAMER WHATCOM

Sails daily, except Sunday, at 7.30 p. m., calling at Port Angeles Saturdays.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO., 100 Government Street.

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S.S. VENTURA, for Auckland, Sydney, 2 p. m. Thursday, April 14.

S.S. MARIPOSA, for Tahiti, April 23, 11 a. m.

S.S. ALAMEDA, sails for Honolulu, Saturday, April 23, 11 a. m.

J. D. SPECKLE & BROK. CO., 100 Government St., San Francisco.

R. P. RITHE & CO. LTD., Victoria.

Famous Trains

The Southwest Limited Kansas City to Chicago. The Overland Limited to Chicago via Omaha, and The Pioneer Limited St. Paul to Chicago, run via the

Each route offers numerous attractions. The principal thing to insure a quick, comfortable trip East is to see that your tickets read via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

R. M. BOYD, Commercial Agent, 619 First Ave., Seattle, Wash.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Running. In 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Children's Corner



SCENES FROM CANADIAN HISTORY.

The Indians press about the hut where the martyr lies, his eyes upturned in prayer as though unconscious of the mocking savages and their chief, who is about to give the death-blow.

THE ENCHANTED WOOD.

A young maiden once lost her way in the midst of a deep wood.

As it grew dark she became very frightened, for the trees began to look like skeletons having skinny arms which mocked her, whilst once or twice she caught sight of the bright eyes of a serpent as it darted away into the thick undergrowth. The frogs, too, now that the sun had gone down, commenced to croak loudly, and in the distance the melancholy howling of an owl could be plainly heard. How heartily the maiden wished herself safe and snug in the little white bed at home, but alas, there seemed no hope of getting there that night, if ever at all. For the further she walked on the denser became the trees and bushes till at last they brushed her skirt, and it was impossible to proceed. A cruel thorn, too, caught her in passing, piercing her hand with its thorns. Three red drops of blood fell on to her white dress, and when the maiden saw this she sat down on the stump of an old oak tree and gave way to her despair.

An old gnome, who happened to be sitting on the branches of a neighboring tree, watched the distress of the maiden with great joy, and as he saw her tears fall thick and fast he hugged himself with glee. Presently, however, growing tired of this amusement, he slid down from his perch and approached the weeping maiden, who was as you may imagine—terribly frightened. For she caught sight of the little old man. For the beard of the dwarf swept the ground, whilst his eyes burned like red-hot coals. Round his waist he carried a pouch, which was filled with live birds which he intended to kill for dinner. The maiden was still more alarmed when this apparition said to her in an awful voice: "How dare you trespass in my woods?"

The trembling maiden sank to her knees as she said: "If you please, I did not know that I was doing wrong or that the wood belonged to you. I only came out to gather some blackberries for my grandmother's birthday, and I have lost my way. Will you please tell me how to get home?" she added in a very winning voice. But the dwarf was not to be so easily mollified.

"Indeed, I will not," he said, with a harsh laugh. "People who enter my forest must find their own way out. It takes them seven years to do it." And he chuckled heartily.

"Seven years?" cried the maiden. "Oh, I am sure you cannot mean that, dear Mr. Dwarf! You would not be so unkind. Please have a little pity on me, for I did not mean to offend you in coming here, and I would never have done so had I only known!"

"There is only one other chance for you," said the gnome, at length, "and that is to find the white rose which grows in the centre of this wood. If you succeed in doing this, and pluck the flower, your way will be instantly clear to you."

"But how am I to discover the centre of the wood in all this thickness of trees?" cried the unhappy maiden in bewilderment.

"I really can't tell you more about it," said the gnome testily; "all I can say is that if you don't, you will remain here for seven years." And, saying these words, he darted up a tree, swinging himself from branch to branch like a monkey, and disappearing into the darkness.

All that night the maiden did not dare to close her eyes in sleep. She lay on a bed of dead leaves, with which she covered herself, hardly venturing to breathe aloud, and listening to the various sounds around her. Now and again she would hear the hissing of a snake close by, and this would make her shiver with fear. Or a bat, in passing, would brush her with its cold, clammy wings. Sometimes, too, she would see a twinkling light before her, and this she knew to be the sparkling jewel each toad wears in its head. Then the will-o'-

the-wisp—bright as a comet—would flit by, or a night bird croak its song.

When daylight came again the maiden rose, fully determined to search for the white flower which was to bring her freedom. She tore her way through the thorns, scratching her face and hands in doing so, and tearing her beautiful long hair. All that morning she went on, thus, only to discover at midday that she had returned to the spot from whence she started.

Then she burst into tears, as she saw how hopeless her position was, and thought of the seven long years which must elapse before she gained her liberty. As she was sobbing thus bitterly a butterfly came along. Upon seeing a beautiful maiden so full of grief the good-natured insect at once stopped to inquire the cause.

"I have lost my way," replied the maiden, "and unless I succeed in finding the white rose which blossoms in the centre of this forest I am doomed to remain here for seven long years."

"Then dry your tears, fair child, for I am able to assist you," replied the butterfly, "and this I will do to show my gratitude for a kindness you once did to me."

"A kindness?" said the maiden in surprise. "You are mistaken, beautiful butterfly, for before this moment I do not remember ever having met you upon you."

"Nevertheless, what I say is true. Do you not recollect some time ago freeing a caterpillar from the cruel clutches of some village lady? You saved me from death and placed me upon a cool green shrub, where I remained in safety, and to-day I will rescue you in turn. So rise and follow me."

And so the now joyful maiden rose, and, following her, prepared to do as her deliverer commanded.

The butterfly made its way through many bushes and brambles, and as there was no pathway the maiden was compelled to follow. But this time she did not mind in the least, since at the end she was to secure the promised white rose.

For the whole day she traversed the forest in this fashion, and so eager was she to complete her task that she would not even stop to eat of the hard berries with which the wood abounded. At length the butterfly, which kept always in front, paused and said, "Maiden, I smell the rose not many yards from hence."

"Then let us be quick and gather it," rejoined the delighted maiden, "that I may be free to return to my grandmother."

So they went on, till at last they reached a high wall of hedge over which the butterfly easily made its way. But the maiden began to cry, saying, "Alas, I am not able to follow you, good insect. What, then, shall I do?"

"You must do your utmost to climb over," replied the butterfly. But although she tried hard, the maiden fell back each time, and at length she sat down in despair.

A raven who had been watching her attempts from the branches of a tall tree now hopped down to her side.

"Once upon a time you fed me from your window," it croaked, "and now I am going to reward you for your kindness. I know this wood well, and am acquainted with a spot of the hedge through which you would be able to crawl without difficulty. Follow me, I will show you the way."

So with many words of thanks the maiden tripped along till it arrived at the hole of which it spoke, and through this the girl crawled with ease. On the other side was the waiting butterfly, and close by stood the white rosebush in full blossom. Then the maiden darted eagerly forward, and plucked the first flower which came near to her hand. Immediately she had done this a loud clap of thunder resounded through the enchanted wood, this being succeeded by the next instant by intense darkness. When this had cleared away the maiden found herself standing on a small plain, and not far from her grandmother's cottage. In her hand she still held the magic

rose. When she reached home she at once placed the flower in water, and, being enchanted, it is alive at the present time, and as fresh as on the day when it was gathered.

THE CONJURER.

He was the cleverest conjurer that ever lived. He was not the common sort of conjurer who you see at parties—the conjurer who pulls ribbon out of his mouth, and rabbits out of hats—but a great conjurer who could turn things into stone by simply breathing on them.

He lived in the days of the giants, and with some of them he was very friendly. The Wind Giants he knew very well. Two of them, North and East, he got on with, but he could not abide the other two, South and West, because, as he said, they got on his nerves.

North and East were very ill-tempered and cruel, whereas South and West were kind and affectionate.

West was rather given to weeping on the slightest provocation, and South was also rather easily moved to tears; but North and East were stern and cold, and the people were afraid of them, and all except the strongest and bravest stayed in their homes when these blustering brothers were abroad.

The conjurer often went out with them, but he never came near South and West, because they had a nasty habit of spoiling all his best conjuring tricks and undoing all the clever things he had done.

The people did not dislike the conjurer, but they objected very much to his friends. He himself was sometimes of a kindly and amusing disposition, and would make beautiful patterns and designs, and decorate the trees all round the country, so that they were obliged to admire his cleverness, and the amazing beauty of his handiwork, and were sometimes angry with South and West for coming along and spoiling it all.

Children delighted in the tricks of the conjurer, for he gave them playgrounds which they never could use except when he was there, and bricks with which they could build men and castles, and beautiful diamonds and jewels of dazzling whiteness, and they were sorry when he had to go because of South and West.

But the conjurer could be mischievous as well, for he would often stop the pipes so that no one could get any water in the house, and then, when South and West came along and unstopped them, the people found that the conjurer had made holes in the pipes, so that all the water ran away, and the servants had a lot of trouble to mop up the mess. The conjurer was a man who liked to have his own way, and one day he was talking to North and East, and saying how tired he was of the continual interference of South and West.

So North and East, who were very fond of him, agreed to blow as hard as they could, and as long as they could, and to blow South and West right away, so that the conjurer could have a good time.

The conjurer was very glad, and thanked them very much, and then they began. They blew and they blew and they blew, and poor South had no chance, neither had poor West. They were blown out of England, and Ireland, all over the Atlantic, and the United States of America, until they were obliged to catch tight hold of the line (that's the Equator, that goes all round the middle of the world, to prevent it from coming to pieces, you know) and hang on to it with both hands to prevent themselves from being blown off the earth altogether.

So the conjurer had a good time, and he was so glad and happy that he decorated all the trees with lovely white jewels, and everyone said, "How beautiful!" and took photographs of the country and the conjurer's decorations. And North and East blew and blew for weeks and weeks, until they had no breath left and could not blow any more.

So South and West were at last able to let go of the line (their fingers had got quite stiff with hanging on so long), and they flew on their hands to warm them, and they swore to be revenged on North and East, and on the conjurer as well.

So they went to the Sun Giant, who was a friend of theirs, and asked him to help them. But he was very lazy, and never came out unless he was obliged, but preferred to get under the bed-clothes and go to sleep. He often does that, and it must be so, because you can hear him snoring sometimes. Some people say it's thunder, but that's because they don't know any better.

The lightning is when he hits his boots against the bottom rail of the bed. He goes to bed in his boots because he's so lazy. His boots have big nails in them, which make the sparks and flashes.

Well, they went to the Sun Giant and woke him up, and after a lot of persuasion they got him to help them, and this is what they did.

They got an Italian, whose name was Pigg, and they took him with them to the Sun Giant, and then they all started out, and the Sun Giant shone, and the Wind Giants blew, while Pigg grunted behind.

They found North and East fast asleep, and they blew them right away to the Pole before they were properly awake. They were very tired, you see, after their hard work. Then they took the conjurer, and gave him to Pigg, who put him into an ice-cream barrow, with a lot of microbes and cheap flavoured. And there Pigg kept him ever since, and only lets him out in the winter—to have a run with his old friends North and East, whose manners, I am sorry to say, have not improved.

But Pigg has made his fortune and gone back to his native land, and left the business to his son, Pigglet, who still keeps the conjurer.

By the way, I forgot to tell you that the conjurer's name is Frost, but I expect you have guessed that already.

DEATH OR LUNACY seemed the only alternative for a well known and highly respected lady of Wingham, Ont., who had travelled over two continents in a vain search for a cure for nervous debility and dyspepsia. A friend recommended South American Nervine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and her own written testimony closes with these words: "It has saved my life." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—20.

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of every physician who understands the nature of the growth and preparation of



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A BY-LAW.

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow \$40,000 to Be Applied to School Purposes.

Whereas the Board of School Trustees, in pursuance of the provisions of section 37 of the Public School Act, have prepared and laid before the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria a detailed estimate of the sums required by them amounting to \$40,000, which sum is required to meet special or extraordinary expenses legally incurred by the said Board, viz.: The purchase of a school site and erection and equipment of a new school building in Victoria West, and in the erection and equipment of a new school building in the central part of the city.

Whereas the Council have finally disapproved of the payment of the said estimate sum of \$40,000 out of the current year's revenue, and of such disapproval have given due notice to the Board of School Trustees.

The people did not dislike the conjurer, but they objected very much to his friends. He himself was sometimes of a kindly and amusing disposition, and would make beautiful patterns and designs, and decorate the trees all round the country, so that they were obliged to admire his cleverness, and the amazing beauty of his handiwork, and were sometimes angry with South and West for coming along and spoiling it all.

Children delighted in the tricks of the conjurer, for he gave them playgrounds which they never could use except when he was there, and bricks with which they could build men and castles, and beautiful diamonds and jewels of dazzling whiteness, and they were sorry when he had to go because of South and West.

But the conjurer could be mischievous as well, for he would often stop the pipes so that no one could get any water in the house, and then, when South and West came along and unstopped them, the people found that the conjurer had made holes in the pipes, so that all the water ran away, and the servants had a lot of trouble to mop up the mess. The conjurer was a man who liked to have his own way, and one day he was talking to North and East, and saying how tired he was of the continual interference of South and West.

So North and East, who were very fond of him, agreed to blow as hard as they could, and as long as they could, and to blow South and West right away, so that the conjurer could have a good time.

The conjurer was very glad, and thanked them very much, and then they began. They blew and they blew and they blew, and poor South had no chance, neither had poor West. They were blown out of England, and Ireland, all over the Atlantic, and the United States of America, until they were obliged to catch tight hold of the line (that's the Equator, that goes all round the middle of the world, to prevent it from coming to pieces, you know) and hang on to it with both hands to prevent themselves from being blown off the earth altogether.

So the conjurer had a good time, and he was so glad and happy that he decorated all the trees with lovely white jewels, and everyone said, "How beautiful!" and took photographs of the country and the conjurer's decorations. And North and East blew and blew for weeks and weeks, until they had no breath left and could not blow any more.

So South and West were at last able to let go of the line (their fingers had got quite stiff with hanging on so long), and they flew on their hands to warm them, and they swore to be revenged on North and East, and on the conjurer as well.

So they went to the Sun Giant, who was a friend of theirs, and asked him to help them. But he was very lazy, and never came out unless he was obliged, but preferred to get under the bed-clothes and go to sleep. He often does that, and it must be so, because you can hear him snoring sometimes. Some people say it's thunder, but that's because they don't know any better.

The lightning is when he hits his boots against the bottom rail of the bed. He goes to bed in his boots because he's so lazy. His boots have big nails in them, which make the sparks and flashes.

Well, they went to the Sun Giant and woke him up, and after a lot of persuasion they got him to help them, and this is what they did.

They got an Italian, whose name was Pigg, and they took him with them to the Sun Giant, and then they all started out, and the Sun Giant shone, and the Wind Giants blew, while Pigg grunted behind.

They found North and East fast asleep, and they blew them right away to the Pole before they were properly awake. They were very tired, you see, after their hard work. Then they took the conjurer, and gave him to Pigg, who put him into an ice-cream barrow, with a lot of microbes and cheap flavoured. And there Pigg kept him ever since, and only lets him out in the winter—to have a run with his old friends North and East, whose manners, I am sorry to say, have not improved.

But Pigg has made his fortune and gone back to his native land, and left the business to his son, Pigglet, who still keeps the conjurer.

By the way, I forgot to tell you that the conjurer's name is Frost, but I expect you have guessed that already.

DEATH OR LUNACY seemed the only alternative for a well known and highly respected lady of Wingham, Ont., who had travelled over two continents in a vain search for a cure for nervous debility and dyspepsia. A friend recommended South American Nervine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and her own written testimony closes with these words: "It has saved my life." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—20.

For bathing tired eyes salt and water is refreshing.

NOTICE.

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of the proposed By-Law, upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Corner of the City of Victoria, at 10 o'clock, for the North, Central and South Wards, the poll for North Ward being in Room No. 6, the poll for Central Ward being in Room No. 7, and the poll for South Ward being in Room No. 1, on Thursday, the 14th day of April, 1904, that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., and that William Walter Northcott has been appointed the Returning Officer of the said vote.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., March 31st, 1904.

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OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY FOR **Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.**

S.S. VENTURA for Auckland, Sydney, 2 p. m. Thursday, April 14. **S.S. MARIPOSA**, for Tahiti, April 23, 11 a. m. **S.S. ALAMEDA**, sails for Honolulu, Saturday, April 23, 11 a. m.

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ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 45, TAKING EFFECT THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20.

Northbound.	Daily.	Southbound.	Northbound.	St. Sun. Southbound.
Leave.	Arrive.	Leave.	Leave.	Arrive.
Victoria	8.00	12.00	Victoria	8.00
Shawigan Lake	10.20	10.40	Shawigan Lake	8.20
Duncan	11.00	10.02	Duncan	8.00
Ladysmith	11.07	9.10	Ladysmith	8.05
Nanaimo	12.40	8.20	Nanaimo	8.41
Ar. Wellington	12.58	Lv. 8.00	Wellington	Ar. 7.08

THROUGH TICKETS TO CROFTON.

Via Westholme. Stage leaves Daily, connecting with north and southbound trains. Double stage service Saturdays, Sundays and Wednesdays, connecting with morning and afternoon trains. Fare from Victoria: Single, \$2; Return, \$3.

THROUGH TICKETS VICTORIA TO ALBERNI. Stage leaves Nanaimo Tuesdays and Fridays, on arrival of train from Victoria. Fare from Victoria: Single, \$2; Return, \$3.

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CHINA AND JAPAN SAAILINGS. Empress of Japan April 11 **CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN SAAILINGS.** Aorangi April 29

ALASKA ROUTE. For Skagway. Princess May April 9 and 19 **SEATTLE ROUTE.** Princess Beatrice sails daily except Saturday at 11 p. m.

To Northern British Columbia way ports—Tos April 10 and 21 Danube April 14 and 23 To Westminster—Tuesday and Friday, 2 a. m.

To Alouah and way ports—1st, 7th, 14th, 20th each month, 11 p. m. To Quatsino and way ports—7th, 11 p. m. To Cape Scott and way ports—20th each month, 11 p. m.

For full particulars as to time, rates, etc., apply to **E. J. COYLE**, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B. C. **H. H. ARBOTT**, 86 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

Atlantic Steamship Sailings

St. John. Halifax. Iceland—Allan Line April 2 April 4 Bavarian—Allan Line April 9 April 11

Portland—Allan Line April 15 April 18 Pacific—Allan Line April 22 April 25 Lake Champlain—Can. Pac. April 2

Lake Erie—Can. Pac. April 16 Dominion—Dominion Line April 2 Southark—Dominion Line April 3

Canada—Dominion Line April 6 Arctic—White Star Line April 10 Oceanic—White Star Line April 13

Teutonic—White Star Line April 16 Celtic—White Star Line April 19 Etruria—Cunard Line April 20

Lucania—Cunard Line April 9 Umbria—Cunard Line April 19 Campania—Cunard Line April 23

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FOR San Francisco. LEAVE VICTORIA, 7.30 P. M. City of Puebla, April 8, 23. Unstilla, April 13, 28.